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Form 56-1 One Report ANNUAL REPORT

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<u>2022</u>

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited

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Message from the Board of Directors

The directors have the pleasure in presenting the Company and its subsidiaries' annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The year of 2022 was another challenge year. The COVID-19 pandemic remained a key volatility factor for the global and Thai economies throughout the year. However, the government decided to re-open the country and issued many stimulate packages, led the economic situation in Thailand began to improve toward the year. On the other hand, the war between Ukraine and Russia led to the extremely high levels of uncertainty around the world, affected the global energy price and global economy.

For the overall automobile industry, the total domestic new car sales have been recovered. The car sales in 2022 were 849,388 units, increased 11.9 percent from 759,119 units in 2021. This was the first time increasing since 2018 because of the economic recovery and an increase in consumer confidence. On the other hand, domestic truck sales slightly increased by 0.3 percent from 31,134 units in 2021 to 31,230 units in 2022 due to a slowdown of demand in transportation of the export sector.

In order to control the inflation rate and to reduce the interest rate gap between Thailand and USA, the Bank of Thailand has increased the policy interest rate for 3 times throughout the year from 0.5 percent to 1.25 percent.

Performance in 2022

Despite various difficulties during the year 2022, the Company has achieved continuous and satisfactory operating performance. In 2022 total disbursement increased 15.4 percent from 2021. Total assets at the end of 2022 were THB 69,149 million, increased 22.0 percent from 2021.

As of December 31, 2022, total liabilities were THB 58,894 million increasing 24.2 percent from 2021 to support the portfolio growth. The shareholders' equity was THB 10,255 million increasing 10.8 percent from 2021 resulting from an increase in the Company's profit.

From the continuing growth of portfolio in 2022, the total revenues were THB 5,624 million, increasing 27.4 percent from 2021. The total operating expenses were THB 2,392 million increasing 28.2 percent from 2021 mainly due to an increase in bad debt reserved expenses. Consequently, the total profit for the year 2022 was recorded at THB 1,512 million, increasing 25.7 percent from THB 1,203 million in 2021. The total portfolio in 2022 amounted to THB 67,605 million, increased 21.3 percent from 2021 mainly due to the growth of hire-purchase disbursement.

According to the high uncertainty and the effect from the COVID-19, the Company overall asset quality has dropped. NPLs ratio at the end of 2022 was 3.47 percent of total portfolio, increased from 2.71 percent in 2021. The allowance for expected credit loss to NPLs stood at 75.03 percent at the end of 2022.

In year 2022, The Company had the strong performance and continuing the strategy from 2021 to maintain as one of the leaders in commercial vehicle.

Corporate Governance & Corporate Social Responsibility

The Board of Directors has adhered to high corporate governance policy, corporate social responsibility, anti-corruption policy and business ethics policy to enhance efficiency, effectiveness and transparency and consistently supporting sustainable development.

The Company provides loan with the responsibility to social and environment to create long-lasting financial stability.

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The Company has continuously engaged in the social activities such as donating money to hospitals and the communities during the flood in Ubon Ratchathani, providing scholarships to students in universities and blood donation at Thai Red Cross Society.

In 2022, the Company has received 100 score from the AGM Assessment Program of Listed Companies organized by the "Securities and Exchange Commission" in conjunction with the Thai Investors Association. In addition, the Company has received the announcement of the "Very Good" status from the last 9 years for the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies 2022 published by the Thai Institute of Directors Association.

Additionally, the Company has received the Approval of certified membership of Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition against Corruption (CAC) from the Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition against Corruption Council.

Business Prospect and Strategy in 2023

The Board of Directors has approved the Company's business strategies, goals, and policies with the aim to operate business according to the principles of a Sustainability under good corporate governance principles, as well as appropriate risk and cost management.

The Company expects the year 2023 to be the year of steady economic recovery. Thai GDP in 2023 is forecasted to grow around 3.2 percent from 2022. Supported by the government's stimulus programs, domestic demand and consumption should gradually gain steam along with consumer confidence. Private investment could expand alongside with the government infrastructure projects. While the high level of household debt and the conflict between Russia and Ukraine could slow down the economic gains.

The domestic new car sales in 2023 are expected to increase to 900,000 units or growth 6.0 percent along with the economic recovery. The government mega infrastructure projects still drive the demand for construction vehicles, equipment and related transportation.

The Company continues to grow align with customer needs, our areas of expertise, and risk-management. The Company continuously improves process and services through the digital transformation around new technology adoption, digitalization and financial technology.

In 2023, the Company plans to expand the market by opening new branches in upcountry for better service to customer and strategic partners. The Company also continuously improves the high yield products with the asset quality control. In order to align with the responsible lending policy, the Company will provide financial service for the environmental friendly products such as Solar rooftop, assess credit considerations for ESG risks to safeguard against severe adverse impacts to society and environment.

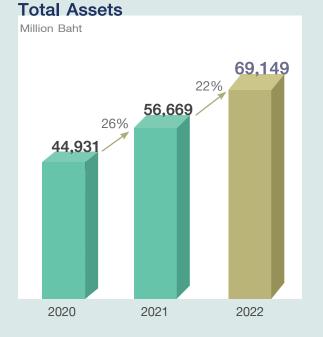
On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to express gratitude to shareholders, customers and business partners who have continuously entrusted and supported us. I would also like to thank management and employees for their dedicated knowledge and commitment to the Company, especially during one of the most difficult times.

I strongly believe that with our teamwork and professionalism, the Company can overcome any future obstacles and generate sustainable business performance for the years to come. We have prepared for new opportunities in the coming years and continue to create sustainable growth.

Tze Ting Jung

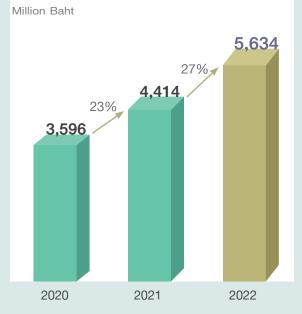
Yang, Tze-Ting Chairman of the Board of Directors

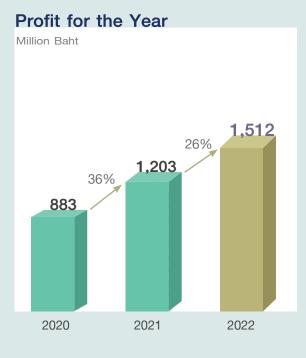




Total Shareholder' Equity Million Baht 9,255 11% 5,668 5,668 2020 2021 2022

Total Revenue











Part 1

Business Operation and Operating Results

1 Organizational structure and operation of the group of companies

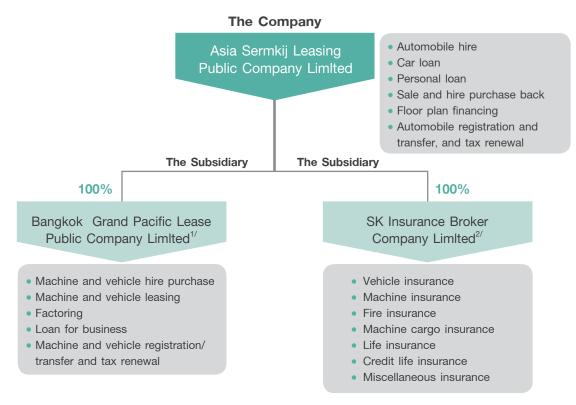
1.1 Policy and business overview

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited ("the Company") was established in Year 1984 by Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited Group to operate hire purchase business for all new car types of automobiles to its customers in Bangkok and metropolitan area. Subsequently the Company has expanded its business into used car hire purchase, personal loan, floor plan financing and sale and hire purchase back service (SHB Service) as well as other services such as auto registration, tax renewal and insurance services.

Currently, the Company operates 17 branches in Rayong, SamutSakhon, Phitsanulok, Chiang Rai, KhonKaen, UbonRatchathani, Lampang, NakhonRatchasima, UdonThani, Mukdahan, SaKaeo, Kanchanaburi, Nakhon Sawan, Chiang Mai, Surat Thani, Chonburi and Surat Thani provinces, and 2 hub in Bangkok which are Bang Kha and Bang Na

The Company has 2 subsidiaries, namely Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited ("BGPL") and SK Insurance Broker Company Limited ("SKIB").

As of December 31, 2022 the Company had registered and paid up capital of THB 2,639.22 million divided into 527.84 million ordinary shares at par value THB 5.00 per share with the right to vote for one share one vote.



Structure and Operation of the Group Company

Remark : ^{1/} The Company became a shareholder in Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Plc. in May 2004.

The SK Insurance Broker Company Limited was registered in Apirl 2017.

1.1.1 Overview of the vision, objectives, goals and business strategies of the Company

Business strategies of the Company

The company aims to cultivate an advantage from our capital strength and our well managed asset quality, as well as the business and financial support from our major shareholders. While the company's corporate strategy remains to focus in the commercial vehicle finance which is the segment that the company has long expertise and experience.

By seeing opportunities from the expansion of the Government's mega infrastructure projects together with the growth of the logistics and transportation industry through the expansion of exports and border trades, including the growth of e-commerce business, the company is capturing this growth through our company's branches with our country wide service coverage and our long-term good relationship with dealers.

In addition to the main strategy to provide the commercial vehicle finance above, the company also plans to increase the proportion of high-yield products in both used trucks and used cars segments and the car title loan.

Moreover, the company is expected the growth from our subsidiary company, the Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Co., Ltd., which is an expert in the SMEs Finance with its wide range of financial product varieties including hire-purchase and leasing for machines and vehicles, solar finance, and the commercial loan.

And the growth from the SK Insurance Broker Co., Ltd. from its business expansion in life and nonlife insurance brokerage businesses which the company is benefited from our larger customer base from the Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Co., Ltd. together with the mutual support from our insurance partners.

Lastly, the company aims to enhance our services and starts to transform the company toward the digital organization in order to continuously satisfy and promptly respond to the customers' need.

Long-term targets (3-5 years)

Financial targets

- 1. The disbursement grows by 2 digits every year.
- 2. Portfolio grows by 2 digits every year.
- 3. Non-performing loans to total lending (NPL ratio) less than 3 percent.
- 4. Cost to income ratio less than 30 percent.

Non-financial targets

- 1. Become and maintain leadership in commercial vehicle finance.
- 2. Expand branches to cover the whole country.
- 3. Provide products and services that cover all customer needs.
- Provide environmental friendly products and be a part of the environment conservation.
- 5. Become a digital organization and use information technology to improve services and business operations for the most efficiency.
- 6. Being an organization that operates business with responsibility and be able to generate sustainable profit.



The Company has a long-term business strategy by continuing to grow align with customer needs, our areas of expertise, and risk-management. The Company continuously improves process and services through the digital transformation around new technology adoption, digitalization and financial technology as well as responsible lending and financial services for environmentally friendly products.

Vision, Mission and Corporate Value

Vision

• The best financial services company in Thailand

Mission

- A supporting partner of our customers
- A driving force of economic success

Corporate Value

- Value Value innovation to create beneficial outcomes for all parties
- Growth Continuous learning to support sustainable operations
- Trust Respect-driven to reinforce a passion to serve

Slogan

Service with passion

1.1.2 Material changes and developments

Significant history and development of the Company are as follow;

1984	• Registered as a limited company with a registered capital of THB 10.00 million by issuing 0.10 million
	ordinary shares with a par value of THB 100.00 per share and fully paid up.
1991	• Opened the first branch in Rayong to expand the business and to provide services to customers in Rayong and nearby provinces.
1992	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited, whose main shareholders are Bangkok Bank
	Public Company Limited and Chailease Group from the Taiwan, which operated in hire purchase,
	leasing and factoring business, acquired 99.99% of the Company's ordinary shares
1994	• Expanded branch to Samut Sakhon to provide services to customers in Samut Sakhon and nearby
	provinces
1998	Started providing used automobile hire purchase.
2002	Converted to a public limited company
2003	Started providing floor plan loan.
2004	Changed the par value from THB 100.00 per share to THB 5.00 per share, resulting in the ordinary
	shares of the Company increasing to 85.60 million shares, totaling THB 428.00 million of registered
	and paid-up capital.
	Restructured the shareholding of the group of companies. The Company acquired 99.99% shares in
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited. As a result, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease
	Public Company Limited became a subsidiary of the Company.
	• Expanded branch to Phitsanulok to provide services to customers in Phitsanulok and nearby
	provinces.
	• Received approval from The Securities and Exchange Commission for offering 6.40 million ordinary
	shares to directors, executives and employees, which increased the company's paid-up capital to
	THB 460.00 million.
2005	• Received approval from The Securities and Exchange Commission for the public offering of 23.00
	million shares and the Company's paid-up capital increased to THB 575.00 million.
	• On August 25, 2005, the Company's ordinary shares were accepted to be listed in The Stock
	Exchange of Thailand and started trading for the first day.
2006	• Received approval from the shareholders' meeting for the issuance and offer for sale of the
	company's newly increased ordinary shares in the amount of 115.00 million shares and the allocation
	of the shares to the existing shareholders of the company in proportion to their shareholding (Right
	Offering), as a result, in the registered and paid-up capital increased to THB 1,150.00 million.
2012	• Received approval from the shareholders' meeting for the issuance and offer for sale of the
	company's newly increased ordinary shares in the amount of 115.00 million shares and the allocation
	of the shares to the existing shareholders of the company in proportion to their shareholding (Right
	Offering), as a result, in the registered and paid-up capital increased to THB 1,725.00 million.
2013	• Expanded 3 branches in Chiang Rai, Khon Kaen, and Ubon Ratchathani.
2014	• Increase the registered capital in the amount of THB 34.50 million by issuing 6.90 million ordinary
	shares for stock dividend payment. As a result, the company had a registered capital of THB 1,759.50
	million and a paid-up capital of THB 1,759.48 million.
	• Expanded 3 branches in Lampang, Nakhon Ratchasima, and Udon Thani.



2015	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited, the Subsidiary, started providing loans for business.
2016	• Expanded 2 branches in Mukdahan, and Sa Kaeo.
2017	• Established subsidiary, SK Insurance Broker Company Limited ("SKIB"), to operate in insurance
	brokerage business with a registered capital of THB 10,000,000, divided into 1,000,000 ordinary
	shares with a par value of THB 10.00 per share, with the company holding 99.80% of the shares.
	Expanded branch to Kanchanaburi.
2018	• Expanded 2 branches in Nakhon Sawan, and Chiang Mai.
2019	Expanded branch to Surat Thani.
2020	• The Subsidiary, SK Insurance Broker Co., Ltd., has obtained a life insurance broker license.
	• Expanding branches to Chonburi and Songkhla.
2021	• Received approval from the shareholders' meeting for the issuance and offer for sale of the
	company's newly increased ordinary shares in the amount of 175.95 million shares and the allocation
	of the shares to the existing shareholders of the company in proportion to their shareholding (Right
	Offering), as a result, in the registered and paid-up capital increased to THB 2,639.22 million.
2022	Received Credit Rating "A" from Fitch Ratings (Thailand) Limited
	Opened Bang Khae hub

1.1.3 Fund raising and fund using progress

The Company and its subsidiaries have used all raising funds in accordance with objectives.

1.1.4 Obligation to securities offering

- None -

1.1.5 General information about the Company

Company Name	:	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
Head Office	:	Sathorn City Tower, 24 th Floor, 175 South Sathorn Road,
		Thungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok 10120
		Tel. 0-2679-6226, 0-2679-6262 Fax. 0-2679-6241-3
Homepage	:	www.ask.co.th
Company registration number	:	0107546000393
Type of business	:	The main business is automobile hire purchase loans.
Number of shares issued and fully paid	:	527,843,640 Ordinary shares (As at December 31, 2022)
Par value	:	5 Baht per share
Credit Rating	:	A (tha) Stable outlook (Rated by Fitch Ratings (Thailand) Limited
		on August 18, 2022)

1.2 Nature of Business

1.2.1 Income structure

Revenue Structure of the Company and its Subsidiaries

During the Year of 2020 - 2022, revenue structure of the Company and its subsidiaries can be classified by the types of businesses as follows:

Type of Business	Operated by	2020		2021		2022	
		THB Million	percent	THB Million	percent	THB Million	percent
Hire purchase	The Company and BGPL	2,990.23	83.17	3,411.45	77.28	4,316.34	76.75
Leasing	BGPL	49.22	1.37	64.43	1.46	80.77	1.43
Loan	The Company and BGPL	271.16	7.54	455.81	10.33	617.77	10.99
Factoring	BGPL	9.41	0.26	3.39	0.08	2.75	0.05
Insurance Broker	The Company and	262.58	7.30	468.96	10.62	593.67	10.56
	its subsidiaries						
Other item 1/	The Company and	13.01	0.36	10.34	0.23	12.30	0.22
	its subsidiaries						
Total		3,595.61	100.00	4,414.38	100.00	5,623.60	100.00

Source : Consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited for the Year 2020 - 2022 audited by certified public accountant.

Remark : ^{1/} Other item includes not allocated other income.

1.2.2 Product information

(1) Characteristics of products and services

Business operation of the group company can be classified into 6 main categories, i.e. 1) Automobile hire purchase business 2) Machinery, equipment and vehicle leasing / hire purchase business 3) Factoring business 4) Loan business 5) Insurance Brokers business and 6) Other services including auto registration and transfers and tax renewal service. Details are as follows:

1. Automobile Hire Purchase Business

The Company offers automobile hire purchase, mainly to individual customers, for both new and used automobile, including passenger and commercial car such as pickup, van, truck, taxi and mini bus, etc. Majority of the Company's customers are in Bangkok and metropolitan area followed by customers in the Central and Northeast. The Company is a founding member of Thai Hire Purchase Association which one of the Company's management is a director of such association. In addition, the Company is a member of the National Credit Bureau Co., Ltd.



2. Machinery, Equipment and Vehicle Leasing / Hire Purchase Business

The Subsidiary (Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Plc.) has commenced its leasing and hire purchase businesses since Year 1989 primarily to corporate customers. The leasing credit includes financial lease. The majority of the business operators utilizing services of the subsidiary are situated in Bangkok and metropolitan area. The subsidiary focuses on providing service to small and medium size enterprises in industries with potential such as Electrical Products and Computer, Vehicles and Parts, and Services. Assets under leasing and hire purchase agreement include machinery, equipment and vehicle. Leased and hire-purchased machinery of the subsidiary consists of both new and used machines, particularly durable and liquid machinery whose technology does not change rapidly. Leased and hire-purchased vehicles include various types of both new and used vehicles, i.e. pickup, van and truck, etc. Currently the subsidiary has started providing loan for solar cell equipment. Currently the subsidiary is a member of Thailand Leasing Association.

3. Factoring Business

The Subsidiary (Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Plc.) has commenced its factoring business since Year 1999 mainly to the small and medium size corporate customers with good operating performance, strong financial status and repayment ability in the industries with growth potential and the need of short-term working capital. Target customers of the the subsidiary for factoring include business operators in Electrical Products, Chemicals and Plastics, and Packaging. Factoring service can be divided into 2 main areas as follows;

- Domestic factoring, a purchase of claiming rights to collect payment from receivables of products and service providers whose business counterparts (purchasers) are domestic entities.
- International factoring, the subsidiary acts as intermediary in the coordination with the import factor of the oversea importer, business counterpart of the domestic exporter. It also verifies the status of the importer through import factor and provides debt guarantee to the exporter in case where the foreign importer fails to make payment for goods and service after 90 days from the due date. In lieu of the foreign importer, the import factor will make payment to the subsidiary to be further forwarded to the exporter for its goods and services.

4. Loan Business

The Company and its subsidiary (Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Plc.) provide other financing services such as personal loan, sale and hire purchase back, floor plan financing. Personal loan is a special service offered only to the good customers in need of cash. The Company has commenced personal loan service since Year 2002.

Since late 2003, the Company has commenced its floor plan financing service to auto dealers as a source of fund for auto purchasing for resale to enhance their liquidity. The Company provides such financial support on a selective basis only to auto dealers who referred hire purchase customers to the Company. In addition, the Company started sale and hire purchase back service (SHB service) which credit to person who is the owner of the car for enhance working capital needs.

5. Insurance Brokers Business

The Company and its subsidiary also provide insurance facilitation services to auto hire purchase customers and general customers. Mainly operated by SK insurance Brokers Company Limited, insurance services include:

- Vehicle insurance e.g. voluntary and compulsory motor insurance (CMI)
- Machine insurance
- Fire insurance
- Marine and cargo insurance
- Life insurance
- Credit Life Insurance
- Miscellaneous insurance e.g. personal accident insurance, third party liability insurance

6. Other Services

The Company and its subsidiary also provide other services to auto hire purchase customers including auto registrations and transfers and tax renewal etc. in order to provide full service to the customers.

(2) Marketing and competition

In 2022, the economic situation in Thailand began to improve due to the re-opening of the country. Private consumption and private investment increased by 5.7 percent and 4.5 percent, respectively. Gross domestic product (GDP) grew by 2.6 percent from 1.6 percent in 2021. As a result, the overall automobile industry began to recover, the total domestic new car sales have been recovered. The car sales in 2022 were 849,388 units, increased 11.9 percent from 759,119 units in 2021. This was the first time increasing since 2018 because of the economic recovery and an increase in consumer confidence. On the other hand, domestic truck sales slightly increased by 0.3 percent from 31,134 units in 2021 to 31,230 units in 2022 due to a slowdown of demand in transportation of the export sector. The competition in 2022 has been more intense from competitors who are hire-purchase companies, the Captive Finance and banks.

(3) Procurement of products and services

The Company and its subsidiaries' sources of fund are from shareholders' equity, borrowing from Thai and foreign banks, and debenture issuance both short term and long term.

_	As at December 31,						
Туре	2020		2021		2022		
	THB Million	percent	THB Million	percent	THB Million	percent	
Short-term loans from banks ^{1/}	5,030.00	13.33	4,280.00	9.51	500.00	0.89	
Short-term debentures ^{2/}	-	-	499.98	1.11	-	-	
Bill of exchange	8,801.88	23.33	4,686.95	10.42	10,500.34	18.71	
Short-term borrowings	13,831.88	36.66	9,466.93	21.04	11,000.34	19.60	
Long-term loans from banks ^{3/}	16,724.13	44.33	23,951.83	53.23	28,915.23	51.52	
Long-term debentures ^{4/}	7,171.51	19.01	11,574.47	25.73	16,207.22	28.88	
Long-term borrowings	23,895.64	63.34	35,526.30	78.96	45,122.45	80.40	
Total borrowings	37,727.52	100.00	44,993.23	100.00	56,122.79	100.00	

Source : Audited 2020 - 2022 consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited.

Remark : ^{1/} Short-term loans from bank consist of short-term loans from banks and short-term loans from related party - exclude current portion.

- ^{2/} Short-term debentures exclude current portion.
- ³⁷ Long-term loans from bank consist of long-term loans from banks and long-term loans from related party include current portion.
- ^{4/} Long-term debentures include current portion.



(Million Baht)

Major sources of fund of the Company and its subsidiary are loans from banks and debentures. The loans from bank accounted for 57.66 percent, 62.75 percent and 52.41 percent of total borrowing of the Company and its subsidiary in 2020 - 2022 respectively. While debentures accounted for 19.01 percent, 26.84 percent and 28.88 percent of total borrowing of the Company and its subsidiary in 2020 - 2022 respectively.

Considering the liquidity, the Company and its subsidiary have long-term borrowings to short-term borrowings at the end of 2020 - 2022 equal to 63:37, 79:21 and 80:20. The Company and its subsidiary's policy is to use more long-term borrowings to protect liquidity risk.

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Period	Loan	Installment to be Obtained
	Repayment Due	from Debtor
Within 1 year	22,254.50	25,690.57
More than 1 year but not more than 2 years	24,398.00	17,319.83
More than 2 years but not more than 3 years	8,944.40	18,100.40
More than 3 years	-	15,532.86
Stop accrued account receivables	-	-
Total	55,596.90	76,643.66

The loan repayment and the installment to be obtained as at December 31, 2022

As at December 31, 2022 the Company and its subsidiary have installment to be obtained from debtor within 1 year in the amount of THB 25,690.57 million, more than loan repayment due within 1 year which is in the amount of THB 22,254.50 million. This reflexes the adequacy of the source of fund of the Company and its subsidiaries which is a result of ability to manage the source of fund. The Company and its subsidiaries have continually improved the funding structure by gradually increasing the long-term borrowings to short-term borrowings ratio to prevent liquidity risk. Moreover, the Company and its subsidiaries always receive the new credit facilities when it comes maturity and can always rollover short term debentures.

In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries still have the unused credit line from financial institutions amounting to approximately THB 11,631 million. This reflects the credibility and sufficiency in the financial status of the Company and its subsidiaries.

For the future source of fund, the Company and its subsidiary still use the source of fund from shareholders' equity and borrowing. The Company and its subsidiary manage source of fund in accordance with the propose of the use of fund as well as the suitability of the repayment term and interest.

(4) Assets used in business undertaking

1. Hire purchase receivables

The major assets used in the business are hire purchase receivables. The Company and its subsidiary had hire purchase receivables after deducting interest income (before allowance for expected credit losses / allowance for doubtful accounts) in 2021 and 2022 as following;

	2021		2022		
	THB Million	Percent	THB Million	Percent	
Hire purchase receivables ^{1/}					
- Automobile	45,449.24	91.68	54,618.73	90.69	
- Machine	4,122.43	8.32	5,608.57	9.31	
Total	49,571.67	100.00	60,227.30	100.00	
Add deferred commission	316.39		410.30		
Grand Total	49,888.06		60,637.60		
Remaining term of the contract					
(excluding court case receivables) ^{1/}					
< 12 Months	1,429.79	2.88	1,446.69	2.40	
13 - 24 Months	5,177.09	10.44	5,359.66	8.90	
25 - 36 Months	9,265.87	18.69	10,416.35	17.30	
37 - 48 Months	14,753.45	29.76	17,485.72	29.03	
> 48 Months	18,945.48	38.22	25,518.87	42.37	
Total	49,571.67	100.00	60,227.30	100.00	
Add deferred commission	316.39		410.30		
Grand Total	49,888.06		60,637.60		

Source : Consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited for the Year 2021 - 2022 audited by certified public accountant.

Remark : ^{1/} Before allowance for expected credit losses in 2021 amounted THB 1,050.35 million.

^{2/} Before allowance for expected credit losses in 2022 amounted THB 1,402.63 million.



2. Financial lease receivables

The subsidiary had financial lease receivables after deducting unearned interest income before deducting allowance for expected credit losses / allowance for doubtful accounts in 2021 and 2022 as follows:

	202	2020		2021	
	THB Million	Percent	THB Million	Percen	
Financial lease receivables ^{1/}					
- Vehicle	682.39	61.25	649.73	51.7	
- Machine	431.76	38.75	605.69	48.25	
Total	1,114.15	100.00	1,255.42	100.00	
Remaining term of the contract					
(excluding court case receivables) ^{1/}					
< 12 Months	71.69	6.43	47.32	3.77	
13 - 24 Months	146.10	13.11	156.65	12.48	
25 - 36 Months	234.81	21.08	426.14	33.94	
37 - 48 Months	344.59	30.93	392.72	31.28	
> 48 Months	316.96	28.45	232.59	18.53	
Total	1,114.15	100.00	1,255.42	100.00	

Source : Consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited for the Year 2021 - 2022 audited by certified public accountant.

Remark : ^{1/} Before allowance for expected credit losses in 2021 amounted THB 32.25 million and in 2022 amounted THB 20.18 million.

3. Factoring receivables

The subsidiary had factoring receivables in 2021 and 2022 as follows:

		THB Million
	2020	2021
Factoring receivables	170.66	20.79
Less: Factoring payables	(50.09)	(4.50)
Add: Interest receivables	6.26	0.19
Factoring receivables - net ^{1/}	126.83	16.49

Source : Consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited for the Year 2021 - 2022 audited by certified public accountant.

Remark: ^{1/} Before allowance for expected credit losses in 2021 amounted THB 61.98 million and 2022 amounted THB 0.10 million.

THB Million

4. Loan receivables

The Company and its subsidiary had factoring receivables in 2021 and 2022 as follows:

	2021	2022
Loan receivables of the Company	1,311.25	2,338,58
Loan receivables of the Subsidiary	3,288.49	3,357.30
Total loan receivables ^{1/}	4,599.74	5,695.88

THB Million

Source : Consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited for the Year 2021 - 2022 audited by certified public accountant.

Remark : ^{1/} Before allowance for expected credit losses in 2020 and 2021 amounted THB 187.89 million and 338.30 million.

Revenue recognition

The Company and its subsidiary recognize interest income from hire purchase, financial leases, factoring and loan agreements on an accrual basis throughout the term of the contract, using the effective interest rate method, with the calculation based on the gross book value of the receivables. Income directly attributable to the initial recognition of the loan receivables are amortized using the effective interest rate method and presented as adjustments on interest income throughout the term of the agreement, to reflect the effective rate of return. When the receivables are later credit-impaired, the Group continues to recognize interest income using the effective interest rate, based on the net book value (gross book value net of allowance for expected credit losses) of the receivables. When the debtor is no longer credit-impaired, the Group changes to calculate interest income based on the gross book value.

Allowance for expected credit losses

The Group recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses for hire purchase receivables, financial lease receivables and loan receivables using a general approach. The Group considers changes in credit risk and groups its receivables into 3 stages as described below.

- Stage 1 : Receivables with no significant increase in credit risk (Performing) The Group recognizes expected credit losses in an amount equal to the expected credit losses in the next 12 months. For receivables under loan agreements with remaining periods of less than 12 months, recognition is based on the probability of default over the remaining period.
- Stage 2 : Receivables with a significant increase in credit risk (Under-performing) The Group recognizes expected credit losses in an amount equal to the expected credit losses over the lifetime of the receivable.
- Stage 3 : Receivables that are credit-impaired (Non-performing) The Group recognizes expected credit losses in an amount equal to the expected credit losses over the lifetime of the receivable.

The Group considers a significant increase in credit risk to have occurred when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due and considers a financial asset in credit-impaired when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to have a significant increase in credit risk and to be in default using other internal or external information.



If the credit quality of a receivable improves in a subsequent period and the assessment is that it is no longer a receivable whose credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition, as assessed in a previous period, the Group will change the basis for recognizing expected credit losses from the lifetime expected credit losses to the 12-month expected credit losses, or the remaining period if that is less than 12 months.

In order to estimate expected credit losses, the Group considers historically collected loss data, adjusted on the basis of current observable data. In addition, the Group applies forward-looking macroeconomic information that is supportable and reasonable and appropriately exercises judgement. At least once a year the Group also considers whether to adjust forward-looking information and the weighting of the probability of each scenario used in determining the expected credit losses. Most of the information used by the Group is announced by the Bank of Thailand or other government agencies and adjusted to reflect the Group's internal perspective. The Group calculates expected credit losses based on three probability-weighted scenarios, which are a base scenario, best-case scenario and worst-case scenario. For the base scenario, the Group applies an unbiased market perspective that incorporates forecasts of macroeconomic factors.

For factoring, floor-plan loan and other receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime expected credit losses at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix of ageing that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

5. Land, building and equipment

As of December 31, 2021, the Company and its subsidiaries had land, plant and equipment as follows:

	Book value		
	(THB million)	Ownership type	Obligation
1. Land with building used for locating 17 branchs*	100.54	Owner	None
2. Furnishings and office supplies	14.61	Owner	None
3. vehicles	58.41	Owner	None
4. Assets under installation	15.87	Owner	None
5. Intangible assets	13.19	Owner	None
Total	202.62		

Remark : Details of each land and building are show Attachment 4

6. Assets foreclosed

The Company and its subsidiary have assets foreclosed, which are vehicles and machinery repossessed from hire purchase and financial lease receivables due to the default as follows;

Year	Total contracts	Amount of remaining assets foreclosed	Value of remaining assets foreclosed (THB million)*
		assets foreclosed	
2020	49,353	169	157.67
2021	55,641	217	186.26
2022	63,279	587	720.00

Remark : Assets value = Loan value before deducting allowance for diminution

Year	Amount of asset foreclosed (Unit)	Value of sale of asset foreclosed (THB million) (1)	Value of asset foreclosed (THB million)	Gross profit (loss) from sale of asset foreclosed (THB million)	Refund to customer (THB million)	Net profit (loss) from sale of asset foreclosed (THB million)
				0 = 1 - 2	141	(3) = (3) - (4)
2020	508	367.95	(2) 546.34	(3) = (1) - (2) (178.39)	(4) 5.40	(5) = (3) - (4) (183.79)
2020 2021	508 463					

The table showing details of assets seized and disposed during the year :

The Company and its subsidiary had losses from gross sales of assets in 2020 - 2022 amounting to THB 178.39 million, THB 139.74 million and THB 144.38 million respectively. After deducting of penalty income and refunding to customers, the Company and its subsidiary had losses on sale of asset foreclosed in 2020 - 2022 in the amount of THB 183.79 million, THB 145.29 million and THB 150.07 million respectively. However, the Company and its subsidiary can collect payments from customers or file a lawsuit against the remaining debt.

7. Investment in subsidiaries

As of December 31, 2022, the Company had investments in 2 subsidiaries, namely Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited and SK Insurance Broker Company Limited. The proportion of investment and details of business operations of subsidiaries can be summarized as follows:

Company	Type of business	Paid up capital (THB)	Percent of investment	Value investment (THB)
Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease	Leasing and	1,096,250,000	100	1,096,249,860
Public Company Limited	factoring			
SK Insurance Broker	Insurance broker	10,000,000	100	9,999,980
Company Limited				

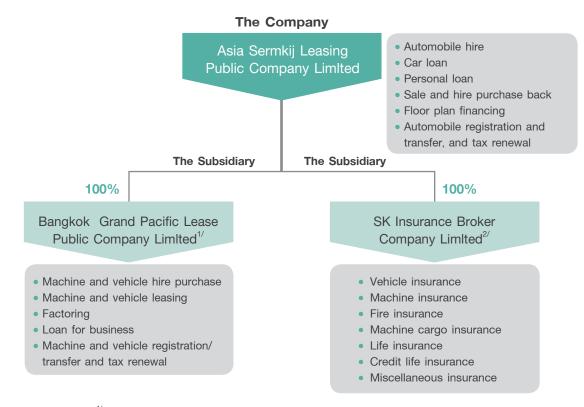


1.3 Shareholding Structure

1.3.1 Shareholding structure of the group of companies

The Company operates in hire purchase and loan business including all types of automobiles, personal loan, car loan, floor plan and services for registration / transfer of automobile and tax renewal. The Company has 2 subsidiaries which are (1) Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited ("BGPL"), operates in vehicle and machine hire purchase and leasing, loan for business, factoring, and services for registration / transfer of vehicle and machine and tax renewal, and (2) SK Insurance Broker Company Limited ("SKIB"), operates in insurance broker business including vehicle insurance, machine insurance, fire insurance, machine cargo insurance, life insurance, credit life insurance, and miscellaneous insurance.

Structure and Operation of the Group Company



Remark : ^{1/} The Company became a shareholder in Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Plc. in May 2004.
 ^{2/} The SK Insurance Broker Company Limited was registered in Apirl 2017.

Information of the subsidiaries			
Company Name	:	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited	
Head Office	:	Sathorn City Tower, 10/1 Floor, 175 South Sathorn Road, Thungmahamek,	
		Sathorn, Bangkok 10120	
		Tel. 0-2679-6226, 0-2679-6262 Fax. 0-2679-6241-3	
Type of business	:	Vehicle and machine hire purchase and leasing, loan for business, factoring,	
		and services for registration.	
Number of shares issued	:	109,625,000 Ordinary shares (As of December 31, 2022)	
and fully paid			
Par value	:	10 Baht per share	

Company Name	:	SK Insurance Broker Co., Ltd.
Head Office	:	Sathorn City Tower, 25/1 Floor, 175 South Sathorn Road, Thungmahamek,
		Sathorn, Bangkok 10120
		Tel. 0-2679-6226, 0-2679-6262 Fax. 0-2679-6258
Type of business	:	Insurance broker business
Number of shares issued	:	1,000,000 Ordinary shares (As of December 31, 2022)
and fully paid		
Par value	:	10 Baht per share

- 1.3.2 Shareholding in subsidiaries or associates of persons who may have conflicts - None -
- 1.3.3 Relationship with major shareholders' business
 - None -

1.3.4 Shareholders

Major shareholders as of December 30, 2022

No.	Name	No. of shares	%
1	Chailease's Group	266,082,577	50.41
	Chailease Finance Company Limited	193,256,488	36.61
	Chailease International Company (Malaysia) Limited	62,698,848	11.88
	Chailease Capital (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	10,127,241	1.92
2	Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited	38,784,489	7.35
3	Thai NVDR Company Limited	21,007,164	3.98
4	Mr. Chatree Sophonpanich	9,218,397	1.75
5	Miss Pakavadee Samphant	7,739,000	1.47
6	Bank for Agriculture and Agricultural Cooperatives's	4,748,500	0.90
	Registered Provident Fund		
7	Bualuang Long-Term Equity Fund 75/25	4,534,900	0.86
8	Bualuang Flexible RMF	3,718,400	0.70
9	Ekarith Ekasmith	3,650,000	0.69
10	Bualuang Siriphol Corporate Governance RMF	3,510,726	0.67
	Top Ten Shareholders	362,994,153	68.78
	Other Shareholders	164,849,307	31.22
	Total	527,843,460	100.00

1.4 Amounts of registered capital and paid-up capital

As of December 31, 2022 the Company has registered capital of THB 2,639,217,300 and paid-up Capital of THB 2,639,217,300 consisting of 527,843,460 shares of common stock at par value of THB 5 each.



1.5 Issuance of other securities

The Company had other securities which are debentures and bill of exchange. The Company received a credit rating at A (tha) from Fitch Ratings (Thailand) Limited on August 18, 2022.

The Company had outstanding debentures as at December 31, 2022 as follows:

Long Term Debentures

					(THB million)
	Long term of		Consolida	te financial	statement	
Debentures	Interest rate	Age	Date of maturity	2022	2021	2020
No. 1/2018	2.86% per year	3 Years	15 February 2021	-	-	1,000.00
No. 2/2018	2.86% per year	3 Years	25 March 2021	-	-	500.00
No. 1/2019	3.00% per year	2 Years	5 February 2021	-	-	290.00
No. 2/2019	3.20% per year	3 Years	31 January 2022	-	100.00	100.00
No. 3/2019	3.15% per year	3 Years	17 May 2022	-	200.00	200.00
No. 4/2019	3.15% per year	3 Years	30 June 2022	-	270.00	270.00
No. 5/2019	2.95% per year	2 Years	23 July 2021		-	200.00
No. 6/2019	3.15% per year	3 Years	26 July 2022	-	500.00	500.00
No. 7/2019	3.15% per year	3 Years	8 August 2022	-	800.00	800.00
No. 8/2019	3.15% per year	3 Years	16 August 2022	-	200.00	200.00
No. 1/2020	2.90% per year	3 Years	17 February 2023	600.00	600.00	600.00
No. 2/2020	2.88% per year	3 Years	26 March 2023	500.00	500.00	500.00
No. 3/2020 Tranche 1	3.25% per year	2 Years	28 August 2022	-	721.50	721.50
No. 3/2020 Tranche 2	3.75% per year	3 Years 3 Months	28 November 2023	602.50	602.50	602.50
No. 4/2020	2.40% per year	1 Years	9 November 2021	-	-	245.00
No. 5/2020	2.40% per year	1 Years	3 December 2021	-	-	100.00
No. 6/2020	3.25% per year	2 Years	18 December 2022	-	416.00	416.00
No. 2/2021	2.45% per year	1 Years	14 September 2022	-	300.00	-
No. 3/2021	2.70% per year	2 Years	18 March 2023	200.00	200.00	-
No. 4/2021	2.20% per year	1 Years	1 July 2022	-	56.00	-
No. 5/2021	2.70% per year	2 Years	21 April 2023	317.00	317.00	-
No. 6/2021	2.90% per year	3 Years	18 June 2024	2,200.00	2,200.00	-
No. 7/2021	2.88% per year	3 Years	27 August 2024	500.00	500.00	-
No. 8/2021	2.52% per year	2 Years	30 August 2023	500.00	500.00	-
No. 9/2021 Tranche 1	2.50% per year	2 Years	17 October 2023	500.00	500.00	-
No. 9/2021 Tranche 2	2.85% per year	3 Years	7 October 2024	1,500.00	1,500.00	-
No. 10/2021	2.50% per year	2 Years	23 November 2023	650.00	650.00	-
No. 1/2022	2.42% per year	2 Years	3 May 2024	500.00	-	-
No. 2/2022	2.20% per year	1 Years	25 July 2023	500.00	-	-
No. 3/2022	3.30% per year	2 Years	14 August 2024	95.00	-	-
No. 4/2022	2.80% per year	2 Years	30 September 2024	600.00	-	-
No. 5/2022	2.80% per year	2 Years	30 September 2024	600.00	-	-
No. 6/2022	2.00% per year	1 Years	17 October 2023	400.00	-	-
No. 7/2022 Tranche 1	3.35% per year	2 Years	18 November 2024	3,700.00	-	-
No. 7/2022 Tranche 2	3.65% per year	3 Years	18 November 2025	1,000.00	-	-
No. 8/2022 Tranche 1	3.20% per year	2 Years	21 January 2025	650.00	-	-
No. 8/2022 Tranche 2	3.35% per year	3 Years	11 December 2025	150.00	-	-
No. 8/2022 Tranche 3	4.00% per year	5 Years	8 December 2027	200.00	-	-
Total long term deben	iture			16,464.50	11,633.00	7,245.00

The Company's short-term bill of exchange age not over 270 days.

The outstanding value of short-term bills of exchange offered to institutional investors as of 31 December 2022 was THB 10,535 million. The interest rate was discounted rate based on the market rate at the time of offering. A replacement tranche shall be entitled to issue to replace a matured tranche, provided the total outstanding balance at any time shall not exceed THB 20,000 million.

1.6 Dividend Payment policy

The Company and its subsidiaries are, according to the Company and its subsidiaries' circumstances from time to time, to declare dividend in an appropriate rate, considering their performance, financial standing, and economic conditions. The payment rate shall not be less than 40 percent but not more than 70 percent, for the Company of the payable amount arising after the Company and its subsidiaries have, for each fiscal year, incurred net profit from operation, and duly complied with applicable laws, Articles of Association as well as fulfilled all of their obligations, except for the Company and its subsidiaries require to utilize any part or all of such payables on investment to generate higher income. This payment, in any event, shall be subject to the Company and its subsidiaries' Articles of Association, prohibiting them from paying any dividend from other monies than profit. Additionally, where the Company and its subsidiaries incur accumulated losses, no dividend shall be paid.

Unless otherwise stipulated, dividend shall be paid according to the number of shares held (equally for each share), under the approval from a shareholders' meeting. However, the Company and its subsidiaries might, from time to time, pay interim dividend to the shareholders as their profits are deemed adequate for such purpose, and, if so, report the same to the shareholders in their next meeting.

However, the Board of Directors might decide otherwise, or amend the said Policy from time to time, provided that such decision is made for the shareholders' best interest and under approval from the shareholders' meeting.

According to the resolution of the Board of Directors Meeting of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited No. 5/2020 held on April 10, 2020 that approved payment of interim dividend from year 2019 operating result at the rate equivalent to Baht 1.72 per share in the total amount of Baht 605,260,501. The payout ratio is 69.61 percent and the payment of dividends shall be subjected to withholding tax at the rate prescribed by law. The Company fixed the record date on March 6, 2020 to determine the shareholders right to receive dividends, which was unchanged from the date previously announced to the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The dividend payment date shall be made on May 8, 2020. The Board of Directors' approval of the interim dividend payment is aimed to avoid the impact on shareholders' right to receive dividend from the postponement of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 36/2020 due to the Covid situation



According to the resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 37/2021 held on April 20, 2021, that has approved cash dividend payment from year 2020 operating result at the rate equivalent to Baht 1.70 per share in the total amount of Baht 598,222,588. The payout ratio is 67.74% and the payment of dividends shall be subjected to withholding tax at the rate prescribed by law. The Company fix the record date on March 5, 2021 to determine the shareholders right to receive dividends. The dividend payment date shall be made on May 6, 2021.

According to the resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 38/2022 held on April 21, 2022, that has approved cash dividend payment from year 2021 operating result at the rate equivalent to Baht 1.14 per share in the total amount of Baht 601,741,544. The payout ratio is 50.03% and the payment of dividends shall be subjected to withholding tax at the rate prescribed by law. The Company fixed the record date on March 4, 2022 to determine the shareholders right to receive dividends. The dividend payment date shall be made on May 6, 2022.

2. Risk Management

2.1 Risk management policy and plan

The Company and its subsidiary determined to operate to achieve the business goals of creating added value and stability for the best interests of stakeholders and in accordance with the principles of Good Corporate Governance. The company believes that Risk Management is the basis for sustainable business operations. The organization's Risk Management Policy has been formulated to serve as a framework for Risk Management in accordance with the business plan and to be effective in various activities and operations in order to manage risks at an appropriate level within the company's Risk Appetite with the following policies:

- Provide integrated enterprise-wide Risk Management and set Risk Management to be the responsibility of all departments in organization under the Risk Management Process is part of normal operations and to be managed systematically and continuously.
- Provide regular monitoring, evaluation, review and improvement of risk management by providing development of tools and processes in order to monitor and control the organization's risks on a regular basis and keep up with the changing situations appropriately.
- Determine the business strategy that balances with risk level and return on business under the management's acceptable level of risk in order to generate appropriate returns to shareholders as well as social responsibility.
- 4. Risks that may affect the achievement of the Company's objectives and strategies must be managed in time and continual basis.
- 5. Determine risk management guidelines according to the Company's anti-corruption policy. This policy applies to all executives and employees of the Company and its subsidiary.
- Risk Management Policy to be under the supervision of the Risk Management Committee under the Risk Management Policy.
- Directors and Executives support to encourage cooperation in overall risk management of the company and review the adequacy of the policy and Risk Management System including the efficiency of the system and its compliance.

2.2 Risk factors on business operation

2.2.1 Risk from Marketing and Competition

The growth of automobile industry and logistic industry resulted in the attractiveness of automobile hire purchase industry and attracting new players into the industry. This may result in an intense competition and there may be price competition to attract customers.

Considering the revenue structure, as of December 31, 2022, major revenue of the Company and its subsidiaries was interest income from hire purchase business accounting for 76.75 percent of total revenue. That means the Company and its subsidiaries may expose to high competitive risk arisen from the recession in automobile industry that may occur.

However, the Company and its subsidiaries still commit to offer a good quality service, to maintain the existing customer base, to have strict credit approval and to have a monitoring measure for customer repayment process. In addition, the Company will focus on an increase in the proportion of other hire purchase segments such as buses which has no impact from the recession in automobile industry, and try to increase income from service fee in order to increase profitability of the Company and its subsidiaries.



2.2.2 Risk of Mismatching between the Term of Financing and Source of Fund

The Company and its subsidiary charge a fixed interest rate to their hire purchase and leasing customers throughout the term of agreements while some of the loan's borrowing costs fluctuate according to the market interest rate. This leads to interest rate risk especially when the interest rate increases. However, as in the year 2021 and 2022, 35.39 percent and 35.52 percent of total receivables have been repaid each year, therefore the Company and its subsidiary can lend the proceeds collected to new debtors at the higher interest rate according to the market situation.

2.2.3 Risk of Liquidity

In relation to the financial liquidity risk, the Company and its subsidiary can be exposed to the risk of demand for loan repayment or non-renewal of the loans after maturity by the financial institutions as the majority of loan of the Company and its subsidiary are short-term. However, most of these short-term loans are from financial institution is the Company's major shareholder, hence the risk of demand for loan repayment is minimal. In addition, the Company and its subsidiary have never incurred any problem concerning the source of borrowing and sufficiency of the working capital as their short-term loans have never been recalled for repayment or unable to renew upon maturity. Furthermore, the Company and its subsidiary have sought for additional credit line from domestic financial institutions and diversified to more fund from new sources such as equity market and debt capital market, which can secure the financial liquidity risk. Moreover, and its subsidiary have hedged against liquidity risks by increasing the proportion of long-term borrowing. As at December 31, 2021, the ratio of long-term borrowings to short-term borrowings was at 80 : 20.

2.2.4 Risk of Used Cars Financing

Although used cars financing will face up with higher risk than new cars financing, but it generate higher return. Nowadays, customers with low purchasing power have more chance to buy a car due to higher competition in automobile hire purchase industry causing more flexibility in credit approval process. In order to prevent risk arising from used cars financing, the Company has set out a policy to finance cars that are popular, durable and will be easily sold at good prices in secondary market. A stringent credit approval for used cars is set out. Additionally, the Company maintains good relationship with a number of used car dealers. Used car transaction will be made only with trustworthy and strong financial dealers who sell only good quality used car at reasonable prices. This will help reduce possible risk arising from the substandard used cars and give customer confidence to the Company's service standard. The Company has a strong marketing team with extensive experiences in used car financing. They specialized in used car appraisal and inspection which will enable credit verification to be more accurate. Moreover, the Company has debt management staffs with high experience in debt monitoring, collection and car repossession. Thus, the Company has no loss incurred from significant error in the price appraisal of used cars.

2.2.5 Risk of Non-Performing Loans

Risk of non-performing loans is one of the risks which might arise as a result of hire purchase financing. Thus, as a credit provider, the Company need to have qualified personnel, efficient credit approval process, strict credit control and standard debt collection system. To prevent the risk arising from non-performing loans, the Company and its subsidiary hence have laid out the measures comprising screening of quality employees and customers, being strict and careful in credit approval process and building up an effective credit control and collection system. In addition, the Company and its subsidiary opt for the liquid and popular assets which can be promptly resold at good price, to generate profit or minimize loss, in case of customer default of payments. However, in case of which the selling price of asset sold is less than the amount of outstanding debts, the Company and its subsidiary can pursue the collection and legal proceeding to claim for the remaining debts from its debtors. As of the end of Year 2021 and 2022, non-performing loans accounted for 2.71 percent and 3.47 percent of total outstanding receivables ratio in 2022 increased from 2021. The Company and its subsidiary continue on legal process with these bad debts which have been partially collected or sometimes found other assets of the debtors.

2.2.6 Risk from relying on dealers

For the truck industry, manufacturers sell products through dealers and dealers will propose the loan service provider to customers to consider. Dealer is an important part in choosing credit providers of customers. Moreover, the Company and its subsidiary mainly do the marketing through dealers. Therefore, the Company and its subsidiary have a risk of relying on dealers to refer customers. However, the Company and its subsidiary have a long time. This makes the Company and its subsidiary have a strong relationship with dealers. In addition, the Company and its subsidiary have a policy to reduce the risk of relying on a particular dealer by continually seeking new potential partners.

2.2.7 Risk from inability to sell assets foreclosed and losses from sale of foreclosed assets

The Company and its subsidiary have assets foreclosed repossessing from customers who are unable to pay the installment. The Company and its subsidiary will sell assets foreclosed for repayment of the loans. Therefore, if the Company and its subsidiary cannot sell the assets foreclosed or the sales do not cover the outstanding loans and cause losses from the sales, it will affect the Company and its subsidiary's financial position and performance.

In 2022, the Company sold a total of 586 units of assets foreclosed, with a loss in the amount of THB 150.07 million. As of December 31, 2022, there were 587 units of assets foreclosed remaining, with a value of THB 720.00 million.

However, the Company and its subsidiary have a set strict and efficient measures for credit approval in order to reduce the risk of default, as well as having an effective credit control and monitoring system to quickly track down and repossess the cars and to sell at the best price. In addition, the Company is trying to increase the distribution channel of the repossessed cars by establishing a website www.mycarmytruck.com



2.2.8 Risks of exceed 25 percent shares held by major shareholders

As at December 31, 2022, Chailease Group (a group of major shareholders) held 266,082,577 shares, representing 50.41 percent of the total paid up shares. As a result of this shareholding structure, Chailease Group can control most of the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting including the election of directors and other matters which require majority voting for approval. With exception to the matters, as required by law and other rules and regulations of the Company, to have a vote of not less than three quarters of the total number of votes from shareholders who attend the meeting and have the right to vote. Therefore, other shareholders may not have enough voting right to check and balance on the proposal from the major shareholders.

However, the Company has appointed 5 directors as the independent directors who 4 of 5 are in the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall monitor and consider any conflict of interest transactions according to the rules and regulations, to ensure transparency, auditability, reasonableness, and the best interest for the Company.

2.2.9 ESG Risks

ESG risk is risk related to environmental, social and governance issues. The Company has risk related to environmental issues from the climate change that may cause weather-related disasters such as flood that impacts on transportation and the agriculture sector and consequently affects the payment of customers. However, the Company takes that risk into account by closely following up customers. If there is an event that the customers are unable to pay the installment as a result of a natural disaster, the company will assist customers by assisting plans such as debt restructuring, etc.

2.2.10 Emerging risks

1) Risks from changes in consumer behaviors and needs.

Nowadays, consumer behavior and need can change rapidly. If companies cannot adapt to meet that change, they will encounter problems in business operations. For the Company, there is a risk arising from changes in consumer behavior and needs from environmental awareness, such as an increase in electric car. If the customers change to buy electric car but the Company is unable to provide loan for that. It may cause the company's lending amount to decrease and affect the Company's operating performance. However, the Company pays attention to such risks and study and monitor of consumer needs and trend regularly to be able to develop products that can meet the changes.

2) Risks from Cyber Threats

Technology development as well as business operations change to become a digital organization is a development to make business operations more efficient. On the other hand, it can also increase the risk of cyber threats that can affect business operations, service, or data protection. Some of the cyber threats is ransomware, which is malware whose purpose is to attack data, files and documents, or other threats that damages the computer system or data.

The company recognizes the importance of such threats, therefore the Company sets policies and guidelines for cyber security protection and strictly complies with them, including the installation of protective equipment and security.

3. Business Sustainability Development

3.1 Policy and objectives of sustainable management

The Company and its subsidiaries focus on driving business sustainable growth with the goal of operating business that create social, economic, and environmental value under corporate governance and good governance at the same time with being a part to drive the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in national and international level.

		Sustainability Policy	
	Economic	Social	Environment
Target	Operate business to create sustainable growth and return	Being a responsible organization for social and all stakeholders	Being a part of environmental conservation
Guidance	 Development of comprehensive products to serve the needs of customers and social change. Focusing on improving efficiency and effectiveness of operations. Management with transparency. 	 Fair and appropriate treatment of employees. Treat customers and partners with honesty, appropriateness and fairness. Responsible treatment of creditors Operate business with social responsibility and ethics along with taking care of society and community. Strictly comply with the regulations of related regulators. 	 Development of eco-friendly products. Promoting the most efficient use of resources. Promoting of environmental supporting activities.
Sustainable Development Goals	8 BECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC CROWN 9 NEUSTRY, NAVAURANTING 11 SISTANAMALE CITES 16 RAGE INSTREE INSTITUTIONS 10 NEUSTRY, NAVAURANTING 10 </td <td>1 M0 POVERY 2 ZERO MINGER 3 GOOD HEALTH MINGER 1 M0 POVERY 2 ZERO MINGER 3 GOOD HEALTH POVERY 1 M0 POVERY 5 GENORE EQUALITY 10 REDUCED REDUCTION 1 SISIONABLE CITES POVERY 5 GENORE EQUALITY 10 REDUCED REDUCTION 1 SISIONABLE CITES POVERY 16 FALL RISTICE AND STRONE POVERY 17 FOR THE CAUS POVERY</td> <td>CLLM WATER AND SAATATON 7. ATTROBUE AND CLAM ENERGY 11. SUSTANCE CHEE AND SAATATON Image: Constant Constan</td>	1 M0 POVERY 2 ZERO MINGER 3 GOOD HEALTH MINGER 1 M0 POVERY 2 ZERO MINGER 3 GOOD HEALTH POVERY 1 M0 POVERY 5 GENORE EQUALITY 10 REDUCED REDUCTION 1 SISIONABLE CITES POVERY 5 GENORE EQUALITY 10 REDUCED REDUCTION 1 SISIONABLE CITES POVERY 16 FALL RISTICE AND STRONE POVERY 17 FOR THE CAUS POVERY	CLLM WATER AND SAATATON 7. ATTROBUE AND CLAM ENERGY 11. SUSTANCE CHEE AND SAATATON Image: Constant Constan

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3.2 Management of impacts on stakeholders in the business value chain

3.2.1 Business value chain

The Company committed to create value for products and services in order to meet the expectation of key stakeholders involved in business operation from upstream to downstream which can be identified as the Value Chain as follows:

1. Primary activities

1) Inbound logistics

Using fund from equity and borrowing to provide loan to customers.

2) Operations

Offering various loan services to customers such as hire purchase and leasing for automobile and vehicle, title loan, loan for business, factoring and life and non-life insurance broker services, as well as, registration services. The Company will design variety of products and services to cover all needs of target customers.

3) Outbound logistics

The Company provides services to customers through branches, service at the dealer's showroom and direct marketing.

4) Marketing and Sales

The Company provides clear, accurate, complete, straight and most beneficial information about products to customers and answers questions clearly. The Company will offer products that suit and meet the needs of customers as well as fast service. The Company's marketing officers will coordinate with both customers and dealers to offer services.

5) Customer services

After the completion of the loan service the Company still takes care of customers continuously, such as calling to follow up if the customers forget to pay the installment to help prevent customers from default. In addition, it also provides advice to customers if customers have problems in paying installments, and a convenient installment payment system.

2. Support activities

Activities that support the company to achieve its main activities include credit analysis, support systems include accounting, finance, legal and information technology systems which are important parts.

3.2.2 Analysis of stakeholders in the business value chain

The Company give importance to all groups of stakeholders, whether internal or external. The policy is to meet the expectations of the stakeholders as follows:

Stakeholders	Stakeholder expectation	Stakeholder expectation responsiveness
Internal stakeho	olders	
Shareholders	 Continuous and sustainable performance growth Receive adequate information Efficient business operations Reasonable, fair compensation, including other welfare Secure job with career path Opportunity to continuously learn and develop. Fairness in work. 	 Operate business to grow and generate continuous profit. Disclose information completely and timely. Effective management of company resources Fair compensation, incentives and good welfare. Promote opportunities and career growth. Promote learning and development both internal training and external training. Treat employees equally and fairly.
	- Health and safety at work.	- Create a good workplace.
External stakeh		
Customers	 Products that meet the needs. Receive good service with reasonable and fair prices and conditions. 	 Develop suitable products according to market demand. Disclose complete and accurate product information. Provide good and fast service to make customers satisfied.
Business partners	 Receive fair remuneration Build a good relationship and take care of regularly 	 Comply with the terms of contracts which are fair and transparent. Visit partners regularly to listen to opinions, suggestions in order to improve the Company's system and business operations.
Competitors	- Operate business with ethics	- Operate business with ethics
Creditors	Comply with the agreementRepayment of debts on time	Comply with the agreementRepayment of debts on time
Regulators Social	Regulations complianceOperate business with social responsibility	Strictly comply with the regulationsHelp for social development

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3.2.3 Determining Material Issues Affecting Business Operations

1. Prioritizing material issues affecting business operations

The company analyzes and considers data obtained from the interviews of both internal and external stakeholders in order to prioritize the material issues that can affect business operations. These issues can be divided into 3 levels; low; medium and high importance.



Important material issues affecting business operations are as follow;

- Provide comprehensive products to serve the needs of customers and social change
- 2 Good corporate governance
- 3 Human resource management
- 4 Responsible treatment of stakeholders
- Development of information technology
- 6 Taking care the community and society
- 7 Environmental management

2. Managing material issues affecting business operations

The company has guidelines for managing material issues as follow:

Material issues	Management of issues
Provide comprehensive products to serve the needs of customers and social change	Develop comprehensive products considering the needs of customers and social change
Good corporate governance	Determine the Company's good corporate governance policy and follow up the implementation strictly.
Human resource management	Fair remuneration, and good welfare as well as supporting opportunities and career path
Responsible treatment of stakeholders	Treat customers and partners with honesty, appropriateness and fairness and treatment creditors with responsibility.
Development of information technology	Promoting the development of information technology to develop products and services and work processes to be more efficient.
Taking care the community and society	Supporting activities to help society and education
Environmental management	Promoting of environmental supporting activities and Development of eco-friendly products.

3.3 Management of environmental sustainability

3.3.1 Environmental Policy and guidelines

The Company and its subsidiaries give importance on environmental responsibility by cultivating an attitude and creating a corporate culture to make employees responsible for the environment and set up environmental policies such as measures to reduce environmental impacts throughout the value chain and reduce resource usage and efficient resource utilization.

The environmental measures that the Group has implemented are as follows:

Development of eco-friendly products :	Loan for solar power generation and electric vehicles
Use of resources :	Promoting the most efficient use of resources.
Promoting of environmental supporting : activities.	Promote awareness of employees to understand and realize the importance of environmental protection.

3.3.2 Environmental operating results

1. Development of eco-friendly products

Subsidiaries (Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited) provide credit services for solar power generation since 2020, including leasing of solar power generation equipment. and loans for use in solar energy production business. In addition, in 2022, the subsidiary started operating the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) project produced from the solar power system (Solar Rooftop), totaling 6.5 megawatts (MW) worth THB 160 million. The investment target in 2023 amounted to 15 megawatts (MW) worth THB 400 million which will be able to generate clean electricity of 25,000 megawatt-hours (MWh) and reduce carbon dioxide emissions by 10,875 tons (Ton CO2).

2. Promoting the most efficient use of resources.

(1) The use of clean energy

The Company supports the use of clean energy. The company has a project to install solar panels to generate solar energy for use at branch offices. At present, there are 4 branches that have installed and used electricity generation, which are Samut Sakhon, Chiang Mai, Phitsanulok and Khon Kaen branches.

(2) Reduce paper usage

The Company and its subsidiaries have a policy to reduce the use of paper by using technology in operation (Paperless system) as much as possible. Currently, there are 6 projects implemented.

3. Waste reduction

The Company has project to reduce waste generation by encouraging employees to separate recyclable waste such as glass bottles, plastic bottles, etc.



3.4 Social sustainability management

3.4.1 Social policy and guidelines

The Company and its subsidiaries operate business with responsibility for social and all stakeholders inside and outside. The Company adheres to the principles of ethical business operations along with taking care of society and community to grow together in a sustainable way.

The social measures that the Group has implemented are as follows:

Treatment of employees :	Fair and appropriate treatment of employees.
	- Recruit and select employees with an efficient and fair selection
	system and strictly comply with labor laws
	- Provide fair compensation to employees determined in
	accordance with the Company's performance and appropriate
	welfare.
	- Support the development of knowledge, abilities and skills of
	employees
	- Support career growth
	- Enhance a good working environment including health, safety and
	occupational health in the workplace.
Treatment of customers and :	Treat customers and business partners with honesty
business partners	Treatment of customers
	- Commit to service customers for maximum benefit and satisfaction
	at a fair rate and maintain a good relationship in the long term.
	- Provide accurate, complete and clear information to customers as
	well as fair contracts and conditions for both parties.
	- Store customer information systematically, securely and do not
	misuse customer information.
	- Establish a department responsible for giving advice to customers,
	solving problems and receiving complaints from customers via
	easily accessible channels.
	Treatment of business partners
	- Comply with the terms of contracts which are fair and transparent.
	- Visit partners regularly to listen to opinions, suggestions in order
	to improve the Company's system and business operations.
	- Not accept property or any benefits from partners
Treatment of creditors :	Responsible treatment of creditors
	- Comply with the agreement
	- Repayment of debts on time
Treatment of community and society. :	Operate business with social responsibility and ethics along with
	taking care of society and community.
	- Support and carry out activities for the public, community and society.
Regulations compliance	Strictly comply with the regulations of related regulators.

3.4.2 Social operating results

1. Treatment of employees

(1) Fair treatment of employees

The Company has a policy and fair treatment guidelines for employees covering 5 issues as follows:

Issue 1 : Fair employment/termination

The Company has a fair employment policy by specifying a step-by-step procedure starting from requesting, preliminary selection, interview and final selection. The most qualified applicant will be selected for a job opening. The Company selects employees based on knowledge and ability fairly without discrimination on gender, race and religion.

Issue 2 : Remuneration and welfare of employees

The Company has a policy to pay fair compensation to employees by setting up an appropriate salary structure. The salary structure is reviewed from time to time according to the changes in the consumer index, economic change or other factors to be able to retain talented employees. The Company also has a policy to pay remuneration to employees at a competitive rate compared to the market in the same type of business.

Determining employee wages is based on factors including position, responsibilities, education, experience, and language and other proficiency that are beneficial to that job or position.

The company provides additional welfare to employees, including medical expenses for both inpatients and out-patients, accident insurance, uniform for female employees, Influenza vaccination, and annual health checking.

Issue 3 : Employee Development

The Company and its subsidiaries had focus on employee development to increase knowledge performance and quality of service. The Company and its subsidiaries have policy to encourage employees to develop knowledge, competency and skills as well as a good attitude by proving both internal training and external training. The HR department is responsible for evaluating training, setting an annual training plan, and evaluating and monitoring the achievement of the training courses.

In addition, the Company encourages directors to attend seminars in relevant and appropriate courses to develop knowledge continuously and lead the company to success.

There are 2 methods for employee development: (1) development program provided by the Company that the Company or supervisors play an important role in the development by setting appropriate training programs to employees; and (2) self-development that the employees play an important role for development plan to achieve company goals and/or career advancement plans for themselves.

The Company and its subsidiaries set strategies to develop knowledge and skills of employees in line with the organization's strategy for both executive level, which focuses on the skills of management and psychology and the operational level, which focuses on the skills and knowledges for employees to learn and practice under the guidance of experienced professionals. The Company and its subsidiaries have provided training within the Company by inviting knowledgeable speakers from internal and external institutions.



In 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries have provided training both internal training and external institutions to managements and employees totaling 58 times comprised of 38 times internal training covered the content to support the work of the Company, and skills relating to the Company business, 19 times external training. The Company and its subsidiaries have employee development expenses THB 0.15 million in 2021 and THB 0.46 million in 2022. The average hour of training in 2022 was 11.04 hours/ person/ year.

Issue 4 : Take care of employees for quality of life and health, safety and occupational health in the workplace.

The Company and its subsidiaries have a policy of health, safety and occupational health in the workplace by setting safety as the first priority for everyone. The Company and its subsidiaries have a campaign on safety at work constantly regarding workplace safety and sanitation policy. In 2022 the Company recorded sick leave equal to 2.37 percent of the total employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company has no accidents arising from working. The Company has organized the annual health check for the welfare of manpower to keep all healthy. This project, the Company held annually and operated continuously for more than 20 years.

The Company in conjunction with the office juristic person organize the annual fire drill and fire evacuation training every year. During the fire drills, the building department will turn on the warning signal and the employees will escape from the building by using the fire escape to the assembly point. In 2022, the fire drill and fire evacuation training was held on November 18, 2022.

Moreover, during the epidemic s situation of the coronavirus disease 2019 (Covid 19), the Company and its subsidiaries gave importance to safety of the employees.

Preventive measures and actions as follow:

- Allow employee to work from home
- Flexibility of time attendance for employees who work at the office and travel by public transport to avoid traveling during rush hour because there are large number of travelers.
- Coordinate with relevant government agencies to provide vaccines to employees.
- Allow employees to take special leave for vaccination.
- Offer ATK kits to employees to get test before returning to work at the office and assign employees who work at the office get ATK test every Sunday and Wednesday.
- Limit external people in allocated area without entering to the office
- Prepare alcohol gel and temperature checking for employees before entering to the office area.
- Often clean common points of contact.

Issue 5 : Employee gathering for benefit negotiation

The company and its subsidiaries have established a welfare committee of 10 people by election of employees to be representative in discussions with the company to provide welfare to employees as well as consulting discussing and recommending opinions to the company on welfare arrangements for employees, inspecting, controlling, overseeing the welfare arrangements that the company provides to employees.

- (2) Promotion of employee engagement and retention
 - Plan to increase employee satisfaction and engagement

The company gives priority to employee retention. The company has created a project to create employee satisfaction and engagement, such as job rotation in order to develop employees to be able to learn new jobs and have more skills and knowledge and career advancement plan. It also gives employees the opportunity to move internally on a voluntary basis so that employees can work and have the opportunity to grow in the field of interest as well as satisfy and retain knowledgeable employees to work with the Company.

In addition, the company has projects to increase employee satisfaction and maintain employee engagement, such as awarding gold medals for employees who have completed 15 years, 20 years, 25 years and 35 years of service, organizing sports competitions to enhance good relations between employees, etc.

- Employee turnover rate

In 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries had the employee turnover rate of 10.25 percent of the total number of employees.

Employee satisfaction or engagement

The company and it subsidiaries have a satisfaction survey of employees by random sampling of employees from different departments and different service years. The results of the survey showed that 80 percent of employee satisfaction scores were at a very good level.

2. Treatment of community and society.

(1) Retention of customers' confidential information

The Company realizes and gives importance to the protection of customer's personal information. The Company has a policy to maintain customer confidentiality in accordance with the Personal Data Protection Act. Details are disclosed on the company's website (www.ask.co.th)

(2) Development of service based on customers' safety and health.

The company gives priority to provide services to customers with safety as the first priority. The company arranges suitable areas for customers to receive services with proper cleanliness and hygiene, especially during the outbreak of COVID-19, the Company has taken care of safety service both in terms of spacing, cleaning and disinfection as well as providing of alcohol for customers attending the service.

In 2022, there was no accident or the impact on the health of customers who have received service.

(3) Customer relationship management

The Company gives importance to maintaining relationships with customers. The marketing department has developed a customer relationship management plan, including continuous evaluation of customer satisfaction of service. The company has evaluated customers satisfaction of service by marketing officers after signing contract and used the results to improve service. The Company has set target of customer satisfaction that 80 percent of new customers signing contract have service satisfaction score not less than 4.5. Currently the service satisfaction score was at 4.7.



In addition, the Company has established policies and guidelines for providing accurate and complete information of products and services, including setting up a channel to contact or complain about service and communication via the Company's Line Official.

Details of various policies Published on the company's website. (www.ask.co.th) in the section of "Investor Relations"

(4) Promoting innovation to improve product and service

The company has policies and guidelines to promote Company innovation related to technology development for products and/or services. The Company gives importance on the use of innovation in operations by encouraging creativity and driving innovation into every process to improve work efficiency and to create competitive abilities and meet the needs of customers and stakeholders to move towards a sustainable organization.

Details of the Company's innovation policies and guidelines are shown in the Sustainability Report, published on the company's website (www.ask.co.th) in "Investor Relations" section.

In 2022, the company has implemented innovations to increase service quality, such as the company's LINE Official Account. It allows customers to access account information more conveniently and quickly, such as payment information, resulting in better service for customers and more satisfaction of customers.

(5) Treatment of creditors

The company has a policy to treat creditors with transparency and fairness and strictly follow the terms of contract. The detail of the creditor treatment policy is shown in the Code of Conduct in Attachment 5.

(6) Treatment of competitors

The company has a policy to treat competitors with responsibility, and under fair competition. The Company will not seek competitors' confidential information and not use competitor information to create a competitive advantage. The company sets a goal to treat competitors strictly according to the policy without exception. In 2022, the company has fully complied with the guidelines and no disputes with competitors occurred.

Details of the policy on treatment of competitors are shown in the Code of Conduct in Attachment 5.

3. Treatment of community and society.

(1) Supporting disable people and other underprivileged groups

The company gives importance to the development of quality of life for the disabled and other underprivileged groups. The Company has a policy to strictly comply with the Empowerment and Development of the Life of Persons with Disabilities Act B.E. 2550. However, the Company is still unable to recruit people with disabilities to work in appropriate positions. Therefore, the Company sends money to the Fund for Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities instead of an employment.

In 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries had 7 persons with disabilities required to work according to the law and the Company has sent money to the fund in the amount of THB 799,715 completely and on time.

(2) Scholarship support

The company realizes the importance of education and youth development, which will be the main force in driving the country in the future. However, the shortage of funds is a major obstacle that makes students not be able concentrate on studying. Therefore, the Company has set up a scholarship program for undergraduate students from 2016 onwards. The Company provides scholarship for tuition expenses for 4th year students with good school results but lack of fund.

In this regard, in 2022, the Company has given scholarship to at the university students for 14 scholarships amounted THB 16,000 - 35,000, totaling THB 332,000.

(3) Social support activity

The company has implemented social support projects in order to be a part that makes better society, in the year 2022, the Company has carried out activities to help society as follows;

- Donate money to the Thai Red Cross Society for the construction of project "Center for Integrated Medical and Public Health Services (Extended OPD)" Chulalongkorn Hospital, in the amount of THB 250,000.
- Donate money to Police Hospital to purchase medical equipment in the amount of THB 100,000.
- Donate scholarships, sports equipment and necessary consumer goods for underprivileged children under the care of Thungmahamek School for the Deaf, and Ban Mahamek Home for Boys, total value of THB 250,000.
- Donated THB 100,000 to Ubon Ratchathani Municipality to help flood victims in Ubon Ratchathani province.

(4) Regulations compliance

The company has established a Compliance Department to ensure compliance with regulations of government regulators including a Data Governance Office to promote and support the efficient and accurate data management.



4. Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

4.1 Financial statements and significant financial ratios

Summary Audit Report of Auditors within 3 past years

Consolidated Financial Statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited in 2020 were audited by Ms. Vissuta Jariyathanakorn Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 3853 of EY Office Limited as Auditors of the opinion that the financial statements as at December 31, 2020 of financial position, performance and cash flows for the year of the Company and its subsidiary in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Consolidated Financial Statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited in 2021 were audited by Ms. Vissuta Jariyathanakorn Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 3853 of EY Office Limited as Auditors of the opinion that the financial statements as at December 31, 2021 of financial position, performance and cash flows for the year of the Company and its subsidiary in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Consolidated Financial Statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited in 2022 were audited by Ms. Vissuta Jariyathanakorn Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 3853 of EY Office Limited as Auditors of the opinion that the financial statements as at December 31, 2022 of financial position, performance and cash flows for the year of the Company and its subsidiary in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Summary Financial Position and Performance

Table shows statement of financial statement, statement of comprehensive income, and cash flows statement in 2020 - 2022 as follows;

Statement of financial position	20)20	202	21	2022	
Statement of mancial position	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	394.92	0.88	471.30	0.83	601.20	0.87
Bank deposits with restriction	62.12	0.14	147.90	0.26	146.05	0.21
Current portion of hire purchase receivables	14,514.59	32.30	15,544.89	27.43	18,061.20	26.12
Current portion of financial lease receivables	288.10	0.64	403.21	0.71	464.48	0.67
Factoring receivables	63.38	0.14	64.86	0.12	16.39	0.02
Current portion of loan receivables	1,664.01	3.70	2,688.92	4.75	2,825.53	4.09
Other current financial assets	7.02	0.02	8.25	0.01	12.40	0.02
Assets foreclosed	95.98	0.21	122.07	0.22	556.55	0.81
Other current assets	246.04	0.55	465.79	0.82	478.44	0.69
Total current assets	17,336.16	38.58	19,917.19	35.15	23,162.24	33.50
Non-current assets						
Hire purchase receivables - long-term portion	25,367.34	56.46	33,292.82	58.75	41,173.77	59.54
Financial lease receivables - long-term portion	488.97	1.09	678.68	1.20	770.76	1.12
Loan receivables - long-term portion	1,069.49	2.38	1,722.93	3.04	2,532.05	3.66
Derivative assets	-	-	361.68	0.64	734.14	1.06
Other non-current financial assets	8.70	0.02	3.85	0.01	2.72	-
Land, building and equipment	170.45	0.38	157.68	0.28	186.75	0.27
Right-of-use assets	42.26	0.09	64.54	0.11	44.72	0.06
Intangible assets	13.27	0.03	10.96	0.02	15.87	0.02
Deferred tax assets	349.81	0.78	377.99	0.66	446.26	0.65
Other non-current assets	84.21	0.19	80.37	0.14	79.29	0.12
Total non-current assets	27,594.50	61.42	36,751.50	64.85	45,986.33	66.50
Total assets	44,930.66	100.00	56,668.69	100.00	69,148.57	100.00

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Statement of financial position	2020		2021		2022	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Liabilities and shareholders' equity						
Current liabilities						
Short-term loans from banks	4,030.00	8.97	3,780.00	6.67	500.00	0.72
Short term loan from related parties	1,000.00	2.23	500.00	0.88	-	-
Current portion of long-term loans from banks	2,269.78	5.05	5,009.67	8.84	5,649.18	8.17
Current portion of long-term loans from a related party	2,150.00	4.78	2,850.00	5.03	800.00	1.16
Other short-term loan	8,801.88	19.59	4,686.94	8.27	10,500.34	15.18
Current portion of long-term debentures	2,334.76	5.20	3,556.02	6.28	4,748.71	6.87
Short-term debentures	-	-	499.98	0.88	-	-
Current portion of leases liability	22.71	0.05	33.22	0.06	34.03	0.05
Amounts due to related parties	2.78	0.01	0.74	-	0.31	-
Income tax payable	126.11	0.28	182.15	0.32	200.66	0.29
Current portion of deposits relating to collateral						
customers	66.91	0.15	255.94	0.45	536.85	0.78
Other current liabilities	770.75	1.71	912.99	1.61	1,030.04	1.49
Total current liabilities	21,575.68	48.02	22,267.65	39.29	24,000.12	34.71
Non-current liabilities						
Long-term loans from banks	8,654.35	19.26	12,492.16	22.04	19,666.05	28.44
Long-term loans from a related party	3,650.00	8.12	3,600.00	6.35	2,800.00	4.05
Long-term debentures	4,836.75	10.77	8,018.45	14.15	11,458.51	16.57
Leases liabilities	20.39	0.05	32.84	0.06	12.05	0.02
Derivative liabilities	-	-	10.08	0.02	-	-
Deposit relating to collateral customers	346.41	0.77	812.90	1.44	770.24	1.11
Provision for long-term employee benefits	179.39	0.40	179.2	0.32	186.89	0.27
Other non-current liabilities	-	-	0.19	-	0.19	-
Total non-current liabilities	17,687.29	39.37	25,145.82	44.38	34,893.93	50.46
Total liabilities	39,262.97	87.39	47,413.47	83.67	58,894.05	85.17
Shareholders' equity						
Issued and fully paid-up	1,759.48	3.92	2,639.22	4.66	2,639.22	3.82
Share premium	715.42	1.59	2,824.82	4.98	2,824.82	4.08
Difference from restructuring of shareholding	4.19	0.01	4.19	0.01	4.19	0.01
Retained earnings						
Appropriated - statutory reserve	176.00	0.39	228.23	0.40	263.92	0.38
Retained earnings						
Unappropriated	3,015.01	6.71	3,575.20	6.31	4,455.83	6.44
Other components of equity	(2.41)	(0.01)	(16.44)	(0.03)	66.54	0.10
Total shareholders' equity	5,667.69	12.61	9,255.22	16.33	10,254.52	14.83
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	44,930.66	100.00	56,668.69	100.00	69,148.57	100.00

Source : Consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited for the Year 2020 - 2022 audited by certified public accountant.

Statement of comprehensive income	202	20	20	21	2022	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Revenues						
Interest income from loan receivables	3,183.90	88.55	3,807.93	86.26	4,862.80	86.47
Interest income from hire purchase agreements	2,857.62	79.48	3,288.02	74.48	4,168.89	74.13
Interest income from financial lease agreements	48.25	1.34	63.58	1.44	79.72	1.42
Interest income from factoring	8.22	0.23	2.88	0.07	2.38	0.04
Interest income from loan agreements	269.81	7.50	453.45	10.27	611.81	10.88
Service income	298.46	8.30	509.57	11.54	638.10	11.35
Service income from insurance broker	262.44	7.30	468.32	10.61	586.58	10.43
Other service income	36.02	1.00	41.25	0.93	51.52	0.92
Other income	113.25	3.15	96.88	2.19	122.70	2.18
Penalty income	90.89	2.53	76.81	1.74	89.94	1.6
Dividend income	0.19	0.01	0.19	0.00	0.12	0.00
Other	22.17	0.61	19.88	0.45	32.64	0.58
Total revenues	3,595.61	100.00	4,414.38	100.00	5,623.60	100.00
Expenses						
Selling expenses	233.87	6.50	305.04	6.91	355.04	6.32
Administrative expenses	754.23	20.98	744.18	16.86	771.62	13.72
Expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets						
foreclosed	557.29	15.50	816.72	18.50	1,264.88	22.49
Total expenses	1,545.39	42.98	1,865.94	42.27	2,391.54	42.53
Finance cost	929.65	25.85	1,039.13	23.54	1,335.61	23.75
Income tax expenses	237.51	6.61	306.51	6.94	384.31	6.83
Profit for the year	883.06	24.56	1,202.80	27.25	1,512.14	26.89
Other comprehensive income:						
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedges - net of income tax	-	-	(8.43)	(0.19)	86.47	1.54
Net changes in cost of hedging - net of income tax	-	-	(3.31)	(0.08)	(2.59)	(0.05)
Loss on changes in value of equity investments						
designated at fair value through other comprehensive						
income - net of income tax	(2.41)	(0.07)	(2.28)	(0.05)	(0.90)	(0.02)
Actuarial losses, net of income tax	(18.51)	(0.51)	7.40	0.17	5.65	0.11
Other comprehensive income for the year	(20.92)	(0.58)	(6.62)	(0.15)	88.63	1.58
Total comprehensive income for the year	862.14	23.98	1,196.18	27.10	1,600.77	28.47

Source : Consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited for the Year 2020 - 2022 audited by certified public accountant.



(Unit : Million Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements			
Cash flow statement	2020	2021	2022	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before tax	1,120.57	1,509.32	1,896.45	
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash				
provided by (paid from) operating activities:				
Expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosed	557.29	816.72	1,264.88	
Depreciation of building and equipment	27.08	26.67	28.1	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	33.55	34.49	35.52	
Amortization of intangible assets	2.38	2.34	2.43	
Provision for long-term employee benefits	17.11	19.11	17.55	
Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicle	(0.98)	(1.49)	(1.42)	
Loss (gain) from revaluation of investments	1.58	(1.23)	(4.15)	
Dividend income	(0.19)	(0.19)	(0.12)	
Interest income	(3,183.90)	(3,807.94)	(4,862.80)	
Finance costs	929.65	1,039.13	1,335.61	
Loss from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities	(495.86)	(363.07)	(287.95)	
Decrease (increase) in operating assets				
Bank deposits with restriction	(3.07)	(85.77)	1.85	
Hire purchase receivables	(2,090.63)	(9,929.21)	(12,229.53)	
Financial lease receivables	(169.27)	(304.97)	(17.10)	
Factoring receivables	108.69	(1.38)	12.39	
Loan receivables	(1,004.30)	(1,821.20)	(1,212.00)	
Assets foreclosed	(141.17)	309.88	439.20	
Other current assets	(15.62)	(229.68)	(17.29)	
Other non-current assets	(293.10)	59.43	86.77	
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities				
Amounts due to related party	0.05	(0.18)	-	
Deposit relating to collateral customers	337.92	655.52	245.49	
Other current liabilities	(0.40)	114.46	100.04	
Other non-current liabilities	-	0.19	-	
Cash used in operating activities	(3,766.76)	(11,595.98)	(13,031.98)	
Cash paid for long-term employee benefits	(3.03)	(10.05)	(2.81)	
Compensation for loss on assets foreclosed	4.45	12.41	21.02	
Cash received from bad debts recovery	47.50	81.70	165.84	
Cash received from interest	3,072.65	3,631.80	460.13	
Cash paid for interest expenses	(1,100.83)	(959.06)	(1,548.09)	
Cash paid for corporate income tax	(242.32)	(287.73)	(456.16)	
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,988.34)	(9,126.91)	(10,250.89)	

(Unit : Million Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		
Cash flow statement	2020	2021	2022
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisitions of building and equipment	(32.35)	(14.13)	(57.17)
Acquisitions of intangible assets	(5.20)	(0.04)	(7.34)
Proceeds from disposals of equipment and vehicle	0.98	1.72	1.42
Dividend income	0.19	0.19	0.12
Acquisitions of investment in a subsidiary	-	2.01	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(36.38)	(10.25)	(62.97)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Increase (decrease) in short-term loans from banks	(730.00)	(250.00)	(3,280.00)
Increase (decrease) in short-term loans from a related party	940.00	(500.00)	(500.00)
Increase (decrease) in other short-term loans	8,855.00	(4,155.00)	5,835.00
Repayment of long-term loans from a related party	(12,050.00)	500.00	(500.00)
Proceeds from long-term debentures issuance	8,160.00	8,493.00	12,554.40
Repayment of long-term loan from banks	1,500.00	2,000.00	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	(4,700.00)	(2,270.00)	(5,010.00)
Repayment of long-term debentures	-	(1,350.00)	(2,850.00)
Proceeds from share capital increase	3,185.00	6,723.00	8,395.00
Repayments of long-term debentures	(2,560.00)	(2,335.00)	(3,563.50)
Payments of lease liabilities	(32.70)	(33.81)	(35.69)
Proceeds from share capital increase	-	2,989.14	-
Dividend paid	(605.26)	(597.79)	(601.45)
Net cash from financing activities	1,962.04	9,213.54	10,443.76
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(62.68)	76.38	129.90
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	457.60	394.92	471.30
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	394.92	471.30	601.20

Source : Consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited for the Year 2020 - 2022 audited by certified public accountant



Financial ratio

		Consolidated financial statements		
Financial Ratio		2020	2021	2022
Profitability ratio				
Interest revenue 1/	(%)	7.65	7.83	8.03
Interest expense 1/	(%)	2.50	2.55	2.63
Interest spread	(%)	5.15	5.28	5.40
Net profit margin	(%)	24.56	27.26	26.89
Return on equity	(%)	16.27	15.67	15.69
Efficiency Ratio				
Return on asset	(%)	2.02	2.37	2.38
Cost to income	(%)	37.04	31.07	26.26
Asset turnover	(Times)	0.08	0.09	0.09
Leverage Ratio				
Debt to equity	(Times)	6.93	5.12	5.74
Lending to borrowings	(Times)	1.17	1.23	1.19
Asset Quality Ratio				
Allowance for expected credit losses to total lending	(%)	2.32	2.39	2.61
Bad debt to total lending	(%)	0.96	1.35	1.98
NPL to total lendings	(%)	2.87	2.71	3.47
Allowance for expected credit losses to NPL	(%)	81.04	88.33	75.04

Note : ^{1/} Interest revenue is an Effective Rate and interest expense includes aval and guarantee fees.

4.2 Financial Position and Operating Performance analysis

Overview of the Historical Financial Position and Operating Performance

Overview of the historical financial position and operating performance from 2020 - 2022 are as follow;

	20	2021			2022		
	Million Baht	Change YoY (Percent)	Million Baht	Change YoY (Percent)	Million Baht	Change YoY (Percent)	
	44,000,00		50.000.00		00 4 40 57		
Assets	44,930.66	7.45	56,668.69	26.12	69,148.57	22.02	
Liabilities	39,262.97	7.89	47,413.47	20.76	58,894.05	24.21	
Shareholders' equity	5,667.69	4.49	9,255.22	63.30	10,254.52	10.80	
Revenues							
Interest income from loan receivables	3,183.90	9.36	3,807.93	19.60	4,862.80	27.70	
Service income	298.46	2.26	509.56	69.81	638.10	25.22	
Other income	113.25	(20.62)	96.88	(14.45)	122.70	26.65	
Total revenues	3,595.61	7.46	4,414.38	22.77	5,623.60	27.39	
Expenses							
Selling and administrative expenses	988.10	4.61	1,049.22	6.19	1,126.66	7.38	
Expected credit losses and							
impairment loss on assets foreclosed	557.29	19.33	816.72	46.55	1,264.88	54.87	
Finance cost	929.65	8.26	1,039.13	11.78	1,335.61	28.53	
Total expenses - exclude income tax							
expense	2,475.04	9.02	2,905.07	17.37	3,727.15	28.30	
Profit for the year	883.06	1.56	1,202.84	36.21	1,512.14	25.72	
Earning per share* (Baht)	2.51	1.62	2.62	4.38	2.86	9.16	
Disbursement	20,367.86	10.01	30,843.76	51.43	35,606.68	15.44	
Total portfolio - before allowance							
for expected credit losses	44,489.77	7.72	55,728.79	25.26	67,605.39	21.31	
Total portfolio - Net	43,455.88	7.73	54,396.31	25.18	65,844.18	21.05	

* Weighted average

The shareholders' equity as of December 31, 2022 was THB 10,254.52 million, increased by 10.80 percent from THB 9,255.22 million at the end of 2021. This was resulted from a good operating performance that reflected on a rise in the Company's retain earnings. The Company had registered capital of THB 2,639.22 million and retained earnings of THB 4,719.75 million.

Total revenues in 2022 amounted to THB 5,623.60 million increased by 27.39 percent from THB 4,414.38 million in 2021 as a result of a growth in portfolio. The major sources of revenues were from interest income form loan receivables which mainly were interest income from hire purchase business, accounted for 74.13 percent of total revenue in 2022 and 74.48 of total revenue in 2021.

The total profit for the year 2022 amounted to THB 1,512.14 million increased by 25.72 percent from THB 1,202.80 million in 2021. The net profit margin ratio in 2022 was 26.89 percent decreased from 27.25 percent in 2021. The return on equity ratio in 2022 was 15.69 percent, slightly increased from 15.66 percent at the end of 2021.



The total portfolio before allowance for expected credit losses in 2022 amounted to THB 67,605.39 million, increased from THB 55,728.79 million in 2021 or increased by 21.31 percent. The NPLs ratio at the end of 2022 was at 3.47 percent of the total portfolio, increased from 2.71 percent at the end of 2021. This was the result of an increase in delinquency of the Company and its subsidiary. The allowance for expected credit losses to NPLs ratio was 75.04 percent at the end of 2022, increased from 88.35 percent at the end of 2021.

Operating Performance by Business

Revenues

The total revenues of the Company and its subsidiaries during 2020 - 2022 equaled to THB 3,595.61 million, THB 4,414.38 million and THB 5,623.60 million respectively. The major sources of revenues were an interest income from loan receivables and service income.

Interest income from loan receivables

Interest income from loan receivables in 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 3,183.90 million, THB 3,807.93 million and THB 4,862.80 million respectively. Interest income in 2021 increased 19.60 percent from 2020 and interest income in 2022 increased 27.70 percent from 2021. Interest income from loan receivables in 2020 - 2022 accounted for 88.55 percent 86.26 percent and 86.47 percent of total revenues respectively.

Interest income from hire purchase agreements

Interest Income from hire purchase agreements during 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 2,857.62 million, THB 3,288.02 million and THB 4,168.89 million, respectively. The hire-purchase interest income in 2021 increased by 15.06 percent from 2020, income in 2022 increased by 26.79 percent from 2021 due to the expansion in the hire purchase portfolio. The hire-purchase account receivables before allowance for expected credit losses at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 equaled to THB 40,734.27 million, THB 49,888.06 million and THB 60,637.60 million respectively. The hire-purchase interest income accounted for 79.48 percent, 74.48 percent and 74.13 percent of the total revenues of the Company and its subsidiaries during the year 2020 - 2022 respectively.

Interest income from financial lease agreements

Interest income from financial leases agreements of the subsidiary (Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Plc.) during 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 48.25 million, THB 63.58 million and THB 79.72 million respectively. Income in 2021 increased by 31.77 percent from 2020 and income in 2022 increased by 25.39 percent from 2021. The increase was mainly from an increase in financial lease portfolio in accordance of increase of disbursement. The financial lease receivables before allowance for expected credit losses at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 equaled to THB 810.62 million, THB 1,114.15 million and 1,255.42 THB million respectively. Interest income from financial leases accounted for 1.34 percent, 1.44 percent and 1.42 percent of the total revenues of the Company and its subsidiaries respectively.

Interest income from factoring business

Interest income from factoring business of the subsidiary (Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Plc.) during 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 8.22 million, THB 2.88 million and THB 2.36 million respectively. Income in 2021 decreased by 64.96 percent from 2020 and income in 2022 decreased by 17.36 percent from 2021. The decreases in factoring income were resulted from a drop in factoring disbursement due to the stringent credit policy of subsidiary. The factoring receivables before allowance for expected credit losses at end of the year 2020 - 2022 equaled to THB 125.36 million, THB 126.84 million and 16.49 THB million respectively. Factoring income accounted for 0.23 percent, 0.07 percent and 0.04 percent of the total revenues of the Company and its subsidiaries respectively.

Interest income from loan agreements

Interest income from loan business during 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 269.81 million, THB 453.45 million and 611.81 THB million respectively. Income in 2021 increased by 68.06 percent from 2020, income in 2022 increased by 34.92 percent from 2021 due to the expansion in the loan portfolio. The loan account receivables before allowance for expected credit losses at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 equaled to THB 2,819.52 million, THB 4,599.74 million and THB 5,695.88 million respectively. The interest income accounted for 7.50 percent, 10.27 percent and 10.88 percent of the total revenues of the Company and its subsidiaries during the year 2020 - 2022 respectively.

Service incomes

Service incomes during 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 298.46 million, THB 509.57 million and THB 638.10 million respectively. Service incomes comprised of service income from insurance broker business, fee and other service incomes. Service incomes were mainly from service income from insurance broker business which accounted for 91.93 percent of service income in 2022.

Service income from insurance broker business

Service income from insurance broker business during 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 262.44 million, THB 468.32 million and THB 586.58 million respectively. This income in 2021 increased by 78.45 percent from 2020, income in 2022 increased by 25.25 percent from 2021 due to an increase of disbursement and penetration rate.

Other Incomes

Other incomes included penalty income, dividend income and etc. Other incomes from the Company and its subsidiaries during 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 113.25 million, THB 96.88 million and THB 122.70 million respectively. Other incomes in 2021 decreased by 14.45 percent from 2020 and other incomes in 2022 decreased by 26.65 percent from 2021. Such increases were mainly attributable to a decrease in penalty income.

Expenses

The Company and its subsidiaries' expenses (including expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosed and finance cost, excluding income tax expenses) during 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 2,475.04 million, THB 2,905.07 million and THB 3,727.15 million respectively. The expenses in 2021 increased by 17.37 percent from 2020 and expenses in 2022 increased by 28.30 percent from 2021. The major source of expenses was selling and administrative expenses whereas the other sources of expenses included, finance cost and expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosed/ bad debt and doubtful accounts expenses as below:



Selling and administrative expenses

Selling and administrative expenses of the Company and its subsidiaries during 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 988.10 million, THB 1,049.22 million and THB 1,126.66 million respectively. Selling and administrative expenses in 2021 increased by 6.19 percent from 2020 and the expenses in 2022 increased by 7.38 percent from 2021. This increase was due to the growth of disbursement while the Company had better efficiency. The cost to income ratio in 2022 was 26.26 percent, decreased from 31.07 percent in 2021. Selling and administrative expenses accounted for 39.92 percent, 36.12 percent and 30.23 percent of the total expenses exclude income tax expenses of the Company and its subsidiaries during 2020 - 2022 respectively. The selling and administrative expenses were mainly employee expenses.

Expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosed/ Bad debts and doubtful accounts expenses

Expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosed expenses of the Company and its subsidiary during 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 557.29 million, 816.72 THB and THB 1,264.88 million respectively. Expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosed in 2021 increased by 46.55 percent from 2020, and in 2022 increased by 54.87 percent from 2021. This was due to a write-off and an increase in delinquency both from the Company and the subsidiary. The Company had expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosel ratio in 2020 - 2022 equal to 1.34 percent, 1.68 percent and 2.09 percent respectively. The expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosed accounted for 22.52 percent, 28.11 percent and 33.94 percent of total expenses exclude income tax expenses during 2020 - 2022 respectively.

Financial Cost

Financial cost was the main cost of the Company's business which consisted of interest expenses and guarantee fees. The financial cost of the Company and its subsidiaries during 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 929.65 million, THB 1,039.13 million and THB 1,335.61 million respectively. Financial cost in 2021 increased by 11.78 percent from 2020. Financial cost in 2022 increased by 28.53 percent from 2021 due to an increase of the borrowings amount to support the portfolio expansion and an increase of interest rate duet to the fact that the Company increased long term loan to reduce liquidity risk. The interest expense rate in 2020 - 2022 were equal to 2.49 percent, 2.55 percent and 2.63 percent respectively. During the year 2020 - 2022, the financial cost accounted for 37.56 percent, 35.77 percent and 35.83 percent of the total expenses exclude income tax expense respectively.

Profit for the year

Profits during the year 2020 - 2022 for the Company and its subsidiaries amounted to THB 883.06 million, THB 1,202.80 million and THB 1,512.14 million respectively. The profit in 2021 increased by 36.21 percent from 2020 and profit in 2022 increased by 25.72 percent from 2021. This increase was a result of the Company's improvement in operating efficiency and cost management. Net profit margin ratio during the year 2020 - 2022 equaled to 24.56 percent, 27.25 percent and 26.89 percent respectively. The earning per weighted average shares during the year 2020 - 2022 equaled to THB 2.51 per share, THB 2.62 per share and THB 2.86 per share respectively.

Financial Status Analysis

Assets

The total assets of the Company and its subsidiaries at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 44,930.66 million, THB 56,668.69 million and THB 69,148.57 million respectively. Total assets at the end of 2021 increased by 26.12 percent from end of 2020 and total assets at the end of 2022 increased by 22.02 percent from end of 2021. The increase in total assets was mainly due to a growth of the number of the hire-purchase account receivables (net of allowance for expected credit losses) which were the main assets of the Company and its subsidiaries which accounted for 88.76 percent, 86.18 percent and 85.66 percent of the total assets at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 respectively. The main assets of the Company and its subsidiaries which accounted for 88.76 percent, 86.18 percent and 85.66 percent of the total assets at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 respectively. The main assets of the Company and its subsidiaries which accounted for 88.76 percent, 86.18 percent and 85.66 percent of the total assets at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 respectively. The main assets of the Company and its subsidiaries which accounted for 88.76 percent, 86.18 percent and 85.66 percent of the total assets at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 respectively. The main assets of the Company and its subsidiaries were summarized as follows:

Total portfolio

Total portfolio (net of allowance for expected credit losses) of the Company and its subsidiary at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 43,455.88 million, THB 54,396.30 million and THB 65,844.18 million respectively. Total portfolio at the end of 2021 increased by 25.18 percent from end of 2020 and total assets at the end of 2022 increased by 21.05 percent from end of 2021. The detail of types of portfolio are as follow;

Hire-Purchase Receivables

The hire-purchase receivables (net of allowance for expected credit losses) of the Company and its subsidiary at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 39,881.93 million, THB 48,837.71 million and THB million respectively. The hire-purchase receivables at the end of 2021 increased by 22.46 percent from end of 2020 and hire-purchase receivables at the end of 2022 increased by 21.29 percent from end of 2021. Such increases were mainly due to a growth of the hire-purchase disbursement of the Company and its subsidiary. The disbursement in 2022 amounted to THB 30,024.62 million increased 50.99 percent from THB 25,431.57 million in 2021.

Financial Lease Receivables

The financial lease receivable (net of allowance for expected credit losses) of the subsidiary (Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Plc.) at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 777.07 million, THB 1,081.89 million and THB 1,235.24 million respectively. Financial lease receivables at the end of 2021 increased by 39.23 percent from end of 2020 and financial lease receivables at the end of 2022 increased by 14.17 percent from end of 2021 from an increase of disbursement. Financial lease disbursement in 2022 amounted to THB 656.69 million slightly decreased from THB 674.15 million from 2021.

Loan Receivables

The loan receivables (net of allowance for expected credit losses/ doubtful accounts) of the Company and its subsidiary at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 2,733.50 million, THB 4,411.85 million and THB 5,357.58 million respectively. The loan receivables at the end of 2021 increased by 61.40 percent from end of 2020 and loan receivables at the end of 2022 increased by 21.44 percent from end of 2021. The increase in the loan receivables were mainly from to a growth of the disbursement of the Company and its subsidiary. The disbursement in 2022 amounted to THB 4,925.36 million increased 3.95 percent from THB 4,738.04 million in 2021. The majority of disbursement were from loan of the subsidiary in the amount of THB 2,440.50 and the car loan of the Company in the amount of THB 1,431.55 million.



Quality of Receivables of the Company and its subsidiary

The Company and its subsidiary had the customer's status classification under Thai Financial Report Standard 9 to assess the quality of the receivables. The Company classify receivables status by state of credit risk.

Table of the balance of hire purchase receivables of the Company and its subsidiary classified by State of credit risk as at December 31, 2022

State of credit risk	Amount		Allowance for expected
	(Million Baht)	Percent	credit losses
Receivables with no significant increase in credit risk (State 1)	54,402.94	89.72	517.83
Receivables with a significant increase in credit risk (State 2)	4,346.66	7.17	444.83
Receivables that are credit-impaired (State 3)	1,888.00	3.11	439.97
Total	60,637.60	100.00	1,402.63
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	1,402.63		
Hire purchase lease receivables - net	59,234.97		

Note : * The hire purchase receivables were calculated from the hire purchase receivables before subtracting allowance for expected credit risk.

Table of the balance of financial lease receivables of the subsidiary classified by State of credit risk as at December 31, 2022

State of credit risk	Amount		Allowance for expected
	(Million Baht)	Percent	credit losses
Receivables with no significant increase in credit risk (State 1)	1,221.68	97.31	5.72
Receivables with a significant increase in credit risk (State 2)	8.64	0.69	2.23
Receivables that are credit-impaired (State 3)	25.10	2.00	12.23
Total	1,255.42	100.00	20.18
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	20.18		
Financial lease receivables - net	1,235.24		

Note: * The financial lease receivables were calculated from the financial lease receivables before subtracting allowance for expected credit risk.

Table of the balance of factoring receivables of the subsidiary classified by State of credit risk as at December 31, 2022

State of credit risk	Amount		Allowance for expected
	(Million Baht)	Percent	credit losses
Receivables with no significant increase in credit risk (State 1)	16.39	99.40	-
Receivables with a significant increase in credit risk (State 2)	-	-	-
Receivables that are credit-impaired (State 3)	0.10	0.60	0.10
Total	16.49	100.00	0.10
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	0.10		
Factoring receivables - net	16.39		

Note : * The factoring receivables were calculated from the factoring receivables before subtracting allowance for expected credit risk.

Table of the balance of loan receivables of the Company and its subsidiary classified by State of credit risk as at December 31, 2022

State of credit risk	Amount (Million Baht)	Percent	Allowance for expected credit losses
Receivables with no significant increase in credit risk (State 1)	5,025.86	88.24	41.99
Receivables with a significant increase in credit risk (State 2)	236.15	4.14	52.46
Receivables that are credit-impaired (State 3)	433.87	7.62	243.85
Total	5,695.88	100.00	338.30
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	338.30		
Loan receivables - net	5,357.58		

Note: * The loan receivables were calculated from the loan receivables before subtracting allowance for expected credit risk.

Non-performing loans to total lending (NPL ratio) at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 of the Company and its subsidiary were at 2.87 percent 2.71 percent and 3.47 percent respectively.



The adequacy of the Company and its subsidiary's provision for expected credit losses

The Company and its subsidiary have adequate provision for expected credit losses. Management judgement is used in estimating the allowance for expected credit losses of debtors who are having problems making principal and/or interest payments, with management taking into consideration analysis of debtor status performed on an individual and a group basis, the probability of default, estimated losses arising from the default, historical collection experience, collateral value, statistical data and economic factors. These are used in determining assumptions and forward-looking scenarios, as well as probability weighted outcomes. In addition, the management sets aside an additional allowance for expected credit losses to account for the uncertainties around future events that have not yet been reflected in the model (Management overlay), based on the assessment and judgement of the management. In 2021 and 2022 the management have decided to record management overlay after careful consideration of various factors and the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic, which has resulted in an economic slowdown and could affect the credit quality of receivables in the future, as well as temporary measures to provide debt relief under which receivables are restaged in a way that not fully reflect the credit quality and expected credit loss.

The allowance for expected credit losses to NPL ratio at the end of 2022 was 75.04 percent, reflecting the adequacy of the provision for credit losses of the Company and its subsidiary.

Land, Building and Equipment and Intangible assets

Land, Building and Equipment and Intangible assets (Intangible assets such as computer programs) of the Company and its subsidiaries at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 183.72 million, THB 168.64 million and THB 202.62 million respectively.

Assets Foreclosed

Assets foreclosed of the Company and its subsidiary such as vehicles and equipment repossessed from contractual customers' default, at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 95.98 million, THB 122.07 million and THB 556.55 million respectively, comprised of 169 contracts, 217 contracts and 587 contracts respectively which considered to be very low comparing to the total numbers of contracts at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to 49,353 contracts, 55,641 contracts and 63,279 contracts respectively. This was resulted from the Company and its subsidiary's efficient in control system and collection process along with high liquidity of financed assets.

Total Liabilities

liabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 39,262.97 million, THB 47,413.47 million and THB 58,894.05 million respectively. The total liabilities at the end of 2021 increased 20.76 percent from end of 2020 and total liabilities at the end of 2022 increased 24.21 percent from end of 2021. The increases in liabilities were mainly from an increase in the borrowings to support disbursement and the growth of portfolio.

Table presents details of total liabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries

(Million baht)

	As at December 31,					
Liabilities	20	20	20	21	2022	
	THB million	%	THB million	%	THB million	%
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from banks	4,030.00	10.26	3,780.00	7.97	500.00	0.85
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from related	1,000.00	2.55	500.00	1.05	-	-
party						
Current portion of long-term loans from banks	2,269.78	5.78	5,009.67	10.57	5,649.18	9.59
Current portion of long-term loans from related party	2,150.00	5.47	2,850.00	6.01	800.00	1.36
Other short-term loan	8,801.88	22.42	4,686.94	9.89	10,500.34	17.83
Current portion of long-term debentures	2,334.76	5.95	3,556.02	7.50	4,748.71	8.06
Short-term debentures	-	-	499.98	1.05	-	-
Total current borrowings	20,586.42	52.43	20,882.61	44.04	22,198.23	37.69
Long-term loans from banks	8,654.35	22.04	12,492.16	26.35	19,666.05	33.39
Long-term loans from related party	3,650.00	9.30	3,600.00	7.59	2,800.00	4.75
Long-term debentures	4,836.75	12.32	8,018.45	16.91	11,458.51	19.46
Total non-current borrowings	17,141.10	43.66	24,110.61	50.85	33,924.56	57.60
Total borrowings	37,727.52	96.09	44,993.22	94.89	56,122.79	95.29
Other liabilities 1/	1,535.45	3.91	2,420.25	5.11	2,771.26	4.71
Total liabilities	39,262.97	100.00	47,413.47	100.00	58,894.05	100.00

Source : Audited 2020 - 2022 consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited.

Note : ^{1/} Other liabilities consisted of lease liabilities, amounts due to related parties, income tax payable, other current liabilities, rental deposit, derivative liabilities, and provision for long-term employee benefit, etc.

The Company and its subsidiaries had short-term borrowings (Including the current portion of long-term borrowings that due within 1 year) at the end of 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 20,586.42 million, THB 20,882.61 million and THB 22,198.23 million respectively, or equaled to 52.43 percent, 44.04 percent and 37.69 percent of total liabilities at the end of 2020 - 2022 respectively.

Debt to equity ratio of the Company and its subsidiaries at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 equaled to 6.93 times, 5.12 times and 5.74 times respectively.

Shareholders' equity

Shareholders' equity of the Company and its subsidiaries at the end of the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 5,667.69 million, THB 9,255.22 million and THB 10,254.52 million respectively. The good operating performance raised the retained earnings. In 2022, the retained earnings at the end of 2022 equaled to THB 4,719.76 million, increased from THB 3,803.43 million in 2021.

Return on equity during 2020 - 2022 equaled 16.27 percent, 15.66 percent and 15.66 respectively.



Liquidity

As at December 31, 2022 the loan repayment and the installment to be obtained in different period were summarized as follows:

		(Million Baht)
Period	Loan Repayment Due	Installment to be Obtained from Debtor
Within 1 year	22,254.50	25,690.57
More than 1 year but not more than 2 years	24,398.00	17,319.83
More than 2 years but not more than 3 years	8,944.40	18,100.40
More than 3 years	-	15,532.86
Stop accrued account receivables	-	-
Total	55,596.90	76,643.66

The Company and its subsidiaries have the installment expected to be obtained within 1 year more than loan repayment due in 1 year which indicate the adequacy of financial liquidity. The Company and its subsidiaries have improved the funding structure by gradually increasing the long-term borrowings to short-term borrowings ratio to prevent liquidity risk. In the end of 2021, the Company and its subsidiaries had long-term borrowings to short-term borrowings ratio at 80 : 20

In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries still have the unused credit line from financial institutions amounting to approximately THB 11,631 million. These factors reflected the credibility and sufficiency in the financial status of the Company and its subsidiaries.

	As at December 31,					
Borrowings	202	20	202	21	202	22
	THB million	%	THB million	%	THB million	%
Short-term borrowings-excluding the current						
portion of long-term borrowings	13,831.88	36.66	9,466.92	21.04	11,000.34	19.60
Long-term borrowings-including the current						
portion	23,895.64	63.34	35,526.30	78.96	45,122.45	80.40
Total borrowings	37,727.52	100.00	44,993.22	100.00	56,122.79	100.00

Cash Flow

The Company and its subsidiaries had the profit before tax during the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 1,120.57 million, THB 1,509.32 million and THB 1,896.45 million respectively. After adjusting the non-cash expenditures and the change in assets and liabilities, the Company and its subsidiaries had the net cash flow used in operating activities during the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 1,988.34 million, THB 9,126.91 million and THB 10,250.90 million respectively. This was mainly resulted from an increase in hire purchase receivables during the year 2020 - 2022 by THB 2,090.63 million, THB 9,929.21 million and 12,229.53 THB million respectively and the increase in loan receivables during the year 2020 - 2022 by THB 1,004.30 million, THB 1,821.20 million and THB 1,212.00 million respectively.

The net cash flow used in investing activities of the Company and its subsidiaries during the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 36.38 million, THB 10.25 million and THB 62.97 million respectively. The net cash flow used in 2022 increased from 2021 due to an investment in assets of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Moreover, the net cash flow from financing activities of the Company and its subsidiaries during the year 2020 - 2022 amounted to THB 1,962.04 million, THB 9,213.54 million and THB 10,443.76 million respectively. The increase in 2022 was mainly from long-term borrowings and debentures.

Fulfillment of borrowing covenant obligation

The Company has to comply with the borrowing covenant by maintaining debt to equity ratio of not more than 10 times which the Company has always fulfilled the obligation. As of December 2022, the Company has debt to equity ratio at 5.74 times.

Relief measures to assist customers who were affected from COVID-19

The Company and its subsidiary provided debt restructuring measure to assist customer who were affected from Covid 19 pandemic. As of December 31, 2022 the company and its subsidiary had debts which are under the measures to assist customer totally 9.08 percent of total portfolio of the Company and its subsidiary.

4.3 Factors that may significantly affect the financial status or operations in the future (forward looking)

Factors that may significantly affect the Company's operations consists of economic conditions, interest rates and automobile industry. The details are as follows;

The Company expects the year 2023 to be the year of steady economic recovery. Thai GDP in 2023 is forecasted to grow around 3.2 percent from 2022. Supported by the government's stimulus programs, domestic demand and consumption should gradually gain steam along with consumer confidence. Private investment could expand alongside with the government infrastructure projects. While the high level of household debt and the conflict between Russia and Ukraine could slow down the economic gains.

For interest rate trend, the Company expects that the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) will gradually increase the policy rate to 2.00 percent per year at the end of 2023. The policy is in line with the trend of economic recovery and inflation..

The domestic new car sales in 2023 are expected to increase to 900,000 units or growth 6.0 percent along with the economic recovery. The government mega infrastructure projects still drive the demand for construction vehicles, equipment and related transportation.



5. General information and other material facts

5.1 General information

Company Name : Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited

Address :	Head Office	Sathorn City Tower, 24 th Floor, 175 South Sathorn Road, Thungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok 10120 Tel. 0-2679-6226, 0-2679-6262 Fax. 0-2679-6241-3
	Rayong Branch	Number 6, 8 Sukhumvit Road, Tha Pradu, Mueang, Rayong 21000 Tel. 0-3861-2185, 0-3861-7380, 0-3886-0153-5 Fax. 0-3886-0156
	Samut Sakhon Branch	Number 199/193-4, Moo 3, Nadi, Mueang Samut Sakhon, Samut Sakhon 74000
		Tel. 0-3444-6958-63 Fax. 0-3444-6964
	Phitsanulok Branch	Number 9/7-9, Moo 5, Ban Khlong, Mueang Phitsanulok,
		Phitsanulok 65000
		Tel. 0-5521-6566 Fax. 0-5528-2630
	Chiang Rai Branch	Number 478/4-5, Moo 5, Rim Kok, Mueang Chiang Rai,
		Chiang Rai 57100
		Tel. 0-5316-6981-83 Fax. 0-5316-6984
	Khon Kaen Branch	Number 161/7-8, Moo 5, Old Town, Mueang Khon Kaen,
		Khon Kaen 40000
		Tel. 0-4346-7031-34 Fax. 0-4346-7030
	Ubon Ratchathani Branch	Number 941/18-19 Chayangkun Road, Nai Mueang,
		Mueang Ubon Ratchathani, Ubon Ratchathani 34000
		Tel. 0-4531-1512-14 Fax. 0-4531-1524
	Lampang Branch	Number 108/7 Highway-Lampang-Ngao Road, Phrabat,
		Mueang Lampang, Lampang 52000
		Tel. 0-5482-1990-92 Fax. 0-5482-1993
	Nakhon Ratchasima Branch	Number 1444/23-24 Village Moo 13, Johor,
		Mueang Nakhon Ratchasima, Nakhon Ratchasima 30310
		Tel. 0-4437-0267-68 Fax. 0-4437-0266
	Udon Thani Branch	Number 12/9-10, Moo 2, Nadi, Mueang Udon Thani,
		Udon Thani 41000
		Tel. 0-4234-7594-96 Fax. 0-4234-7597
	Mukdahan Branch	Number 111/4 Phithaksantirat Rd. Sibunruang, Mueang Mukdahan,
		Mukdahan 49000
		Tel. 0-4261-4045-47 Fax. 0-4261-4048
	Sa Kaeo Branch	Number 354/78 Suwannasorn Rd., Sa Kaeo, Mueang Sa Kaeo,
		Sa Kaeo 27000
		Tel. 0-3742-1937
	Kanchanaburi Branch	Number 65/30-31, Moo 9, Pak Phraek, Mueang Kanchanaburi,
		Kanchanaburi 71000
		Tel. 0-3451-8462-4 Fax. 0-3451-8465

	Nakhon Sawan Brai	ncl	n Number 105/10-11, Moo 9, Wat Sai, Mueang Nakhon Sawan,
			Nakhon Sawan 60000
			Tel. 0-5605-3957-59 Fax. 0-5605-3955
	Chiang Mai Branch		Number 161/60, Moo 4, Nong Pa Khrang, Mueang Chiang Mai,
			Chiang Mai 50000
			Tel. 0-5324-0971-3 Fax. 0-5324-0974
	Surat Thani Branch		Number 88/41-42, Moo 5, Kanchanawithi Road, Bang Kung,
			Mueang Surat Thani, Surat Thani 84000
			Tel. 0-7720-3405-7 Fax. 0-7720-3409
	Chonburi Branch		Number 379/15, Moo 3, Nong Kham, Si Racha, Chonburi 20110
			Tel. 0-3819-8346-7, 0-3811-1644-5 Fax. 0-3819-8350
	Songkhla Branch		Number 299/14 Moo 2, Sanambin-Lopburiramet Road,
			Khuan Lang, Hat Yai, Songkhla 90110
			Tel. 0-7423-6231-4 Fax. 0-7423-6235
Homepage		:	www.ask.co.th
Company registration	on number	:	0107546000393
Type of business		:	The main business is automobile hire purchase loans.
Number of shares is	ssued and fully paid	:	527,843,640 Ordinary shares (As at December 31, 2022)
Par value		:	5 Baht per share
Credit Rating		:	BBB+ Stable outlook (Rated by TRIS Rating Co., Ltd. on October 15, 2022)

Information of the subsidiaries

Company Name	:	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
Head Office	:	Sathorn City Tower, 10/1 Floor, 175 South Sathorn Road,
		Thungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok 10120
		Tel. 0-2679-6226, 0-2679-6262 Fax. 0-2679-6241-3
Type of business	:	Vehicle and machine hire purchase and leasing, loan for business,
		factoring, and services for registration.
Number of shares issued and fully paid	:	109,625,000 Ordinary shares (As of December 31, 2022)
Par value	:	10 Baht per share
Company Name	:	SK Insurance Broker Co., Ltd.
Head Office	:	Sathorn City Tower, 25/1 Floor, 175 South Sathorn Road,
		Thungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok 10120
		Tel. 0-2679-6226, 0-2679-6262 Fax. 0-2679-6258
Type of business	:	Insurance broker business
Number of shares issued and fully paid	:	1,000,000 Ordinary shares (As of December 31, 2022)
Par value	:	10 Baht per share



Company Secretary	:	Mr. Danai Lapaviwat
Address	:	Sathorn City Tower, 24 th Floor, 175 South Sathorn Road,
		Thungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok 10120
		Tel. 0-2679-6226, 0-2679-6262 Fax. 0-2679-6241-3
Securities registrar	:	Thailand Securities Depository Co., Ltd.
Address	:	93 Ratchadaphisek Road, Din Daeng, Bangkok 10400
		Tel. 0-2009-9000 Fax. 0-2009-9991
Debenture Registrar	:	Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited
Debenture Registrar Address	:	Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited 1222 Rama III Road, Bangphongphang, Yannawa, Bangkok 10120
-	:	
Address	:	1222 Rama III Road, Bangphongphang, Yannawa, Bangkok 10120 Tel. 0-2296-2000, 0-2683-1000 Fax. 0-2683-1304
Address Auditor	:	1222 Rama III Road, Bangphongphang, Yannawa, Bangkok 10120 Tel. 0-2296-2000, 0-2683-1000 Fax. 0-2683-1304 EY Office Limited
Address	:	1222 Rama III Road, Bangphongphang, Yannawa, Bangkok 10120 Tel. 0-2296-2000, 0-2683-1000 Fax. 0-2683-1304

5.2 Other material facts

- None -

- 5.3 Legal disputes
 - None -

5.4 Secondary market

- None -

5.5 Financial institution with regular contact

- None -





Part 2

Corporate Governance

6. Corporate Governance Policy

The Company establishes the operational policy concerning corporate governance system of the management in order to maximize the efficiency of the Company's management. The Company's Board of Directors sets out the Code of Best Practice for directors of a listed company to comply with the guidelines of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Corporate Governance Code for Listed companies 2017 of the Securities and Exchange Commission to enhance the transparency and effectiveness of the management which will create confidence to the shareholders, investors and all stakeholders.

6.1 Overview of the Policy and Guidelines

6.1.1 Policy and guidelines related to the Board of Directors

The Company's Board of Directors has a duty to determine vision, mission, strategy, business plan, budget and objective of the operation of business which can be changed according the business situation and will be reviewed every year, as well as to supervise the management to perform in accordance with the targeted plan in an effectiveness and efficient manner and to monitor the implementation of the Company's strategy. It also has a duty to establish the appropriate internal control, internal audit and risk management system, and to ensure that the financial report is provided on a regular basis and with quality under supervision of the Audit Committee in order for the Company to meet the determined target and to provide optimal benefits to all groups of stakeholders. The company has an established term of office for directors in the Articles of Association. The term of each director is set at 3 years, therefore at each General Meeting of Shareholders, one-third of the directors - or if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third - must retire from office.

The Company also has a balance of power for directors that the Board of Directors consists of 12 directors, comprising 1 executives and 11 non-executive directors. The Company establishes the Audit Committee comprising 4 independent directors. In addition, there are independent directors accounting for 42 percent or 5 of 12 of the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee is regarded as the representatives of minor shareholders with the duty to supervise the operation of the Company to ensure its accuracy and transparency.

The Company separates the duty and authority of the Board of Directors, Executive Board and the Audit Committee are clearly separated (as detailed in Shareholding and Management Structure) to ensure the transparency, sufficient balance of power and ability to review the operation of the Company. Resolution on any material agenda still requires the approval from the Board of Directors or the shareholders' meeting. In addition, authority assigned to the Board of Directors, Executive Board and the Managing Director shall not allow the directors with conflict of interest in any transaction, whether by themselves or by their potential conflict of interest related parties, to approve such transaction made with the Company or Subsidiaries.

Although, the Company has not yet established the policy to limit the number of listed companies that a director can hold, none of the Director holds the directorship more than 5 listed companies in which the details are disclosed in the Board of Directors and Managements' Profiles. The Company organized the director orientation for newly appointed directors starting in the year 2009 to familiarize them with the Company information, rule and responsibilities of director and related regulations. The topics covered the company mission and vision, business plan, company background, shareholding structure, organization structure and list of management, standard agenda and minutes of the Board of Directors Meeting in the past year and also enclosed with Directors Handbook to familiarize them in performing the duty of director of a listed company.

The Company would inform preliminary the schedule of the Board of Directors to facilitate the director for attending. However, the informed schedule is for the regular meeting. The extra meeting if any, the secretary to the Board of Directors will send the invitation letter to each director prior the meeting at least 7 day before the meeting. At least one Board of Directors' meeting is held in each quarter with additional meeting to be called if required. Furthermore, the Company has set the meeting of the Non-Executive Board of Directors once a year in the first quarter of the year.

The Company requires the directors to attend every Board of Directors' meeting except in case of emergency. Meeting agenda must be clearly indicated prior to each Board of Directors' meeting with the inclusion of agenda on operational monitoring on a regular basis. The Company delivers the meeting invitation letter together with meeting agenda and support documents for the meeting to each director at least 7 days in advance of the meeting date to allow sufficient timing for the Board of Directors to study on the information prior to attend the meeting. In each Board of Directors' meeting, the Chairman of the Board of Directors is obliged to allocate adequate timing in order to enable the management to propose and provide thorough explanation on the material issues. Minutes of the meeting are accurately and completely recorded in writing. Minutes of the meeting, certified by the Board of Directors, will be retained for further examination by the Board of Directors and other related parties.

The Company has set the meeting of Audit Committee, auditor without executive and management as annual basis to enhance the good corporate governance and transparency of financial statements. The meeting is set prior the approval of annual financial statements each year. In 2022, the meeting was February 18, 2022.

6.1.2 Policy and guidelines related to shareholders and stakeholders

The Company recognizes and is aware of the importance of all groups of stakeholders, both internal and external including customers, shareholders, employees, creditors, debtors, competitors and others related entities. Moreover, the Company also pays attention to the social and environmental responsibility, since every stakeholder always has a long term support for the company. The company is well aware of the rights of stakeholders and treat stakeholders in accordance with the rights, conditions, laws and regulations in order for stakeholders to be looked after and treated with good care as follows

1) Shareholders' right

The Board of Directors has recognized the importance of shareholders' right, which has been listed in shareholders' right protection policy, and also encourages every shareholders and institutional shareholders to exercise their rights under the law i.e. the Company profit sharing, the right to sell or transfer stocks, the shareholders' right to obtain the information, the voting right in the shareholders' meeting to appoint or to demote the directors, the remuneration of the Board of Directors, the appointment of a certified auditor, the approval of the audit fee and other issues which may significance effect the company.



In addition, the circulation of the information needed for any shareholders have been listed through the company website "www.ask.co.th" i.e. the shareholders' right for a shareholder or shareholders holding shares and having an aggregate voting rights not less than 1 percent of all Company voting rights to propose the meeting agenda or nomination of directors. The Company has been disclosed to SET and Company's website since October 10, 2022.

For the year 2022, the Company has circulated the shareholders' invitation letter and supplementary documents for the meeting on the Company's website since March 21, 2022 (or before meeting 31 days, the Company held the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders on April 21, 2022). Thailand Securities Depository Co., Ltd (TSD) as the Company registrar has sent out the shareholders' invitation letter and supplementary documents and annual report 2021 via registered postage on March 30, 2022 (or before the meeting 21 days). The minutes of the meeting has been revealed to public through the Company website for advance consideration of shareholders on May 3, 2022 or 12 days after the meeting. Moreover, the Company never had any policy to lessen the shareholders' right. The Company will not distribute the importance information immediately on the meeting day, or not put additional agenda or change any details of the meeting without noticing the shareholders in advance. In addition, the shareholders shall be obtained the rights to ask any question to the Board of Directors and attend in the meeting although they come late.

2) Fair and Equitable Treatment to Shareholders

The Company recognizes the importance of the right of shareholders and treats every shareholder included institutional shareholders equally. As a result, the Company will timely, accurately and completely disclose material information and news to its shareholders on a regular basis. In an invitation to the shareholders' meeting, the Company will deliver a meeting invitation letter together with support information relevant to meeting agenda to the shareholders 21 days prior to the meeting date. Invitation letter for the meeting is also announced in the newspaper with complete opinion of the Board of Directors on each meeting agenda in order that the shareholders have sufficient time to consider the information prior to the meeting. Minutes of the meeting are also accurately recorded for further review by the shareholders. The Company intends to provide additional option to the shareholders by authorizing the independent director of the Company as a proxy on behalf of the shareholders in case the shareholders cannot attend the meeting.

In the Year 2022, the Company held an annual general meeting of shareholders which was the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No.38/2022 held on April 21, 2022 at 3.00 pm. at Grand Hall Meeting Room of Bangkok Club, 28th Floor, Sathorn City Tower, 175 South Sathorn Road, Tungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok 10120. The venue was convenient for travelling by BTS and BRT. Every shareholder is entitled to use his/her right to vote and express opinion or make inquiry before making decision.

Before the meeting

The Company has posted the invitation letter, which detailed every aspects of the meeting through the company website 31 days in advance, since March 21, 2022. The Company has sent the invitation letter including, the Meeting Agenda, the Board of Directors' opinion and the minute of the previous shareholders' meeting and also the Annual report together with the documents important for the meeting, the proxy which detailed the clarification manual. The documents will be handed to Thailand Security Depository Company Limited, the company registrar who has been in charge of distributing the documents to the shareholders 21 days prior to the meeting date.

In 2022, the Company has sent the invitation letter and others importance documents to the shareholders since March 30, 2022 and made an announcement through the Sai Klang News for 3 consecutive days from March 29 - 31, 2022 in order to inform in advance the shareholders and allow them to look through all information before The General Meeting has been called. The Company has sent the documents to all shareholders listed at the date of the record date on March 4, 2022. In order to facilitate the shareholders who cannot attend the meeting, the company also sent the proxy together with the invitation letter and listed the required documents for the meeting stated the detailed for both the shareholders who will attend the meeting and who will assign the others as the representative in order to assist the shareholders for the preparation of the documents and to avoid any problems which might occur in attending the meeting. Moreover the company has authorized Mr. Pradit Sawattananond the Chairman of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director as a proxy on behalf of the shareholders in case the shareholders cannot attend the meeting.

On the meeting date

The Company has set the venue, and the appropriate time that is convenient for every shareholder and institutional shareholders to assure the security. The Company has provided the sufficient registration counters with "Barcode System" and allowed the participants to register 2 hours before the meeting starts. They can also register prior to or during the meeting. The Company also provided free of charge duty stamps for authorization of proxies. There were snack and coffee break provided to the shareholders.

The Company has provided the related documents for the meeting such as invitation letter, One report for the shareholders who requested. The Company also appointed the legal consultant to conduct and clarify the details of the meeting, including voting method, counting, the use of ballot and announced the voting result in each agenda. During the meeting, the Company had appropriately and adequately provided the opportunities to shareholders to ask or express their opinions. Regarding the appointing of director agenda, the Company had set the vote to be separated one by one and collected the ballot of each director for the transparently counted by legal consultant.

In the Annual General Meeting No.38/2022, there were 12 directors participated including 6 directors attended in meeting room which are (1) Mr. Pradit Sawattananond, Chairman of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director, (2) Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang, Director/ Managing Director, (3) Mr. Tientavee Saraton Director, (4) Mrs. Patima Chavalit, Independent Director, (5) Dr. Supriya Kuandachakupt Audit Committee/ Independent Director and (6) Mr. Kasem Akanesuwan Audit Committee/ Independent Director, and 6 directors attended via video conference which are (1) Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting, Chairman of the Board of Directors, (2) Chen, Fong-Long, Director, (3) Mr. Liao, Ying-Chih, Director, (4) Chen, Jui-Hsin, Director, (5) Mr. Wang, Chia-Hung, Director, and (6) Mr. Anant Svattananon Audit Committee/ Independent Director together with Mr. Danai Lapaviwat Chief Financial Officer/ Company Secretary/ Secretary to the Board of Directors. There were also 2 Company's auditor (EY office Limited) and 3 Independent legal advisors from MSC International Law Office as a Master of Ceremony, and Invent tech System (Thailand) Co., Ltd as an Independent Vote Counter during the meeting. As a result of the continually enhancing of the quality of Annual General Meeting arrangement, the company was announced as 100 score for the assessment of Annual General Meeting Year 2022 arrangement.



After the Meeting

The Company had informed the resolution of the meeting on April 21, 2022 via the Stock Exchange of Thailand's information system. The Company had submitted and published the minutes of the meeting on the Company website within 14 days after the meeting. In 2022, the company had posted the minutes through the company website since May 3, 2022. The event had also recorded both in video and audio format to be distributed to any shareholders who may have an interest and also posted on the Company website and made an announcement through the newspaper for 3 consecutive days from April 27- 29, 2022 in order to inform the shareholders for dividend payment.

3) Awareness in stakeholders

The Company recognizes and is aware of the importance of all groups of stakeholders, both internal and external including customers, shareholders, employees, creditors, debtors, competitors and others related entities. Moreover, the Company also pays attention to the social and environmental responsibility, since every stakeholder always has a long term support for the company. The Company has disclosed the further information the "Corporate Governance" in company's website www.ask.co.th in section "Investor Relations" with the following:

- Code of Conduct
- Facilitating and Promoting to attending the Shareholders' Meeting Policy
- Anti-Fraud Policy
- Whistle Blowing Policy and form
- Employee development program policy
- Workplace safety and sanitation policy
- Procurement policy
- Energy and water resources management policy
- Environmental management policy
- Human rights policy and comprehensive human rights audit policy

The human development policy will be very crucial to help every single employee to develop himself both on the knowledge concerning current responsibility and the skill development in supporting them for the achievement in their career path. The Company therefore provides both internal and external development program for every employee. In year 2022, the company and its subsidiaries provided all employees totally 58 training programs, 39 programs were internal training programs and 19 programs were external training programs.

The Company has a campaign on safety at work constantly regarding workplace safety and sanitation policy. In 2022 the Company recorded sick leave equal to 2.37 percent of the total employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company has no accidents arising from working. The Company has organized the annual health check for the welfare of manpower to keep all healthy. This project, the Company held annually and operated continuously for more than 20 years.

The Company has provided "Corporate Social Responsibility Report/ Sustainable Report 2022" in the Company website www.ask.co.th in "Investor Relations" section for all stakeholders to access.

In order to be a channel for stakeholders' participation, the Company has set up a channel to gather any complaints, suggestions or comments to the board via the Company's website (in Investor Relations Section) or the stakeholders may send by mail or by hand at the Company.

The Company operates business with integrity according to good corporate governance and adhere to responsibility to social and all stakeholders by establishing the Anti-Fraud Policy to identify the responsibility and practices for fraud prevention as clear guidelines for business operations which develop corporate sustainability. The Company received the Approval of certified membership of Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption on August 18, 2017 and received the approval of re-certification of membership on September 30, 2020 for period of three years.

4) Information disclosure and transparency

The Company recognizes the important of accurate, complete and prompt disclosure of important information of the company including the company performance information, clearness shareholding structure which detailed in Shareholding Structure section and the corporate governance policy, which was disclosed in the One Report and the Company website at www.ask.co.th.

Regarding the quality of financial report, in 2022, the company appointed EY Office Limited, who has been certified by the Securities and Exchange Commission, as an independent auditor. The Company's 2022 financial report was certified with unqualified opinion from the auditor.

Furthermore, the Company establishes the Investor Relations Department to be another channel to disclose the information to its shareholders, the analysts and general investors. The Investor Relations Department can be reached at 02-679-6226 ext 1501. The information including the shareholders' structure, the organization structure, corporate governance policy, the Board of Directors member, the financial report, the annual report, the invitation to the shareholders' meeting and the minutes of the shareholders' meeting, has been disclosed in the company's website in Investor Relations section.

In 2022, the Company has disclosed and presented the information to related parties as follows:

- 1. Analyst Meeting 4 times
- 2. Road Show for institution investor arranging by securities companies 10 times
- 3. SET Opportunity Day 4 times
- 4. Disclosure of the company's performance to newspaper (Press releases) in total 1 time
- 5. Disclosure of the company's quarterly performance via SET 4 times

The Company has initiated the policy for directors to report the conflict of interest in order to prepare the related transactions according to the Securities and Exchange Act.

6.2 Business code of conduct

The Company prepared the guidelines on business ethics for the Board of Directors, managements and all levels of employees that guide of the business operation and implement. The Company believes that the guidelines about the Ethics is an important tool to enhance transparency for the business operations which lead to the confidence all related parties.

Details of the Company's Code of Business Conduct are shown in Attachment 5.



6.3 Material changes and developments regarding policy, guidelines and corporate governance system

6.3.1 Significant developments in the review of policies, guidelines, and corporate governance systems

The Board of Directors emphasize the review of the Company's good corporate governance policy and business ethics to enhance the efficiency and the standard of corporate governance of the Company by reviewing the said policy at least once a year. In 2022, the Board of Directors had completed a review of the corporate governance policy in accordance with the Corporate Governance Code 2017.

In addition, the Board of Directors has considered the corporate governance score (CG Score) in order to improve the Company's corporate governance.

6.3.2 Implementation of the Corporate Governance Code 2017 (CG Code)

The Board of Directors had implemented and adapted the CG Code to suit the Company's business operations. For practices that the Company had not yet implemented, the Board of Directors had considered to prepare and develop a plan for future implementation in the future.

Issues that the Company is unable to comply with the principles of good corporate governance for listed company year 2017 (CG Code) are as follows:

Guideline 3.2.1 The chairman of the board should be an independent director.

- Reaso The Chairman of the Board of Directors must have knowledge, expertise and experience in the Company's business. Although the Chairman is not an independent director, the Board of Directors has clearly defined the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman according to the principles of good corporate governance.
- Guideline 3.2.4 Having the board comprise a majority of independent directors
- Reason The Board of Directors comprises of 42 percent of independent directors because the directors must have knowledge and experiences in the Company' businesses. However, the Board of Directors has appropriately balanced the power between the directors and the management.
- Guideline 3.2.5 The Board of Directors should establish the policy that the tenure of an independent director should not exceed a cumulative term of 9 years from the first day of service.
- Reason The Company has independent directors who have been appointed for more than 9 years because the independent directors have performed effectively for their directorship. They have direct experiences in the Company' businesses, knowledge and can provide opinion independently and in accordance with the related regulation.
- Guideline 3.3.1 The Board of Directors should establish a nomination committee.
- Reason Currently, the company does not have a nomination committee. However, to select a person to be nominated to be a director, the Board of Directors carefully considers the structure and board diversity.
- Guideline 3.4.1 The Board of Directors should establish a remuneration committee.

Reason Currently, the company does not have a remuneration committee. However, in order to propose the remuneration of the directors, the Board of Directors has carefully considered in comparison with appropriate industry sector and the Company's profitability.

- Guideline 3.7.3 The Company should appoint an external consultant to assist in setting guidelines and providing recommendations for a board assessment at least once every three years.
- Reason The Company does not appoint an external consultant to assist in setting guidelines and providing recommendations for a board assessment. However, the Company has conducted the performance evaluation of the Board of Directors and use the results to develop performance of the directors.

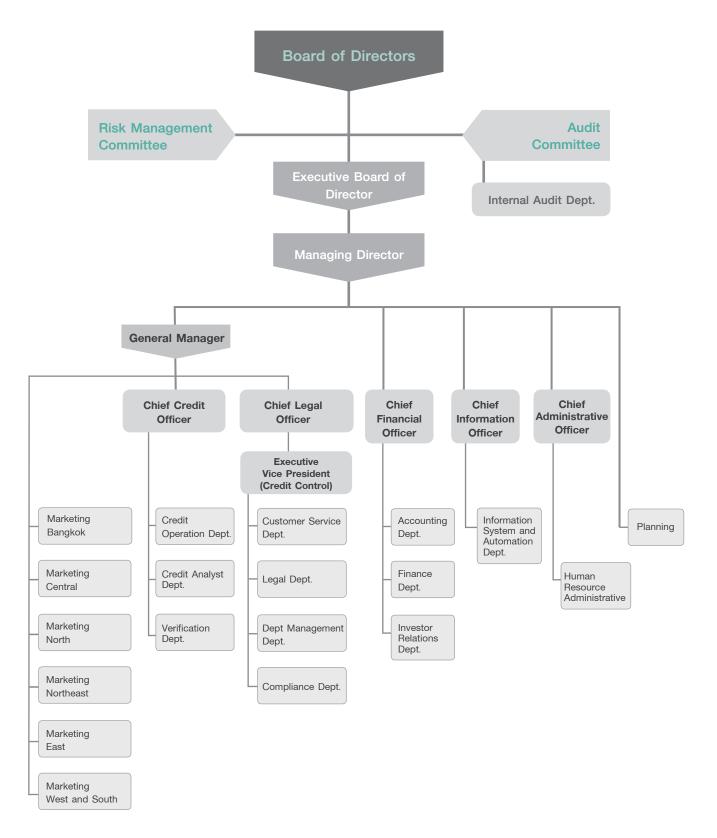
6.3.3 Other practices in accordance with the principles of good corporate governance

To enhance the compliance with good corporate governance principles, the Company participated in the Corporate Governance Report of Thai listed companies organized by the Thai Institute of Directors. In 2022, the Company received an overall score of 86 percent or very good level. This is higher than the average of listed companies, which is 85 percent.

In addition, the company also participated in the AGM Assessment Program of listed companies organized by the Securities and Exchange Commission in conjunction with the Thai Investors Association to assess the quality of the shareholders' meeting. In 2022, the Company received an evaluation score of 100.



- 7. Corporate governance structure and significant information related to the Board of Directors, subcommitees, executives, employees and others
- 7.1 Corporate Goverance Structure



7.2 Information on the Board of Directors

7.2.1 The composition of the Board of Directors

The Company also has a balance of power for directors that the Board of Directors consists of 12 directors, comprising 1 executives and 11 non-executive directors. The Company establishes the Audit Committee comprising 4 independent directors. In addition, there is 1 independent director accounting for 42 percent or 5 of 12 of the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee is regarded as the representatives of minor shareholders with the duty to supervise the operation of the Company to ensure its accuracy and transparency.

The Company has a policy to determine the structure of the Board of Directors to be diverse. In professional skills specialization And the competency of the directors (Skill Matrix) such as business administration, accounting, finance, economics, law, risk management. corporate governance, etc., by targeting the Board of Directors to consist of at least 4 people with business knowledge of the company, at least 2 people in accounting and finance, at least 1 person in economics, at least 1 person in law, including no gender limitation. Age, race, nationality. In addition, the Board of Directors must consist of independent directors. which is independent as specified by the Company and numbering at least 1 in 3 of the entire Board of Directors and not less than 3 persons

	Knowledge in the Company business	Management		Accounting and Finance	Economics	Law	Risk Management
Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting	Х	Х	Х	х	Х		Х
Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang	Х	Х	х	х	х		Х
Mr. Chen, Fong-Long	Х	х	х	х	х		Х
Mr. Liao, Ying-Chih	Х	Х				Х	
Mr. Chen, Jui-Hsin	Х	Х	х				
Mr. Wang, Chia-Hung	Х	Х	х		х		
Mr. Tientavee Saraton	Х	х	х		х		
Mrs. Patima Chavalit	Х	Х		Х			
Mr. Pradit Sawattananond	Х	х		х			Х
Mr. Anant Svattananon	Х	х	х				Х
Dr. Supriya Kuandachakupt	Х	х			Х		Х
Mr. Kasem Akanesuwan	х	х		х			х

Board Skill Matrix

Component	Number	Proportion
Gender		
Male	10	83
Female	2	17
Type of directors		
Independent Directors	5	42
Executive Directors	1	8
Non-executive Directors	11	92



7.2.2 The information on each director and controlling person.

The Company's Board of Directors as at December 31, 2022 consists of 12 members as follows:

No.	Name	Position
1	Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting	Chairman of the Board of Directors
2	Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang	Director
3	Mr. Chen, Fong-Long	Director
4	Mr. Liao, Ying-Chih	Director
5	Mr. Chen, Jui-Hsin	Director
6	Mr. Wang, Chia-Hung	Director
7	Mr. Tientavee Saraton	Director
8	Mrs. Patima Chavalit	Independent Director
9	Mr. Pradit Sawattananond	Chairman of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director
10	Mr. Anant Svattananon	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director
11	Dr. Supriya Kuandachakupt	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director
12	Mr. Kasem Akanesuwan	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director

Remark : Mr. Danai Lapaviwat is Company Secretary and Secretary to the Board of Directors

7.2.3 Roles and duties of the Board of Directors

Power, Role and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors

- 1) To administrate and manage the Company's business in conformity with applicable laws, company objectives, and the articles of association as well as the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting. To use their authority to do any action as specified in the memorandum of association or which may be relevant to such action pursuant to the Public Limited Companies Act honestly and in good faith and with care to preserve the interest of the Company and to disclose any information accurately and completely standardized and to be transparent.
- 2) To consider and have Authority on Credit Approval, Non-Policy Expenses Approval, and Non-Policy Assets (Buying and Selling) Approval as granted from Shareholders Meeting, other Non-Policy, and annual business plan, budgeting, or management including policy or administrative matters which have not set policy or which are beyond the authority of the Executive Board of Directors but requested for approval by them under the authority and/or authorized amount that the Board of Directors are approved by the shareholders' meeting.
- 3) The Board of Directors may appoint the directors and/or some executives as deemed appropriate to administrate and manage the Company's business as assigned by the Board of Directors; unless it is clearly stipulated otherwise in the Company's article of association.
- 4) A director shall not : operate any business which has the same nature and is in competition with the business of the Company; become a partner in an ordinary partnership; become a partner with unlimited liability in a limited partnership, or become a director of a private company or any other public limited company operating business which has the same nature as and is in competition with the business of the Company either for the director's own benefit or for the benefit of other persons, unless the director notifies the shareholders' meeting before the resolution for his or her appointment has passed.

- 5) A director shall, without delay, notify the Company in case that he/she has a direct or indirect interest in any contract which is made by the Company during the fiscal year, and shall indicate the nature of the contract, names of the contracting party and his/her interest in the contract. Furthermore, a director shall notify the Company if he/she holds shares or a debenture or any other securities of the Company or any affiliated company, which have increased or decreased during the fiscal year.
- 6) A director who has specific interest in any matter shall not be entitled to vote on such matter.
- 7) At any meeting, in an event of a tie vote, the chairman of the meeting shall have the casting vote.
- 8) The Board of Director will stipulate the company to have the efficient and effectiveness internal control system by appointing the internal audit department to follow up and co-proceed and coordinate with the Audit Committee to conduct the business of the company to comply with the laws and the regulations of competent bodies in line with business moral.

The authorization of powers to the Board of Directors shall be subject to the laws, rules and regulations of the Company and relevant authorities such as the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

Board Approval Authority

- 1) Approve loan to customers
- 2) Approve loan from banks
- 3) Approve non-policy expenses
- 4) Approve buying and selling of non-policy assets
- 5) Approve the Company's annual business plan and budgeting
- 6) Approve special policy such as interim dividend

Roles of the Chairman of the Board of Directors

- 1) Determine the Board of Directors meeting agendas. To call meetings of the Board of Directors
- 2) Chair the Board of Directors meetings, conduct the meetings according to the agenda, allocate sufficient time for the presentation of each agenda item, and encourage and give opportunities to directors to express their opinions on presented issues independently.
- Supervise, monitor, and ensure that the performance of the Board of Directors is effective and achieves the objectives and goals of the company.
- Encourage good relationships among the directors and between the directors and management.
- 5) Chair the shareholders' meeting and ensure the meeting complies with applicable laws, regulations and the Articles of Association, allocate appropriate time for each agenda and give an opportunity for shareholders to freely express their opinions and ask questions relevant to the company as well as managing responses to shareholders' questions.



7.3 Information on subcommittees

7.3.1 Information on each subcommittee

The Company has 3 subcommittees which are Audit Committee, Executive Committee, and Risk Management Committee as detail;

1. Audit Committee

Role and Responsibilities of the Audit Committee

- 1) To review the Company's financial reporting process to ensure that it is accurate and adequate.
- 2) To review the Company's internal control system and internal audit system to ensure that they are suitable and efficient, to determine an internal audit unit's independence, as well as to approve the appointment, transfer and dismissal of the Internal Audit Department Head or any other unit in charge of an internal audit.
- 3) To review the Company's compliance with the Securities and Exchange Act., the Stock Exchange of Thailand's regulations, and the laws relating to the Company's business.
- 4) To consider, select, nominate and dismissal an independent person to be the Company's external auditor, and to propose such person's remuneration, as well as to attend a nonmanagement meeting with an auditor at least once a year.
- 5) To review the Connected Transactions, or the transactions that may lead to conflicts of interests, to ensure that they are in compliance with the laws and the Stock Exchange of Thailand's regulations, and are reasonable and for the highest benefit of the Company.
- 6) To prepare, and to disclose in the Company's annual report, an audit committee's report which must be signed by the audit committee's chairman and consist of at least the following information:
 - a) An opinion on the accuracy, completeness and creditability of the Company's financial report,
 - b) An opinion on the adequacy of the Company's internal control system,
 - c) An opinion on the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Act., the Stock Exchange of Thailand's regulations, or the laws relating to the Company's business,
 - d) An opinion on the suitability of an auditor,
 - e) An opinion on the transactions that may lead to conflicts of interests,
 - f) The number of the audit committee meetings, and the attendance of such meetings by each committee member,
 - g) An opinion or overview comment received by the audit committee from its performance of duties in accordance with the charter, and
 - h) other transactions which, according to the audit committee's opinion, should be known to the shareholders and general investors, subject to the scope of duties and responsibilities assigned by the Company's board of directors; and
- 7) To perform any other act as assigned by the Company's Board of Directors, with the approval of the audit committee.

2. Executive Board of Directors

Power, Role and Responsibilities of the Executive Board of Directors

- 1) To generally act on behalf and in the interest of the Company and its subsidiaries to carry on the business.
- 2) To administrate the Company's business in conformity with applicable laws, company objectives, the article of association, the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting and the Board of Directors.
- 3) To consider and have Authority on Credit Approval, Non-Policy Expenses Approval, Non-Policy Assets (Buying and Selling) Approval, and request for approval to the Board of Director for which is beyond the granted authority and/or authorized amount. To consider and have authority on personnel Policy which includes recruiting, transferring, promoting, terminating, compensating, annual salary increase and other related human resource management as granted from the Board of Directors.
- 4) To appoint one or more directors in the Executive Board of Directors or other persons to perform any act which is under the supervision of the Executive Board of Directors as the Executive Board of Directors may deem appropriate and within the period defined by them. However, such appointment may be revoked, altered, changed as the Executive Board of Directors deemed appropriate.
- 5) To perform any other act delegated by the Board of Directors.

In authorizing the Power, Role and Responsibility of the above Executive Board of Directors, such authority shall be under the rules and regulations' of relevant laws, regulations and article of association of the Company. In addition, the members of the Executive Board of Directors or then related persons will not be able to approve the transactions which are not normal course of business of the Company or under generally accepted conditions while they have conflict or participation or interest against the Company or the Company's subsidiaries and shall report the transactions to the Board of Directors to comply with the role and regulation of the SET.

7.3.2 Name of each subcommittee

1. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee Member was established and appointed from the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 20/2004 to be an independent committee in reviewing the financial report to be submitted to shareholders and stakeholders, internal control and internal audit system and operation of the Company according to the Role and Responsibilities of the Audit Committee.

As of December 31, 2022, the Audit Committee consists of 4 members as follows:

No.	Name	Position
1	Mr. Pradit Sawattananond	Chairman of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director
2	Mr. Anant Svattananon	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director
3	Dr. Supriya Kuandachakupt	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director
4	Mr. Kasem Akanesuwan	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director



Mr. Pradit Sawattananond and Mr. Kasem Akanesuwan have experiences in accounting, financing and reviewing of financial statements.

2. Executive Board of Directors

The Company sets up the Executive Board of Directors comprising 6 directors with a 2-year tenure. It is a policy of the Executive Board of Directors to regularly arrange a meeting at least once a month with additional meeting to be called if required.

As of December 31, 2022, the Executive Board of Directors consists of 6 members as follows:

No.	Name	Position
1.	Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting	Chairman of the Executive Board of Directors
2.	Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang	Director
3.	Mr. Shen, Ying-Hui	Director
4.	Mr. Liao, Ying-Chih	Director
5.	Mr. Chen, Fong-Long	Director
6.	Mr. Chen, Jui-Hsin	Director

3. Risk Management Committee

Regarding the risk management, the company had set up a Risk Management Committee to establish an adequate risk management system and approve risk management policy, procedures and quarterly risk management reports prepared by Risk Management Subcommittee. The risk management system covers important risks which are credit risk, financial risk and operational risk. The risk management procedures include risk assessment, risk management, risk monitoring and risk controlling which will be reviewed every quarter. The members of the committee were fixed with the internal position as follows:

	Position in the Company	
No.	and its subsidiaries	Position in Risk Management Committee
1	Managing Director	Chairman of the Risk Management Committee
2	Acting General Manager -	Member of the Risk Management Committee
	The Subsidiary (BGPL)	
3	Chief Financial Officer	Member of the Risk Management Committee
4	Chief Information Officer	Member of the Risk Management Committee
5	Chief Credit Officer	Member of the Risk Management Committee
6	Chief Marketing Officer	Member of the Risk Management Committee
7	Chief Legal Officer	Secretary to the Risk Management Committee

7.4 Information on executives

7.4.1 Names and positions of the highest ranking executive

Management as of December 31, 2022 consists of 8 members as follows:

No.	Name	Position
1	Dr. Amnuay Viravan	Honorary Chairman
2	Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang	Managing Director
3	Mr. Anurit Wongudom	Acting General Manager
4	Mr. Danai Lapaviwat	Chief Financial Officer/ Company Secretary/
		Secretary to the Board of Directors
5	Mr. Sarayuth Chaisawadi	Chief Information Officer/
		Acting Chief Administrative Officer
6	Mr. Kitisak Leelaharat	Chief Credit Officer
7	Mr. Pattrapol Kangwalsakul	Chief Legal Officer

Role and Responsibilities of the Managing Director

- 1) Set out policy, plan and business strategy of the Company and monitor the operation of the Company to ensure that the determined policy, plan and business strategy is complied with.
- 2) Operate and manage normal operation of the Company's business.
- 3) Perform other duties as assigned by the Board of Directors on an ad hoc basis.
- 4) Consider to approve the operations of the Company as authorized by the Board of Directors.
- 5) Consider to approve the employment and salary, staff transfer, rotation, promotion, termination, rewarding and remuneration provision and any other matters related to human resource management.
- 6) Authorized to appoint attorney or assign other persons whom the Managing Director considers appropriate to act on his/her behalf. Such appointment/ assignment must comply with the regulations and the articles of association of the Company.

The above authority and duty must be in compliance with law, rules, regulations and the Company's articles of association. However such authority excludes the authority to approve the transaction which the Managing Director or other related persons may have interest in or conflict of interest with the Company or Subsidiaries, and is not in the ordinary course of business or not complied with trading conditions as authorized and/or within a limited determined by the Board of Directors. The approval will be made according to the regulations, conditions and methods regarding related transactions and acquisition or disposal of core assets of the listed company in compliance with the rules and regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand or the notification of the Office of Securities and Exchange Commission.



7.4.2 Remuneration for Directors and Management

1. Remuneration for Directors

Cash Remuneration

The remuneration policy for directors, approved by the shareholders' meeting, is clearly established. The remuneration for directors is provided at an appropriate level and sufficient to attract and retain the capable and qualified directors. Such remuneration is set at the same level as industry standard suitable to the duty and responsibility assigned. The Company does not set out a policy to provide excessive amount of remuneration to its directors. Remuneration for the management is set according to the principles and policy determined by the Board of Directors by correlating the compensation with the Company's operating performance together with the performance of each individual management.

Currently, the company has three types of director remunerations which are the monthly fixed remuneration, meeting attendant allowance (for audit committee and external director only) and bonus which will be paid to the directors based on company's performance. The company does not have an established remuneration committee to consider the appropriate remuneration. However, the remuneration has been carefully considered by the Board of Directors in comparison with the referenced industry sector and the Company's profitability.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No.37/2021 held on April 21, 2022 approved the remuneration of year 2022 for directors as follows:

	Fixed Remuneration (Baht per month)	Meeting Attendant Allowance (Baht per meeting)	Bonus (Y2021 performance)
Chairman of the Board of Directors	50,000	-	-
Chairman of the Audit Committee/			
Independent Director	50,000	10,000	400,000
Audit Committee/ Independent Director/			
Non-Executive Director	37,500	10,000	300,000
Executive Director	25,000	-	-

Summary the directors' remunerations for the year 2021- 2022 are as follows;

Type of Remunerations	20	21	2022		
	No. of Person	Amount (Baht)	No. of Person	Amount (Baht)	
Fixed Remuneration	12	3,960,000	13*	4,702,500	
Meeting Attendant Allowance	6	280,000	6	420,000	
Bonus	6	1,520,000	6	1,900,000	
Total	12	5,760,000	13	7,022,500	

Remark : One director resigned in January 2022 and a new director was appointed to replace the resigned director.

Other Remunerations

- None -

2. Remuneration for Management

Cash Remuneration

Type of Remunerations	20	21	2022		
	No. of Person	Amount (Baht)	No. of Person	Amount (Baht)	
Salary and bonus	7	41,192,045	7	42,120,623	
Other remunerations such as					
provident fund and social security					
fund etc.	7	2,668,264	7	2,654,953	
Total	7	43,860,309	7	44,775,576	

Remuneration for management is based on the Company's principle and policies of the board of directors with in regarding the operation of the company and the performance of each management.

Other Remunerations

- None -

7.5 Information on employees

7.5.1 Number of Employees

No. of Employees of the Company and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022 detail as follows;

	Department	No. of Employees		
		The Company	The Subsidiaries	
1.	Management	7	3	
2.	Marketing and Credit Department	135	98	
3.	Credit Operation Department	30	41	
4.	Credit Analyst Department	56	32	
5.	Credit Control Department	76	17	
6.	Branch Operation Department	173	0	
7.	Accounting Department	22	6	
8.	Finance Department	10	6	
9.	Information System and Autonomous Department	28	2	
10.	Planning Department	5	3	
11.	Human Resource and Secretary Department	20	4	
12.	Investor Relations Department	1	0	
13.	Internal Audit Department	5	0	
	Total	561	209	

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7.5.2 Remuneration for Employees of the Company and subsidiaries

The Company has a fair compensation structure for employees. A pay structure is established and review will be periodically conducted depending on variations of the consumer price index (CPI), economic change, etc. in order to retain competent employees. It is the Company's policy to pay its employees equitably in comparison with current market rates of similar businesses

Employees' salary is based on factors including position, responsibilities, education, experience, level, and language and other proficiency that are beneficial to that job or position.

The annual salary increase depends on the results of the employee's performance evaluation, the performance of the company, the Company's ability to pay, economic indicators, pay rates and practices of the other companies in the same industry.

The company provides additional welfare to employees, including medical expenses for both inpatients and outpatients, accident insurance, female staff uniform, influenza vaccination and annual health check.

In addition, the company has established a provident fund to promote savings and create financial security for employees with 84.23 percent of employees participating in 2022.

The employee remunerations of the Company and subsidiaries include salary, bonus, provident fund and other benefits detail as following;

Cash Remuneration

Type of Remunerations	202 [.]	1	20	22
	No. of person*	Baht	No. of person*	Baht
Salary and bonus	723	501,285,043	773	517,485,088
Other remunerations such as provident fund,				
fuel cost, phone bill, social security fund,				
medical bill and staff reward for operating of				
customer's service etc.	723	188,778,243	773	231,216,123
Total	723	690,063,286	773	748,701,210

Note : * Exclude 7 managements of the Company.

The proportion of remuneration of female employees to male employees in 2022 was 39:61

Other Remunerations

- None -

7.6 Other significant information

7.6.1 The name of the person assigned to take direct responsibility for accounting oversight, company secretary, head of internal audit, head of compliance unit

The person assigned to take direct responsibility for accounting oversight

Miss Jintana Vivatanavanon, Senior Vice President, Accounting Department

Company Secretary

According to the resolution of the Board of Directors Meeting No. 4/2012 as of May 8, 2012, it opined to appoint Mr. Danai Lapaviwat as the Company Secretary, to be responsible for and undertake the tasks of the Company Secretary in order to comply with Section 89/15 of the Securities and Exchange B.E. 2535 (including its amendments) as follows:

- 1. Preparing and keeping the following documents:
 - (a) A register of directors
 - (b) A notice calling director meeting, a minute of the board of directors and an annual report of the company
 - (c) A notice calling shareholder meeting and a minute of shareholders' meeting;
- 2. Keeping a report on interest filed by a director or an executive;
- 3. Performing any other acts as specified in the notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board.

The detail of the Company's Secretary is follow part of shareholding and management and shareholding structure and clause of board of directors and managements' profiles.

Head o	f interna	audit
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Mr. Kaweewat Chouthong,	Vice President, Internal Audit Department	
Head of compliance unit		
Mr. Chinnatat Hiranyakhap,	First Vice President, Compliance Department	

7.6.2 Name of the head of investor relations and contact information

Miss Kanokporn Charoenphol	Tel : 0-2679-6226 Ext. 501	Email : kanokporn.ch@ask.co.th
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7.6.3 Remunerations of the auditor

In Year 2021, the Company and its subsidiaries' remuneration to the auditors were summarized as follows :

- 1. Auditing fee to :
 - The office employing such auditor in the previous financial period totaling Baht 4,280,000.

-	The Company's	remuneration	to the auditor	2,040,000	Baht

The subsidiaries' remuneration to the auditor 2,240,000 Baht

- The person or business related to such auditor and its office in the previous financial period for auditing service totaling Baht 0 and no for other expense related to auditing service.
- 2. Other expenses related to auditing

The Company and its subsidiaries' expenses related to auditing were derived from such expenses as document delivery, traveling expense and other expenses etc., to the following parties:

- The office employing such auditor in the previous financial period totaling Baht 10,330.

The Company's expenses related to auditing	5,628 Baht

- The subsidiaries' expenses related to auditing 4,702 Baht
- The person or business related to such auditor and its office in the previous financial period totaling 0 Baht
- 3. Fee from other services

The Company and its subsidiaries' fee from other services to the following parties:

- The office employing such auditor in the previous financial period totaling Baht 0.
- The business related to auditor's office in the previous financial period totaling 0 Baht



8. Report on key operating results on corporate governance

8.1 Summary of duty performance of the Board of Directors in the past year

8.1.1 Selection, development and evaluation of duty performance of the Board of Directors

In the year 2022, the Board of Directors and the sub-committees have monitored, evaluated and supervised the operating result appropriately under the ethical, transparent and verifiable.

The Company has established important criteria for nomination and appointment of directors and top management as follows:

1. Independent Directors

The Company has defined the meaning of "Independent Directors" more strengthen than the criteria set by the Capital Market Supervisory Board Tor.Chor.14/2551 as follows:

- Holding shares not exceeding 0.5 percent of the total number of voting rights of the company, its parent company, subsidiaries, affiliate or juristic person which may have conflicts of interest, including the shares held by related persons of the independent director.
- 2) Neither being nor having been an executive director, employee, staff, or advisor who receives salary, or a controlling person of the company, its parent company, subsidiaries, affiliate, samelevel subsidiaries or juristic person who may have conflicts of interest unless the foregoing status has ended not less than two years prior to the appointment.
- 3) Not being a person related by blood or registration under laws, such as father, mother, spouse, sibling, and child, including spouse of the children, executives, major shareholders, controlling persons, or persons to be nominated as executive or controlling persons of the Company or its subsidiaries.
- 4) Not having a business relationship with the Company, its parent company, subsidiaries, affiliate or juristic person who may have conflicts of interest, in the manner which may interfere with his independent judgment, and neither being nor having been a major shareholder, non-independent director or executive of any person having business relationship with the company, its parent company, subsidiaries, affiliate or juristic person who may have conflicts of interest unless the foregoing relationship has ended not less than two years prior to the appointment.
- 5) Neither being nor having been an auditor of the Company, its parent company, subsidiaries, affiliate or juristic person who may have conflicts of interest, and not being a major shareholder, non-independent director, executive or partner of an audit firm which employs auditors of the Company, its parent company, subsidiaries, affiliate or juristic person who may have conflicts of interest unless the foregoing relationship has ended not less than two years from the appointment.
- 6) Neither being nor having been any professional advisor including legal advisor or financial advisor who receives an annual service fee exceeding two million Baht from the company, its parent company, subsidiaries, affiliate or juristic person who may have conflicts of interest, and neither being nor having been a major shareholder, non-independent director, executive or partner of the professional advisor unless the foregoing relationship has ended not less than two years from the appointment date.
- 7) Not being a director who has been appointed as a representative of the Company's director, major shareholder or shareholders who are related to the company's major shareholder.

 Not having any characteristics which make him incapable of expressing independent opinions with regard to the Company's business affairs.

2. Nomination of directors and top management

The Company does not have an established nominating committee to select directors. The Board of Directors considers a nomination selected to be a director in the structure, board diversity policy such gender, nationality (the Company' directors are both Thai and foreign) and the expertise to complement the existing skill of the Board of Directors and personal qualification for directorship as well as experience, skills, directorship performance and unprohibited person by the law and the regulation of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The procedure of appointment is as follows:

- 1) Each shareholder shall have a number of votes at the equivalent of one share per one vote;
- 2) Shareholders shall vote for each individual director; and
- 3) After the vote, the candidates shall be ranked in order descending from the highest number of votes received to the lowest, and shall be appointed as directors in that order until all of the directorial positions are filled. In the event of a tie vote, the Chairman shall have the casting vote.

3. Director Development

The Company gives importance to director development and training. All Directors who based in Thailand have finished the Director Accreditation Program and some of them have been trained in Director Certification Program. All of the above programs have been conducted by the Thai Institute of Directors (IOD) and the company has sponsored this full-course training. The Company also encourages new director to attend the program. Furthermore, all directors are also encouraged to attend other seminar or training to enhance their knowledge for being a director.

Name	Course
Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting	- Anti-Money Laundering regulations and the role of Leasing industry (in house)
Mr. Chen, Fong-Long	 Taiwan Energy Storage Market Development Seminar (in house) Industry Lecture-Current Situation and Prospect of Taiwan's Real Estate Market Anti-Money Laundering regulations and the role of Leasing industry Chailease Holdings ISO37001 Anti-bribery management system operation mechanism education and training OMO (Online merge offline) Speech (Commerce Development Research Institute)
Mr. Liao, Ying-Chih Mr. Chen, Jui-Hsin	 Industry Lecture-Current Situation and Prospect of Taiwan's Real Estate Market OMO (Online merge offline) Speech (Commerce Development Research Institute) OMO (Online merge offline) Speech
	(Commerce Development Research Institute)

In 2022, the directors have attended training courses detail as following:



4. Evaluation of the Board of Directors

The Company has established the Board of Directors Self Assessment to assess the board's structure and performance. The Board Self Assessment Form consisted of 6 areas: Structure and characteristics of the Board, Roles and responsibilities of the Board, Board Meetings, The board's performance of duties, Relationship with management, and Self-development of directors. The assessment form was provided individual to each director. The 6 assessment areas were included sub-item and director could fill 0-4 score for each sub-item. The company has initially established the individual director assessment in 2014 for directors to evaluate other directors except themself. The Individual Director Assessment Form consisted of 4 areas: Roles and responsibilities of the director, The director's performance of duties, Relationship with management, and Selfdevelopment of the director. Last, the evaluation of the performance of the Managing Director (MD) has been started the evaluation from 2013 in order to assess the MD's performance for the past previous year with 3 areas of Roles and Responsibilities, Performance, Relationship with the Board of Directors, and Selfdevelopment. The all above assessment forms were provided individual to each director. After received the assessment form, the company secretary would evaluate and then informed to the board of directors meeting.

Moreover, the Company has established the Board of Directors Self Assessment and Individual Director Assessment for the sub-committee; Audit committee and Risk Management committee. The assessment form consisted of 3 areas: Structure and characteristics of the Board, Board Meetings and Roles and responsibilities of the Board.

	Result	
The Board of Directors	Excellent	
Audit Committee	Excellent	

8.1.2 Meeting attendance and remuneration payment to each Board member

Each director has dedicated his/her time to attend all of the Board of Directors' meetings, except in case of necessity. In the year 2022, all meetings were attended by each of the Company's directors and the Audit Committee as follows:

Name	No. of Meetings Attended/ No. of Total Meeting				
	Board of Directors	Audit Committee	Annual general meeting of shareholders		
Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting	7/7	-	1/1		
Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang	7/7	-	1/1		
Mr. Chen, Fong-Long	3/7	-	1/1		
Mr. Liao, Ying-Chih	7/7	-	1/1		
Mr. Chen, Jui-Hsin	3/7	-	1/1		
Mr. Wang, Chia-Hung	7/7	-	1/1		
Mr. Tientavee Saraton	7/7	-	1/1		
Mrs. Patima Chavalit	7/7	-	1/1		
Mr. Pradit Sawattananond	7/7	4/4	1/1		
Mr. Anant Svattananon	7/7	4/4	1/1		
Dr. Supriya Kuandachakupt	7/7	4/4	1/1		
Mr. Kasem Akanesuwan	7/7	4/4	1/1		

The directors' remunerations for the year 2022 are as follows:

		Fixed	Meeting Attendant		
			Allowance	Bonus	Total
Name	Position	(Baht)	(Baht)	(Baht)	(Baht)
Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting	Chairman of the Board of Directors	570,000	-	-	570,000
Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang	Director	285,000	-	-	285,000
Mr. Chen, Fong-Long	Director	285,000	-	-	285,000
Mr. Liao, Ying-Chih	Director	285,000	-	-	285,000
Mr. Chen, Jui-Hsin	Director	285,000	-	-	285,000
Mr. Wang, Chia-Hung	Director	273,000	-	-	273,000
Mr. Tientavee Saraton	Director	427,500	70,000	300,000	797,500
Mrs. Patima Chavalit	Independent Director	427,500	70,000	300,000	797,500
Mr. Pradit Sawattananond	Chairman of the Audit Committee/				
	Independent Director	570,000	70,000	400,000	1,040,000
Mr. Anant Svattananon	Member of the Audit Committee/				
	Independent Director	427,500	70,000	300,000	797,500
Dr. Supriya Kuandachakupt	Member of the Audit Committee/				
	Independent Director	427,500	70,000	300,000	797,500
Mr. Kasem Akanesuwan	Member of the Audit Committee/				
	Independent Director	427,500	70,000	300,000	797,500
Mr. Shen, Ying-Hui	Director	12,000	-	-	12,000
Total	4	1,702,500	420,000	1,900,000	7,022,500

8.1.3 Supervision of subsidiaries and associated companies

Guideline of Subsidiaries Management of the Company are as following;

- The appointment, dismissal, and performance review of the Company legal representative, who is appointed to Subsidiaries due to stake holding, shall be approved by the Company. The Company representative includes company promoter, authorized representative, director, supervisor and others.
- 2) To protect the Company's rights and interests, the company representative appointed by Company shall exercise authorities, fulfill duties, and observe the Company's instruction under the relevant laws and ordinances, articles of Incorporation, contract, ect.
- Subsidiaries shall pursue approval from the Company for matters regulated by the rule of "Subsidiaries' matters reserved for Holding Company".
- 4) Subsidiaries shall hold business review meeting (the Meeting) regularly and invite persons designated by the Company to attend the meeting. Minutes of the Meeting shall be submitted to Corporate Secretary for the Company's review.
- 5) Subsidiaries shall accept regular audits from the Company. The Company can also appoint an auditor to conduct extra audits on Subsidiaries at any time, whenever necessary.
- 6) Cohere with the rule of "Guideline of Managing Subsidiaries Performance Reports", Subsidiaries shall submit relevant reports and statements to the Company regularly or upon request.



- 7) The policies and procedures of Subsidiaries shall comply with the rule of "Guideline of Company Policies and Procedures Management" stipulated by the Company and shall be maintained and updated regularly.
- 8) When the continuity of business or the investment reason of Subsidiaries is vanished, the companydissolving proposal or stake-selling project shall be submitted to Corporate Planning Department and subject to the approval of Board of Directors.

8.1.4 Monitoring of compliance with the corporate governance policy and guidelines

The company has emphasized the good corporate governance and set the relevant policy and guidance in the Company's corporate governance policy and business ethics as well as encouraged the implementation to create confidence in all stakeholders and has monitored to ensure compliance with good corporate goverance.

In addition, the Company has monitored for compliance with 4 other good corporate governance issues as follows:

1. Prevention of conflicts of interest policy

The Company has a conflict of interest policy as follows:

1) Board of Directors and Management

Consider conflict of interest regarding the related transaction between the Company and the Subsidiaries as well as the other related parties according to the regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand with honesty rational and independence within the framework of good ethics by taking into account the interests of the company's primary focus to ensure that the transaction is reasonable and for the benefit of the company.

2) The Audit Committee

The Audit Committee are responsible to ensure the related transactions or transactions that may have conflicts of interests are complied with the law and the regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand, are reasonable and for the Company's benefit.

- 3) Employees
 - (1) Employees should avoid any action that is contrary to the interests of the Company whether arising from contact with the Company's operating related parties such as business partners, customers, competitors, or from using opportunities or information obtained from being an employee for personal benefit or from doing business in competition with the Company.
 - (2) Employees must protect the interests of the Company with full capacity.
 - (3) Employees must not do anything else that is contrary to the interests of the Company, whether directly or indirectly.
 - (4) Employees must not be involved in any other business which may affect the benefits of the Company or competition with the company.

2. Supervision on the Use of Internal Information

The Company sets out the policy on a supervision on the use of internal information and complies with the policy in a strictly manner. Details of the policy can be summarized as follows:

- The information is provided only to relevant parties while at the same time emphasis is made to the officers to retain the information cautiously. If the information is required for disclosure, report or disclosure of such internal information can be made only by the assigned person.
- Notification must be made to all directors and management of the Company pertaining to their duty and responsibility on the internal information by not using internal information for their personal interest, including securities trading.
- 3) Every director and management of the Company is made aware of their duty and responsibility in providing a report of change in securities holding by themselves, by their spouses, minority and by other parties related to directors and/or management, pursuant to Section 258 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 1992, within 3 days from the date of a change in holding of the Company's securities. Such requirement is in compliance with Section 59 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 1992. In addition, the Board of Directors sets the policy that all directors have to inform the change in shareholding by sending the copy of the report to the Company Secretary in order to inform in the next Board of Directors Meeting.
- 4) Directors, management and employees in the division receiving internal information are recommended to avoid or suspend their trading of the Company's securities for a period of 1 month prior to the disclosure of financial statements to public. These persons have to sign the acknowledgement of restrain the internal information.

Disciplinary penalty is determined should the policy be violated. Punishment will be determined based on the intention of the action and the severity of such wrongdoing.

The company has strictly followed up the policy on the use of inside information. Rights of access to information are clearly defined according to their relevance. The company secretary will send an e-mail to remind management of the trading halt period. In the year 2022, the Company has not committed an offense from using inside information.

3. Anti-Corruption

The Company operates business with integrity according to good corporate governance and adhere to responsibility to social and all stakeholders by establishing the Anti-Fraud Policy to identify the responsibility and practices for fraud prevention as clear guidelines for business operations which develop corporate sustainability. The Company received the Approval of certified membership of Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption on August 18, 2017 and received the approval of recetification of membership on September 30, 2020 for period of three years.

The Company has strictly implemented Anti-Corruption policy and has organized the anti-corruption training course by the Internal Audit Department on a regular basis for employees to know and understand about the Anti-Corruption policy of the Company in order to be able to properly comply with the policy. For new employees, on the orientation day, there will be training on the said policy as well.

In addition, the Company also pays attention to other related matter which is the prevention and suppression of Money Laundering. The Company has organized training courses on the law on Anti-Money Laundering, Anti-Money Laundering laws, and suppress financial support for employees. In 2022, 13 courses were held, totaling 259 hours.



The company has assessed the risk of fraud and corruption and established measures to manage risks. Details are published on the company's website (www.ask.co.th) in "Investor Relations" section.

In the year 2022, the company had no reports of corruption offenses.

4. Whistle Blowing Policy

The Company has established the Whistle Blowing Policy as a channel for directors, executives, employees and all stakeholders to be able to file a complaint or to report cases of corruption or fraud in significant matter such as the illegal act, act against the rules or the Company's policies, or against business ethics, to help improve or perform action with accuracy, adequacy, transparency, and fairness. The whistleblower's information and reporting subject will be kept confidentially in order to prevent the infringement.

- 1) Any staff/ outsider with concern may report such concern through the Company's Internal Audit Vice President. All allegations raised should be made in writing and finally sent to the Company's Internal Audit Vice President. The Internal Audit Vice President shall make preliminary study to decide whether the raised allegation is a suspected fraud event and an investigation is necessary
 - Mr. Kaweewat Chouthong : Internal Audit Vice President Telephone : 0-2679-6226
 E-mail : kaweewat.ch@ask.co.th,
 - Regular mail : Internal audit Vice President,
 24th Sathorn city tower, 175 South Sathorn road, Tungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok 10120,
 Facsimile : (66) 0-2679-6241-3.
- 2) In case that the allegation does not stand for a suspected fraud event and no investigation is needed, the Internal Audit Vice President will inform the initiator who raises the concern of the reason not to start an investigation.
- 3) If the suspected fraud event is a subsidiaries' case and without concern of materiality or interest conflict, the Head of the subsidiaries concerned will be informed of the case.
- 4) As the suspected fraud event is considered material or concerned with interest conflict or considered the Company's case, the Internal Audit Vice President is responsible for carrying out the subsequent investigation and reporting to the Audit Committee and MD of the investigation result. The MD is to instruct the actions to be taken and inform the Audit Committee. If the suspected fraud event involves senior management of the Company, the investigation report will be submitted to the Audit Committee.
- 5) The Human Resource Department shall be responsible for the subsequent disciplinary meeting as instructed by the MD of the Company.
- 6) The summary report of a material case shall be informed to Audit committee.
- 7) As the case is closed, the Internal Audit Vice President may inform the initiator of the result.
- 8) Principles
 - (1) The allegation should be raised in good faith, not for personal gain.
 - (2) Anonymous Event Note will not be considered and no action will be taken.
 - (3) All participants in a fraud investigation shall keep the details and results of the investigation confidential.

- 9) Contact Information will be accessible on the Company's Web site: www.ask.co.th. The record of each allegation and related documents shall be kept by the Internal Audit of ASK confidentially. The retaining period should not be less than three years
- 10) Approval and review, these procedures shall be reviewed periodically and amended if necessary.

Protection of Complainants or Whistle-Blowers

Any staff/ outsider who raise allegation with their sincerity are to be appropriately protected by the company as follows:

- 1) The Company will keep the whistle-blower and suspect their confidential information.
- In case that the Company requires disclosure the information, it must be done as necessary to secure and protect the whistle-blowers and suspects.

8.2 Report on the results of duty performance of the Audit Committee in the past year

8.2.1 Specify the total number of the Audit Committee's meetings and the attendance of each member;

Each Audit Committee member has dedicated his/her time to attend all of the Audit Committee's meetings. In the year 2022, all meetings were attended by each of the Company's directors and the Audit Committee as follows:

Name	No. of Meetings Attended / No. of Total Meeting
Mr. Pradit Sawattananond	4/4
Mr. Anant Svattananon	4/4
Dr. Supriya Kuandachakupt	4/4
Mr. Kasem Akanesuwan	4/4

8.2.2 Performance result of the Audit Committee

During the year 2022, the Audit Committee held 4 meetings with the Company's management, the internal auditors and the external auditors for discussion of the related agenda, including one nonmanagement meeting with the external auditors in order to enhance good corporate governance and transparency of the Company's financial statements. The important issues are as follows:

1. Financial Statements

Review of the consolidated quarterly and annual financial statements with the external auditors and the related management by considering the accounting information, compliance with accounting standards and regulatory requirements and internal control in the preparation process of the financial statements. The review concluded that the financial statements were prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles and the disclosure of information was adequate, accurate, reliable, and timely.

2. Internal Control System

Review of the internal control system with the internal auditors and the external auditors to assess its sufficiency and effectiveness with the aim to prevent all possible risks. The Audit Committee reviewed the internal control assessment for the year 2022 with the Assessment Form of Sufficiency of Internal Control System prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The review concluded that there were no significant flaws from the operation and the Company's internal control system was sufficient, effective and in compliance with the SEC's requirements.



3. Regulatory Compliance

Review of the Company's operations to ensure that they were in compliance with the Securities and Exchange Acts and the Stock Exchange of Thailand's regulations and laws relating to the Company's business. The review concluded that the Company's operations were in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations.

4. Nomination of External Auditor

Consideration of the selection, nomination, and remuneration of the Company's external auditors in order to propose to the Board of Directors for approval in the Shareholders' meeting including non - audit services of the office related to the Company's external auditors. With regard to the past performance, independence, and the appropriate remuneration, the Audit Committee nominated EY Office Company Limited as the Company's external auditors for the year 2023. The Audit Committee concluded that the external auditors performed their duties professionally and independently. In addition, the external auditors have no relations with the Company and its subsidiary.

5. Connected Transactions

Review of the connected transactions or those which may cause conflict of interest, including the reasoning, transparency and completeness of the Company's disclosure of such information, to ensure that they were in compliance with the laws and regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Securities and Exchange Commission. The review concluded that they were consistent with the normal business practices, all the required regulations, reasoning and the best interest of the Company.

6. Internal Audit

Approval of the internal audit plan for the year 2023 with emphasis on a risk-based audit approach for each business function, review of the internal audit activities, resources and manpower, and suggest and follow-up the improvement of audit items from the Internal Audit Department. The management concerned was invited to explain the result of the corrective action. The Audit Committee concluded that the internal audit practices were independent, appropriate, effective and contributive to the Company's good internal control, risk management, and corporate governance

7. Risk Management

Review and evaluation of the Company's risk management process as well as giving recommendations on the improvement of the efficiency and effectiveness of the Company's risk management system according to the Company's risk management policy.

8. Major Shareholder's Audit

Acknowledgment of the annual audit report prepared by the internal auditors of Chailease Group, the Company's major shareholder, and followed-up of their suggestions on the improvement of the significant issues on a quarterly basis.

9. Self Assessment

Conduct of the self assessment on the audit committee in accordance with the guidelines of the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The Audit Committee had the opinion that its practices were in compliance with such guidelines with the effective enhancement of the Company's good corporate governance.

10. Anti - Corruption

Consideration and review of the Company's Self-Evaluation Tool for Countering Bribery as required by the Institute of Directors (IOD) in order to send to CAC Committee for the Re-Certification process. In addition, the Company has obtained the Re-Certification of membership from CAC Committee for 3 years since September 30, 2020.

8.3 Summary of the results of duty performance of subcommittees

8.3.1 Number of the subcommittees' meetings and the attendance of each subcommittee member

1. Executive Board of Directors' meeting

The Executive Board of Directors has a policy to regularly arrange a meeting at least once a month with additional meeting to be called if necessary. The Detail of attendance of each director are as follow;

Name	No. of Meetings Attended / No. of Total Meeting
Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting	12/12
Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang	12/12
Mr. Shen, Ying-Hui	12/12
Mr. Liao, Ying-Chih	12/12
Mr. Chen, Fong-Long	12/12
Mr. Chen, Jui-Hsin ^{1/}	12/12

2. Risk Management Committee's meeting

The Risk Management Committee have a policy to arrange a meeting at least once a year with additional meeting to be called if necessary. In 2022, the Risk Management Committee holds 1 meeting with the Managing Director as Chairman of the meeting and all directors have attended the meeting. The Risk Management Committee emphasized the continuous monitoring of risk management including the participation of executives and employees at all levels by focusing on preventative approaches and monitor risks that affect business operations.

In 2022, the Risk Management Committee held a meeting to analyze emerging risks and risk management plan. In addition, the Risk Management Committee also revised a crisis management plan.



9. Internal control and related party transactions

9.1 Internal control

The Company has recognized the important of good internal control systems by set up Internal Audit department to examine and monitor to improve continuously which found from the Company's operational. For Internal Audit department has independent to check and balance extremely, so the Company determines Internal Audit reporting directly to the Audit Committee.

9.1.1 Adequacy and appropriateness of the Company's internal control system

The Company has appropriate and effective internal control and risk management system by complies with internal control and risk management framework according to the internationally accepted standards on enterprise risk management developed by The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO-ERM). This corresponds to the Company's business operations and based on 5 internal control components, namely (1) Control Environment (2) Risk Assessment (3) Control Activities (4) Information & Communication and (5) Monitoring Activities.

Internal control and risk management system is the important tool and mechanism which enables the Company to have a good management system. The Company has assigned the employees to collaborate their role and responsibility in control self-assessment (CSA), it encourages the employees to be responsible for risk assessment and continuously develop internal control by themselves including risk assessment and related system in order to improve system and mitigate risk.

In addition, the Company has set up fraud risk assessment by Internal Audit department has conducted fraud risk assessment to enable to assess the possibility to occur fraud and consider the most efficient preventive and control measure to be ensure that the Company will be able to prevent and control to be guideline in the business operations with morals according to good corporate governance.

In addition, the company has established a compliance department to ensure that the Company is conducting business in full compliance with the related laws and regulations. Compliance department shall report the company's management team in the event of a compliance violation. Compliance will educate compliance-related issues to employees across all divisions of organization that will prevent wrongdoing.

9.1.2 The Board of Directors' opinion to the Internal Control System

In the Board of Directors' meeting No.2/2023 held on February 15, 2023 which the Audit Committee members attended this meeting. The Board of Directors assessed the Company's internal control, allowing the management to explain the systems relevant to the internal control including discussion with the management. The Board of Directors concluded that the Company's internal control system was sufficient and appropriate in this situation covering 5 components, namely Control Environment, Risk Assessment, Control Activities, Information & Communication, and Monitoring Activities.

In addition, the Company has also provided sufficient employees to perform internal control efficiently, and monitored the asset safeguard of the Company and its subsidiary from the management's misuse including the scope regarding the transactions with the persons who may have conflicts of interest and connected persons sufficiently.

9.1.3 The Audit Committee's opinion to the Internal Control System

In the Audit Committee's meeting No. 1/2023 held on February 10, 2023 concluded regarding the Company's internal control and reviewed the Assessment Form of Sufficiency of Internal Control System as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), based on 5 components, namely Control Environment, Risk Assessment, Control Activities, Information & Communication, and Monitoring Activities. The review concluded that the Company's internal control was sufficient and complied with the SEC's requirement, and there was no significant change from the previous year.

9.1.4 The Company's Head of Internal Audit

The Company's Head of Internal Audit Department, Mr. Kaweewat Choothong, who is responsible for overseeing internal audit operations. He is experienced in internal auditing and understands the operating activities of the Company and its subsidiaries. Therefore, he is suitably qualified for this task. In the addition, to approve the appointment, transfer and dismissal of the Company's Head of Internal Audit will be passed the approval of the Audit Committee.

9.2 Related party transactions

The Company and its subsidiaries have connected transactions with connected persons who may have conflict of interest, all of which being made in a normal course of business of the Company and its subsidiaries. In approving the connected transaction, the Company and its subsidiaries set out policy to proceed according to normal trading terms by referring to appropriate market rate and condition. In case where the transaction is not normal business transaction or without normal trading terms, such transaction must be presented to the Board of Directors' meeting for approval. In approving the connected transaction, directors and persons with potential interest or potential conflict of interest will not be entitled to participate in the voting of such transaction. Such transaction must be reported to the Company's Board of Directors for further acknowledgement accordingly. In entering into such transaction, it must be ensured that the transaction must provide maximum benefit to the Company.

In considering the transaction, the Audit Committee must attend the meeting for review its necessity and reasonableness by considering price and rate of return of such transaction except where the connected transaction is the normal business transaction or has normal trading terms which can be approved by the Executive Board of Directors or Managing Director within the predetermined authorized limit. In case where the Audit Committee does not have expertise in considering the transaction arisen, the Company will arrange to have person with expertise and skill, e.g. the Company's auditor or independent expert, to provide opinion on such connected transaction. Opinion of the Audit Committee or expert will be used as support for decision making of the Company's Board of Directors or shareholders as the case may be.

In addition, the information on connected transactions will be disclosed in the notes to financial statements as audited by the Company and its subsidiaries' auditor. The connected transaction must be made in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, rules and regulations, notification, order or provision of the Office of Securities and Exchange Commission and/or the Stock Exchange of Thailand concerning the connected transactions or the acquisition and disposal of the Company's asset in a strictly manner. The Company must also comply with the provision concerning the disclosure of information of connected transaction and acquisition or disposal of asset.

In entering into any potential connected transaction in the future, the Company will proceed according to the measure stipulated above. It has a policy to operate in accordance with normal course of business by referring to appropriate market rate and condition to maximize benefit to the Company.



Details of Connected Transaction

According to the resolution from the Board of Directors meeting No. 2/2023 on February 15, 2023 also attended by the Audit Committee and the independent directors to review the connected transaction for the period ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022, the Board of Directors provided opinion concerning connected transactions that such connected transaction were necessary for the ordinary course of business whereas terms of such connected transactions with connected persons during such period were according to the market rate, contractual and agreed price which were reasonable and in the ordinary course of business. Details of the transaction can be summarized as follows:

Parties with Potential Conflict/ Nature of Transaction	Type of Transaction	for the Per	cted Transaction riod Ended n Baht)	Reason and Necessity of the Connected Transaction / Remark
		December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	
 Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited / Hold 7.35% of the Company's shares as at December 31, 2022. 	Savings and current deposit at bank bank overdraft, short and long-term loan, aval fee of the Company and its subsidiaries for working capital and business expansion 1. Savings and current deposit 2. Bank deposits with restriction 3. Short-term loan 4. Long-term loan 5. Accrued interest expense 6. Interest expense		513.08 146.05 - 3,600.00 0.31 179.23	- Audit Committee have reviewed and considered this item and provided opinion that interest rate charged is similar to the market rate and deemed reasonable in the ordinary course of business.
	 6. Interest expense 7. Interest income 	0.09	0.25	
 Bangkok Insurance Public Company Limited / Hold 0.66% of the Company's shares as at December 31, 2022. 	Short-term Ioan of BGPL for working capital and Insurance expense of the Company and its subsidiaries according to the market rate 1. Insurance expense 2. Prepaid insurance expense	2.83 1.49	2.80 1.44	- Audit Committee have reviewed and considered this item and provided opinion that interest rate charged and insurance expense are similar to the market rate and deemed reasonable in the ordinary course of business.
 Chailease Finance Co., Ltd / Major shareholder of the Company with 36.61% shareholding as of December 31, 2022 	Internal Audit Fee	1.00	1.00	- Audit Committee and/or Independent Director have reviewed and considered this item and provided opinion that value of such internal audit fee is comparable with the asset size in reference industry and deemed reasonable in the ordinary course of business.
 4. Sathorn City Tower Property Fund / - Related to City Realty 	Expense relating to office space and fixture and service of the Company and its subsidiaries			- Audit Committee have reviewed and considered this item and provided opinion that its value is consistent
Co., Ltd. whom relates to	1. Service fee	1.79	1.79	with the agreement made and
the major shareholder of the Company (Bangkok Bank Plc.)	 Amortization of right of use asset Interest Expense of Lease Liabilities 	t 30.28 1.62	30.55 1.43	deemed reasonable in the ordinary course of business.

Parties with Potential Conflict/ Nature of Transaction	Type of Transaction	Value of Connec for the Per (Million	iod Ended	Reason and Necessity of the Connected Transaction / Remark
		December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	
 CITC Enterprise (Thai) Limited Common director with the Company's major shareholders 	d 1. Finance lease and loan receivables2. Interest income	9.22 0.12	0.89	 Finance lease and loan provided by the subsidiary under the same conditions as other customers. Audit Committee and/or Independent
				Director have reviewed and considered this item and provided opinion that such interest of loan for this company is reasonable and in the same rate for other customer.
6. Anywhere 2 go Company	Loan receivable	0.62	2.31	- Loan provided by the subsidiary
Limited - Common director with the Company	Interest income	0.14	0.34	under the same conditions as other customers. - Audit Committee and/or Independent
Company				Director have reviewed and considered this item and provided opinion that such interest of loan for this company is reasonable and in th same rate for other customer.
 7. Chailease International Financial Service Co., Ltd. Common director with the Company 	Financial guarantee fee	0.08	-	 Audit Committee and/or Independent Director have reviewed and considered this item and provided opinion that such prepaid insurance expenses incurred from life insurance and assets insurance for Company and its subsidiary is reasonable and in the ordinary course of business.
 Chailease International Financial Service (Singapore) 	Financial guarantee fee income Financial guarantee fee	0.89 0.04	0.41	 Audit Committee and/or Independent Director have reviewed and
Pte Ltd. - Related party of ultimate parent company				considered this item and provided opinion that such prepaid insurance expenses incurred from life insurance and assets insurance for Company and its subsidiary is reasonable and in the ordinary course of business.
 9. Chailease Special Finance Co.,Ltd. - Related party of ultimate parent company 	Financial guarantee fee income	-	0.62	 Audit Committee and/or Independent Director have reviewed and considered this item and provided opinion that such prepaid insurance expenses incurred from life insurance and assets insurance for Company and its subsidiary is reasonable and in the ordinary course of business.

Source : Consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited as audited by the auditor for the Year 2021 - 2022.



Reasonableness of the Connected Transactions

According to the resolution of the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 2/2023 on February 15, 2023 where the Audit Committee who are independent directors have attended, it was opined that the connected transaction is necessary in the normal operation of business. Terms of the connected transactions are made according to the market price, contractual price and agreed price, which are reasonable and in the ordinary course of business.

Measures or Process for Connected Transaction Approval

To prevent any conflict of interest arisen from the transaction, the connected transaction between the Company and a person with potential conflict of interest, which is neither in the normal course of business nor has normal term of trading must be presented to the Board of Directors' meeting for approval. Directors and persons with interest or potential conflict of interest in such transaction will not be entitled to vote on such matter and must report the Board of Directors accordingly. Such transaction must be entered for the maximum benefit to the Company. In considering such transaction, member of the Audit Committee must attend the meeting to provide opinion pertaining to the execution of such connected transaction, except if such connected transaction entered by the Company or related companies is made in the normal course of business or normal trading terms. In such case, the Executive Board of Directors or the Managing Director is authorized to approve the transaction according to the predetermined approval authority limit. The execution of connected transaction, however, must be in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, regulation, notification, order or the provision of the Office of Securities and Exchange Commission and/or the Stock Exchange of Thailand concerning the connected transactions and the acquisition and disposal of the Company's asset in a strictly manner.

Policy or Tendency of Connected Transactions

In entering into connected transaction in the future, the Company's procedures are as discussed earlier in order to maximize benefit to the Company. Accordingly, it is the Company's policy to undertake the transactions according to the normal course of business based on appropriate market price and conditions. The Audit Committee and/or Independent Director will be required to audit and provide opinion, taking into account pricing and return, on the necessity and appropriateness of the transactions. In relation to the execution of connected transactions in the future, the Board of Directors must comply with the Securities and Exchange Act, regulation, notification, order or the provision of the Office of Securities and Exchange Commission and/or the Stock Exchange of Thailand concerning the disclosure of information of connected transaction or disposal of assets.

However, in case of the Audit Committee have no special skill for consideration related transaction which occurred, the Company will provide specialists such as auditor of the Company or independent expert provide opinion on such related transaction. The opinion of the Audit Committee or specialist will be applied to decision of the Board of Directors or shareholders. Moreover, the Company will be disclosed the related transaction in the note of financial statement have been audited by the auditors of the Company and its subsidiaries.









ดการบริหาธุธุรกิจ เศรษฐศาสตร์และ CULTY OF BUSINESS, ECONOMICS AND COM











Financial Statements



Report of the Board of Directors Responsibilities for Financial Statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the consolidated financial statement of the Company and its subsidiaries which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards in Thailand. The accounting policies pursued are deemed appropriate and applied consistently with adequate disclosure of important information in the notes to financial statements. This is for the benefit of the shareholders and general investors who are entitled to acknowledge the information that is accurate, on time and reasonable.

The Board of Directors has appointed the Audit Committee comprising qualified independent directors, to review the quality of financial report and internal control system. The opinion of the Audit Committee is reported in the Audit Committee's Report in this annual report.

The Board of Directors views that the Company's internal control system provides reasonable assurance that the financial position and results of operation are presented accurately.

1ze ling Jeen

Yang, Tze-Ting Chairman of the Board of Directors

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and have also audited the separate financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited for the same period.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited as at 31 December 2022, their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions ("Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants") that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

I have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, my audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to my assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of my audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for my audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements as a whole.

Key audit matter and how audit procedures respond for each matter are described below.

Allowance for expected credit losses on loan receivables

As described in Note 4.13, 5 and 37.2 to the financial statements, as at 31 December 2022, the Group had total loan receivables (before net of allowance for expected credit losses) of Baht 67,616 million and allowance for expected credit losses of Baht 1,772 million (the net balance representing 95% of total assets), which are material to the financial statements.

The expected credit losses on loan receivables method requires development of a complex calculation model, which involves significant use of management judgement and estimates in order to be compliant with the Thai Financial Reporting Standard. The areas of significant management judgement include the identification of criteria for assessing that there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the selection of future economic variables to be incorporated in the model and use of an overlay adjustment on the allowance for expected credit losses due to limitations of the model.

Because of the materiality and the extent of the judgement and estimates mentioned above, the allowance for expected credit losses on loan receivables is considered a key audit matter.

My audit procedures included assessment of the appropriateness of the calculation methodologies inherent within the model used for collective assessment of expected credit loss by comparison with the requirements of TFRS 9, and assessment and tests of the Group's information technology system and internal controls relevant to the estimation of allowance for expected credit losses. I assessed the assumptions significant to the model and considered the reasonableness of the assumptions in the forward-looking information and the appropriateness of the weightings adopted. I also assessed and considered reasonableness of the overlays applied by management. For the assessment of individual allowances for expected credit losses, I assessed the assumptions relevant to the expected future cash flows and the realisable values of collateral, and recalculated expected credit losses for exposures assessed on an individual basis.

In addition, I focused on the Group's disclosures regarding the allowance for expected credit losses on loan receivables.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprise the information included in annual report of the Group, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report of the Group is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report of the Group, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance for correction of the misstatement.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit. I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

I am responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report.

Vissute Dunigette

Vissuta Jariyathanakorn Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 3853

EY Office Limited Bangkok: 15 February 2023



Statement of financial position

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries As at 31 December 2022

(Unit: Ba					(Unit: Baht)
		Consolidated		Separate	
		financial statements		financial s	tatements
Nc	ote	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents 6	, <i>7</i>	601,201,754	471,303,503	419,923,151	265,860,568
Bank deposits with restrictions 6	<i>, 8</i>	146,045,709	147,895,360	-	-
Current portion of hire purchase receivables	9	18,061,204,822	15,544,892,709	14,639,407,433	12,626,812,344
Current portion of financial lease receivables 6,	10	464,479,081	403,208,977	-	-
Factoring receivables	11	16,387,685	64,859,890	-	-
Current portion of loan receivables 6,	12	2,825,525,189	2,688,917,509	890,094,940	624,274,578
Short-term loans to a related party	6	-	-	2,775,000,000	2,090,000,000
Other current financial assets	14	12,402,000	8,248,500	12,402,000	8,248,500
Assets foreclosed	15	556,554,341	122,068,036	551,554,341	121,102,451
Other current assets	6	478,442,486	465,792,985	280,719,306	276,802,008
Total current assets		23,162,243,067	19,917,187,469	19,569,101,171	16,013,100,449
Non-current assets					
Hire purchase receivables	9	41,173,769,145	33,292,815,858	36,382,114,591	29,393,419,238
Financial lease receivables 6,	10	770,757,695	678,681,898	-	-
Loan receivables 6,	12	2,532,055,381	1,722,927,175	1,401,176,757	647,636,256
Long-term loans to a related party	6	-	-	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
Derivative assets 3	7.1	734,137,255	361,683,182	734,137,255	361,683,182
Other non-current financial assets 6,	14	2,720,092	3,846,586	2,509,532	3,636,026
Investment in subsidiaries	16	-	-	1,397,496,087	1,397,496,087
Land, building and equipment	17	186,749,520	157,677,874	143,614,333	149,274,886
Right-of-use assets	18	44,717,820	64,537,474	35,816,551	49,651,424
Intangible assets	19	15,869,082	10,962,277	14,672,232	9,586,009
Deferred tax assets	31	446,258,744	377,990,033	301,140,182	291,048,346
Other non-current assets	20	79,293,489	80,375,411	8,868,976	9,968,478
Total non-current assets		45,986,328,223	36,751,497,768	43,421,546,496	35,313,399,932
Total assets		69,148,571,290	56,668,685,237	62,990,647,667	51,326,500,381

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued)

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries As at 31 December 2022

					(Unit: Baht)
		Consolidated		Separate	
		financial statements		financial statements	
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
Liabilities and shareholders' equity					
Current liabilities					
Short-term loans from banks	21	500,000,000	3,780,000,000	500,000,000	3,680,000,000
Short-term loans from related parties	6	-	500,000,000	-	-
Current portion of long-term loans from banks	22	5,649,182,877	5,009,670,164	5,649,182,877	5,009,670,164
Current portion of long-term loans from a related party	6	800,000,000	2,850,000,000	300,000,000	2,350,000,000
Other short-term loans	21	10,500,341,204	4,686,945,762	10,500,341,204	4,686,945,762
Current portion of long-term debentures	23	4,748,711,521	3,556,024,691	4,748,711,521	3,556,024,691
Short-term debentures	23	-	499,981,371	-	499,981,371
Current portion of lease liabilities	18	34,025,054	33,215,966	27,267,631	25,479,014
Amounts due to related parties	6	314,383	738,013	7,777,149	3,755,443
Income tax payable		200,664,059	182,147,200	156,892,881	145,632,778
Current portion of deposits relating to collateral					
of customers		536,847,301	255,938,456	-	-
Other current liabilities	6	1,030,041,519	912,991,726	667,563,453	556,607,678
Total current liabilities		24,000,127,918	22,267,653,349	22,557,736,716	20,514,096,901
Non-current liabilities					
Long-term loans from banks	22	19,666,047,492	12,492,157,479	17,996,047,492	12,492,157,479
Long-term loans from a related party	6	2,800,000,000	3,600,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,300,000,000
Long-term debentures	23	11,458,513,849	8,018,450,699	11,458,513,849	8,018,450,699
Lease liabilities	18	12,048,746	32,844,428	9,536,445	25,300,279
Derivative liabilities	37.1	-	10,079,337	-	10,079,337
Deposits relating to collateral of customers		770,239,532	812,904,877	-	-
Provision for long-term employee benefits	24	186,885,514	179,196,877	150,948,918	143,734,046
Other non-current liabilities		186,916	186,916	186,916	186,916
Total non-current liabilities		34,893,922,049	25,145,820,613	30,615,233,620	21,989,908,756
Total liabilities		58,894,049,967	47,413,473,962	53,172,970,336	42,504,005,657

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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Statement of financial position (continued)

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries As at 31 December 2022

					(Unit: Baht)
		Conso financial s	lidated tatements	Separate financial statements	
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital	26				
Registered					
527,843,460 ordinary shares of Baht 5 each		2,639,217,300	2,639,217,300	2,639,217,300	2,639,217,300
Issued and fully paid-up					
527,843,460 ordinary shares of Baht 5 each		2,639,217,300	2,639,217,300	2,639,217,300	2,639,217,300
Share premium	26	2,824,819,459	2,824,819,459	2,824,819,459	2,824,819,459
Difference from restructuring of shareholding		4,188,003	4,188,003	-	-
Retained earnings					
Appropriated - statutory reserve	27	263,921,730	228,229,552	263,921,730	228,229,552
Unappropriated		4,455,833,401	3,575,197,064	4,023,177,412	3,146,668,516
Other components of equity		66,541,430	(16,440,103)	66,541,430	(16,440,103)
Total shareholders' equity		10,254,521,323	9,255,211,275	9,817,677,331	8,822,494,724
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		69,148,571,290	56,668,685,237	62,990,647,667	51,326,500,381

Statement of comprehensive income

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries For the year ended 31 December 2022

					(Unit: Baht)
		Conso	lidated	Sepa	
		financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
Profit or loss:					
Revenues					
Interest income from loan receivables	6				
Hire purchase agreements		4,168,892,393	3,288,023,665	3,584,292,893	2,806,740,221
Financial lease agreements		79,722,047	63,580,710	-	-
Factoring		2,375,143	2,882,867	-	-
Loan agreements		611,808,948	453,452,098	356,784,077	277,292,733
Service income					
Brokerage income		585,958,485	435,051,598	-	-
Other service income		52,144,005	74,512,523	384,428,419	289,903,006
Other income					
Penalty income		89,934,833	76,804,411	86,005,910	72,256,638
Dividend income	6, 16	119,925	187,200	346,465,895	185,878,302
Others		32,643,378	19,884,105	16,469,546	16,540,447
Total revenues		5,623,599,157	4,414,379,177	4,774,446,740	3,648,611,347
Expenses					
Selling expenses		355,033,278	305,038,135	257,062,589	218,263,485
Administrative expenses		771,622,631	744,182,671	609,059,374	591,057,467
Expected credit losses and impairment					
loss on assets foreclosed	28	1,264,881,360	816,716,188	879,063,980	603,845,967
Total expenses		2,391,537,269	1,865,936,994	1,745,185,943	1,413,166,919
Profit before finance cost and income tax expenses		3,232,061,888	2,548,442,183	3,029,260,797	2,235,444,428
Finance cost	6, 29	(1,335,609,739)	(1,039,126,676)	(1,222,492,425)	(969,774,549)
Profit before income tax expenses		1,896,452,149	1,509,315,507	1,806,768,372	1,265,669,879
Income tax expenses	31	(384,312,169)	(306,511,490)	(296,384,575)	(221,078,833)
Profit for the year		1,512,139,980	1,202,804,017	1,510,383,797	1,044,591,046

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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Statement of comprehensive income (continued)

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries For the year ended 31 December 2022

				(Unit: Baht)
	Consol	idated	Sepa	arate
	financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements
Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
Other comprehensive income:				
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified				
to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedges - net of income tax	86,474,297	(8,435,536)	86,474,297	(8,435,536)
Net changes in cost of hedging - net of income tax	(2,591,569)	(3,313,388)	(2,591,569)	(3,313,388)
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit				
or loss in subsequent periods - net of income tax	83,882,728	(11,748,924)	83,882,728	(11,748,924)
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified				
to profit or loss in subsequent periods				
Loss on changes in value of equity investments				
designated at fair value through other comprehensive				
income - net of income tax	(901,195)	(2,276,989)	(901,195)	(2,276,989)
Actuarial gain - net of income tax	5,643,810	7,399,846	3,272,552	5,429,975
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified				
to profit or loss in subsequent periods - net of income tax	4,742,615	5,122,857	2,371,357	3,152,986
Other comprehensive income for the year	88,625,343	(6,626,067)	86,254,085	(8,595,938)
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,600,765,323	1,196,177,950	1,596,637,882	1,035,995,108
Earnings per share32				
Basic earnings per share				
Profit for the year	2.86	2.62	2.86	2.28

					Cor	Consolidated financial statements	ncial statemer	nts			
						I	0	Other components of equity	ents of equity		
						I	Other co	Other comprehensive income	ncome		
				I	Retained	Retained earnings				Total other	
		Issued and		Difference from Appropriated	Appropriated		Fair	Cash flow	Cost of	components of	
		paid-up	Share	restructuring of	- Statutory		value	hedge	hedging	shareholder's	
	Note -	share capital	premium	shareholding	reserve	Unappropriated	reserve	reserve	reserve	equity	Total
Balance as at 1 January 2021		1,759,478,200	715,415,690	4,188,003	176,000,000	3,015,013,019	(2,414,190)	1	I	(2,414,190)	5,667,680,722
Profit for the year		1	ı	I	'	1,202,804,017	I	1	I	I	1,202,804,017
Other comprehensive income for the year		1	1	1		7,399,846	(2,276,989)	(8,435,536)	(3,313,388)	(14,025,913)	(6,626,067)
Total comprehensive income for the year		I	ı	1	ı	1,210,203,863	(2,276,989)	(8,435,536)	(3,313,388)	(14,025,913)	1,196,177,950
Ordinary share capital increase	26	879,739,100	2,109,403,769	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	2,989,142,869
Transfer to statutory reserve	27	I	I	I	52,229,552	(52,229,552)	I	I	I	I	ı
Dividend paid	35		1		'	(597,790,266)	ı	I	I	1	(597,790,266)
Balance as at 31 December 2021		2,639,217,300	2,824,819,459	4,188,003	228,229,552	3,575,197,064	(4,691,179)	(8,435,536)	(3,313,388)	(16,440,103)	9,255,211,275
Balance as at 1 January 2022		2,639,217,300	2,824,819,459	4,188,003	228,229,552	3,575,197,064	(4,691,179)	(8,435,536)	(3,313,388)	(16,440,103)	9,255,211,275
Profit for the year		I	I	I	ı	1,512,139,980	I	I	I	I	1,512,139,980
Other comprehensive income for the year		T	I	1	1	5,643,810	(901,195)	86,474,297	(2,591,569)	82,981,533	88,625,343
Total comprehensive income for the year		I	I	I	I	1,517,783,790	(901,195)	86,474,297	(2,591,569)	82,981,533	1,600,765,323
Transfer to statutory reserve	27	I	I	I	35,692,178	(35,692,178)	I	I	I	I	I
Dividend paid	35	1				(601,455,275)	I	T	I	1	(601,455,275)
Balance as at 31 December 2022		2,639,217,300	2,824,819,459	4,188,003	263,921,730	263,921,730 4,455,833,401	(5,592,374)	78,038,761	(5,904,957)	66,541,430	66,541,430 10,254,521,323

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Unit: Baht)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

For the year ended 31 December 2022

(Unit: Baht)

Separate financial statements

					I		Other components of equity	ents of equity		
						Other co	Other comprehensive income	lcome		
				Retained	Retained earnings				Total other	
		Issued and		Appropriated -		Fair	Cash flow	Cost of	components of	
		paid-up	Share	Statutory		value	hedging	hedging	shareholder's	
	Note	share capital	premium	reserve	Unappropriated	reserve	reserve	reserve	equity	Total
Balance as at 1 January 2021		1,759,478,200	715,415,690	176,000,000	2,746,667,313	(2,414,190)	'	1	(2,414,190)	5,395,147,013
Profit for the year		I	I	I	1,044,591,046	I	I	I	I	1,044,591,046
Other comprehensive income for the year		ľ	I		5,429,975	(2,276,989)	(8,435,536)	(3,313,388)	(14,025,913)	(8,595,938)
Total comprehensive income for the year		I	I	I	1,050,021,021	(2,276,989)	(8,435,536)	(3,313,388)	(14,025,913)	1,035,995,108
Ordinary share capital increase	26	879,739,100	2,109,403,769	I	I	I	I	I	I	2,989,142,869
Transfer to statutory reserve	27	I	I	52,229,552	(52,229,552)	I	I	I	I	I
Dividend paid	35	1	I	1	(597,790,266)	1	I	1	I	(597,790,266)
Balance as at 31 December 2021		2,639,217,300	2,824,819,459	228,229,552	3,146,668,516	(4,691,179)	(8,435,536)	(3,313,388)	(16,440,103)	8,822,494,724
Asia										
Balance as at 1 January 2022		2,639,217,300	2,639,217,300 2,824,819,459	228,229,552	3,146,668,516	(4,691,179)	(8,435,536)	(3,313,388)	(16,440,103)	8,822,494,724
Profit for the year		I	I	I	1,510,383,797	I	I	I	I	1,510,383,797
Other comprehensive income for the year		T	I	I	3,272,552	(901,195)	86,474,297	(2,591,569)	82,981,533	86,254,085
Total comprehensive income for the year		I	I	I	1,513,656,349	(901,195)	86,474,297	(2,591,569)	82,981,533	1,596,637,882
Transfer to statutory reserve	27	I	I	35,692,178	(35,692,178)	I	I	I	I	I
Dividend paid	35	I	I	I	(601,455,275)	T	I	I	I	(601,455,275)
Balance as at 31 December 2022		2,639,217,300	2,824,819,459	263,921,730	263,921,730 4,023,177,412	(5,592,374)	78,038,761	(5,904,957)	66,541,430	66,541,430 9,817,677,331



Cash flow statement

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries For the year ended 31 December 2022

Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities: Expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosed 1.264.881,360 816.716.188 879.063,980 603.845.9 Depreciation of building and equipment 28.096.974 26.674.275 24.826.302 24.572.0 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 35.521.098 34.487.868 27.473.989 26.650.7 Amortisation of intangible assets 2.433.782 2.341.555 2.086.364 1.855.5 Provision for long-term employee benefits 17.7549.817 19.107.284 13.350.192 14.988.4 Write-off of equipment and vehicles (1.426.460) (1.491.940 (1.150.461) (1.491.940 Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicles (1.426.460) (1.491.940 (1.150.461) (1.491.940 Gain from revaluation of investments (4.153.500) (1.228.500) (4.153.500) (4.153.500) (1.228.501 Dividend income (1.99.25) (187.0700) (3.04.405.893) (3.04.405.893) (3.04.405.893) (3.04.405.893) (3.04.405.893) (3.084.032.833) Dividend income (1.99.25) (1.87.87.33) (3.63.077.651) (3.65.774.433) (3.65.774.433					(Unit: Baht)
2022 2021 2022 2021 Cash flows from operating activities 1,896,452,149 1,509,315,507 1,806,768,372 1,265,669,87 Profit before tax 1,896,452,149 1,509,315,507 1,806,768,372 1,265,669,87 Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities: 1,264,881,360 816,716,188 879,063,980 603,845,93 Depreciation of building and equipment 2,809,8974 26,674,275 2,4826,302 2,44,72,02 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 35,521,098 34,487,868 27,479,899 26,650,7 Amortisation of intangible assets 2,433,782 2,341,555 2,886,364 1,855,55 Provision for long-term employee benefits 11,549,817 119,07,284 13,350,192 14,986,40 Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicles (1,425,460) (1,1491,494) (1,150,461) (1,1491,494) Gain form revaluation of investments (4,153,500) (122,85,00) (346,458,585) (185,873,032) Interest income (4,862,798,531) (360,773,591) (316,774,635) (365,274,472,458)		Consol	lidated	Sepa	arate
Cash flows from operating activities 1,896,452,149 1,509,315,507 1,806,768,372 1,265,669,874 Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities: 1,264,881,360 816,716,188 879,063,980 603,845,9 Depreciation of building and equipment 28,096,974 26,674,275 24,826,302 24,572,0 Depreciation of night-of-use assets 35,521,098 34,487,868 27,479,899 26,650,7 Amortisation of intangible assets 2,433,782 2,341,555 2,086,364 1,855,5 Provision for long-term employee benefits 17,549,817 19,107,284 13,350,192 14,988,4 Write-off of equipment and vehicles 4,764 - 4,639 (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (3,684,658,58) (1,858,78,30) (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (1,228,500) (3,684,658,58) (1,858,78,30) (3,684,658,58) (1,858,78,30) (3,684,658,58) (1,858,78,30) (3,667,74,553) (3,607,74,553) (3		financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements
Profit before tax 1.896,452,149 1.509,315,507 1.806,768,372 1.265,669,872 Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities: 1.264,881,360 816,716,188 879,063,980 603,845,9 Depreciation of building and equipment 28,096,974 26,674,275 24,826,302 24,572,02 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 35,521,098 34,487,868 27,479,899 26,650,7 Amortisation of intangible assets 2,433,782 2,341,555 2,086,364 1,855,55 Provision for long-term employee benefits 17,549,817 19,107,284 13,330,192 14,988,45 Write-off of equipment and vehicles (1,426,460) (1,419,164) (1,150,461) (1,421,99,117 Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicles (1,426,460) (1,419,164) (1,128,50) (1,228,500) Dividend income (1,35,000) (1,28,78,31) (3,807,939,340) (3,941,076,070) (3,84,032,93) Exess from operating activities before changes in operating assets 1.835,609,739 (363,077,651) (316,774,653) (365,274,451) Decrease (increase) in operating assets 1.849,651 (85,768,906) - -		2022	2021	2022	2021
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities: Expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosed 1264.881,360 816.716.188 879.063,980 603.845.9 Depreciation of building and equipment 28.096.974 26.674.275 24.826.302 24.572.0 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 35.521.098 34.487,868 27.479.899 26.650.7 Amortisation of intangible assets 2.433,782 2.341,555 2.086,364 1.855.5 Provision for long-term employee benefits 17.549,817 19.107.284 13.350.192 14.988.4 Write-off of equipment and vehicles 4.764 - 4.639 (1.228.501 Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicles (1.426.460) (1.491.964) (1.150.461) (1.491.964) Gain from revaluation of investments (4.153.500) (1.228.501) (3.807.939.340) (3.941.076.970) (3.804.032.93 Finance costs 1.335.609.739 1.039.126.676 1.224.94.245 969.774.51 Loss from operating assets (1.827.948.733) (363.077.651) (316.774.653) (365.274.471) Decrease (increase) in operating assets (1.229.528.667) (9.929.213.855)	Cash flows from operating activities				
provided by (paid from) operating activities: by by by Expected credit losses and impairment 1.264.881.360 816.716.188 879.063.980 603.845.9 Depreciation of building and equipment 28.096.974 26.674.275 24.826.302 24.572.0 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 35.521.098 34.487.868 27.479.899 26.650.7 Amortisation of intangible assets 2.433.782 2.341.555 2.086.364 1.855.5 Provision for long-term employee benefits 17.549.817 19.107.284 13.350.192 14.988.4 Write-off of equipment and vehicles (1.426.460) (1.491.964) (1.150.461) (1.491.964) Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicles (1.426.460) (1.491.964) (1.150.461) (1.491.964) Dividend income (119.925) (187.200) (34.645.898) (1.828.500) (1.228.501) Loss from operating activities before changes in operating assets (380.77.651) (316.774.653) (365.274.42) Decrease (increase) in operating assets (1.229.528.667) (9.929.213.895) (0.640.491.112) (865.998.80) 1.8	Profit before tax	1,896,452,149	1,509,315,507	1,806,768,372	1,265,669,879
Expected credit losses and impairment Impairment <thimpairment< th=""> Impairment Impairmen</thimpairment<>	Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash				
Ioss on assets foreclosed 1.264.81360 816.716.188 879.063.980 603.845.9 Depreciation of building and equipment 28.096.974 26.674.275 24.826.002 24.572.0 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 35.521.098 34.487.668 27.479.899 26.650.7 Amortisation of intangible assets 2.433.782 2.341.555 2.086.364 1.855.55 Provision for long-term employee benefits 17.549.817 19.107.284 13.350.192 14.988.47 Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicles 4.764 - 4.639 - Gain from revaluation of investments (4.153.500) (1.228.500) (34.46.5895) (1.85.878.30) Interest income (4.862.798.531) (3.807.939.340) (3.941.076.970) (3.808.02.93) Interest income (4.862.798.531) (363.077.651) (3.65.274.42) 969.774.51 Loss from operating activities before changes in operating assets 1.849.651 (85.768.906) - - Decrease (increase) in operating assets 1.849.651 (85.768.906) - - Hire purchase receivables	provided by (paid from) operating activities:				
Depreciation of building and equipment 28,096,074 26,674,275 24,826,002 24,572,02 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 35,521,098 34,487,868 27,479,899 26,650,7 Amortisation of intangible assets 2,433,762 2,341,555 2,086,364 1,855,55 Provision for long-term employee benefits 17,549,817 19,107,284 13,350,192 14,988,47 Write-off of equipment and vehicles 4,764 - 4,639 - - Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicles (1,426,460) (1,491,964) (1,150,461) (1,491,964) Gain from revaluation of investments (4,153,500) (1,228,500) (346,458,985) (185,878,30) Dividend income (119,925) (187,200) (346,458,985) (380,402,98) Finance costs 1,335,609,739 1,039,126,676 (222,492,425) 969,774,574 Decrease (increase) in operating assets (1,828,607) (360,077,651) (316,774,653) (365,274,475) Bank deposits with restrictions 1,849,651 (85,768,006) - Hire purchase receivables </td <td>Expected credit losses and impairment</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Expected credit losses and impairment				
Depreciation of right-of-use assets 35,521,098 34,487,868 27,479,899 26,650,7 Amortisation of intangible assets 2,433,782 2,341,555 2,086,364 1,855,55 Provision for long-term employee benefits 17,549,817 19,107,284 13,350,192 14,988,4 Write-off of equipment and vehicles 4,764 - 4,639 1(1,491,964) Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicles (1,426,460) (1,491,964) (1,150,461) (1,491,964) Gain from revaluation of investments (4,153,500) (1,228,500) (3,464,68,985) (1,858,78,30) Interest income (4,862,798,531) (3,807,939,340) (3,94,1076,970) (3,04,032,92) Finance costs 1,335,609,739 1,039,126,676 1,222,492,425 969,774,55 Loss from operating assets (287,948,733) (363,077,651) (316,774,653) (365,274,47) Decrease (increase) in operating assets (1,229,528,667) (9,929,213,885) (10,640,491,112) (8,609,498,87) Financial lease receivables (1,212,001,004) (304,965,397) - - -	loss on assets foreclosed	1,264,881,360	816,716,188	879,063,980	603,845,967
Amortisation of intangible assets 2,433,782 2,341,555 2,086,364 1,855,55 Provision for long-term employee benefits 17,549,817 19,107,284 13,350,192 14,988,4 Write-off of equipment and vehicles 4,764	Depreciation of building and equipment	28,096,974	26,674,275	24,826,302	24,572,006
Provision for long-term employee benefits 17,549,817 19,107,284 13,350,192 14,988,4 Write-off of equipment and vehicles 4,764	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	35,521,098	34,487,868	27,479,899	26,650,793
Write-off of equipment and vehicles 4,764 - 4,639 Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicles (1,426,460) (1,491,964) (1,150,461) (1,491,964) Gain from revaluation of investments (4,153,500) (1,228,500) (4,153,500) (1,228,500) (4,153,500) (1,228,500) Dividend income (119,925) (187,200) (346,465,895) (185,878,30) (3,941,076,970) (3,084,032,92) Finance costs 1,335,609,739 1,039,126,676 1,222,492,425 969,774,55 Loss from operating activities before changes in operating assets (287,948,733) (363,077,651) (316,774,653) (365,274,47) Decrease (increase) in operating assets (1,849,651 (85,768,906) - <td< td=""><td>Amortisation of intangible assets</td><td>2,433,782</td><td>2,341,555</td><td>2,086,364</td><td>1,855,571</td></td<>	Amortisation of intangible assets	2,433,782	2,341,555	2,086,364	1,855,571
Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicles (1,426,460) (1,491,964) (1,150,461) (1,491,964) Gain from revaluation of investments (4,153,500) (1,228,500) (4,153,500) (4,153,500) (364,65,895) (185,878,30) Dividend income (119,925) (187,200) (364,65,895) (368,073,93,340) (394,1076,970) (384,032,92) Interest income (4,862,798,531) (3,807,939,340) (3,941,076,970) (3,84,032,92) Finance costs 1,335,609,739 1,039,126,676 1,222,492,425 969,774,57 Loss from operating activities before changes in operating assets (287,948,733) (363,077,651) (316,774,653) (365,274,47) Decrease (increase) in operating assets 1,849,651 (85,768,906) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) Hire purchase receivables (1,229,528,667) (9,929,213,895) (10,640,491,112) (8,609,498,80) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90) (4,153,90)	Provision for long-term employee benefits	17,549,817	19,107,284	13,350,192	14,988,485
Gain from revaluation of investments (4,153,500) (1,228,500) (4,153,500) (1,228,500) Dividend income (119,925) (187,200) (346,465,895) (185,878,30) Interest income (4,862,798,531) (3,807,939,340) (3,941,076,970) (3,084,032,92) Finance costs 1,335,609,739 1,039,126,676 1,222,492,425 969,774,55 Loss from operating activities before changes in operating assets (287,948,733) (363,077,651) (316,774,653) (365,274,47) Decrease (increase) in operating assets 1,849,651 (85,768,906) (366,9498,87) (366,9498,87) Bank deposits with restrictions 1,849,651 (85,768,906) (1,640,491,112) (8,609,498,87) Financial lease receivables (17,0952,932) (304,653,937) (304,645,729) (1,640,491,112) Factoring receivables (1,212,001,004) (1,821,202,486) (1,080,457,293) (390,163,22) Loan receivables (1,212,001,004) (1,821,202,486) (1,080,457,293) (390,163,22) Short-term loans to a related party (1,212,001,004) (1,821,202,486) (1,080,000) 285,000,00	Write-off of equipment and vehicles	4,764	-	4,639	-
Dividend income (119,925) (187,200) (346,465,895) (185,878,30) Interest income (4,862,798,531) (3,807,939,340) (3,941,076,970) (3,084,032,93) Finance costs 1,335,609,739 1,039,126,676 1,222,492,425 969,774,55 Loss from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (287,948,733) (363,077,651) (316,774,653) (365,274,47) Decrease (increase) in operating assets 1,849,651 (85,768,906)	Gain on disposals of equipment and vehicles	(1,426,460)	(1,491,964)	(1,150,461)	(1,491,964)
Interest income (4,862,798,531) (3,807,939,340) (3,941,076,970) (3,084,032,92) Finance costs 1,335,609,739 1,039,126,676 1,222,492,425 969,774,57 Loss from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities (287,948,733) (363,077,651) (316,774,653) (365,274,47) Decrease (increase) in operating assets (287,948,733) (363,077,651) (316,774,653) (365,274,47) Bank deposits with restrictions 1,849,651 (85,768,906) (10,640,491,112) (8,609,498,80) Hire purchase receivables (170,952,932) (304,965,397) (10,640,491,112) (8,609,498,80) Financial lease receivables (12,220,01,004) (1,821,202,486) (1,980,457,293) (390,163,22) Loan receivables (1,212,001,004) (1,821,202,486) (1,980,457,293) (390,163,22) Short-term loans to a related party - - - 285,000,000 285,000,000	Gain from revaluation of investments	(4,153,500)	(1,228,500)	(4,153,500)	(1,228,500)
Finance costs1,335,609,7391,039,126,6761,222,492,425969,774,57Loss from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities(287,948,733)(363,077,651)(316,774,653)(365,274,47)Decrease (increase) in operating assets(287,948,733)(363,077,651)(316,774,653)(365,274,47)Bank deposits with restrictions1,849,651(85,768,906)(10,640,491,112)(8609,498,86)Hire purchase receivables(170,952,932)(304,965,397)(10,640,491,112)(8609,498,86)Financial lease receivables(170,952,932)(304,965,397)(10,640,491,112)(80,09,498,86)Factoring receivables(12,220,1004)(1,384,223)(1,080,457,293)(390,163,223)Loan receivables(1,212,001,004)(1,821,202,486)(1,080,457,293)(390,163,223)Short-term loans to a related party(1(1,212,001,004)(1,821,202,486)(1,880,457,293)(285,000,00)	Dividend income	(119,925)	(187,200)	(346,465,895)	(185,878,302)
Loss from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities(287,948,733)(363,077,651)(316,774,653)(365,274,47)Decrease (increase) in operating assets1,849,651(85,768,906)	Interest income	(4,862,798,531)	(3,807,939,340)	(3,941,076,970)	(3,084,032,954)
operating assets and liabilities(287,948,733)(363,077,651)(316,774,653)(365,274,47)Decrease (increase) in operating assets111 <td>Finance costs</td> <td>1,335,609,739</td> <td>1,039,126,676</td> <td>1,222,492,425</td> <td>969,774,549</td>	Finance costs	1,335,609,739	1,039,126,676	1,222,492,425	969,774,549
Decrease (increase) in operating assetsImage: section operating assetsImage: section operating assetsImage: section operating assetsBank deposits with restrictions1,849,651(85,768,906)Image: section operating assetsImage: section operating assetsHire purchase receivables(12,229,528,667)(9,929,213,895)(10,640,491,112)(8,609,498,867)Financial lease receivables(170,952,932)(304,965,397)Image: section operating assets(1,70,952,932)(1,384,223)Image: section operating assetsFactoring receivables12,389,848(1,384,223)Image: section operating assets(1,212,001,004)(1,821,202,486)(1,980,457,293)(390,163,223)Loan receivables(1,212,001,004)(1,821,202,486)(1,080,457,293)(390,163,223)Image: section operating assets(1,212,001,004)(1,821,202,486)(1,285,000,000)Short-term loans to a related partyImage: section operating assetsImage: section operating assetsImage: section operating assets(1,212,001,004)(1,212,001,004)(1,212,001,004)	Loss from operating activities before changes in				
Bank deposits with restrictions 1,849,651 (85,768,906)	operating assets and liabilities	(287,948,733)	(363,077,651)	(316,774,653)	(365,274,470)
Hire purchase receivables (12,229,528,667) (9,929,213,895) (10,640,491,112) (8,609,498,86) Financial lease receivables (170,952,932) (304,965,397)	Decrease (increase) in operating assets				
Financial lease receivables (170,952,932) (304,965,397) - Factoring receivables 12,389,848 (1,384,223) - Loan receivables (1,212,001,004) (1,821,202,486) (1,080,457,293) (390,163,223) Short-term loans to a related party - - - - 285,000,000	Bank deposits with restrictions	1,849,651	(85,768,906)	-	-
Factoring receivables 12,389,848 (1,384,223) - Loan receivables (1,212,001,004) (1,821,202,486) (1,080,457,293) (390,163,22) Short-term loans to a related party - - - (685,000,000) 285,000,000	Hire purchase receivables	(12,229,528,667)	(9,929,213,895)	(10,640,491,112)	(8,609,498,868)
Loan receivables (1,212,001,004) (1,821,202,486) (1,080,457,293) (390,163,22) Short-term loans to a related party - (685,000,000) 285,000,000	Financial lease receivables	(170,952,932)	(304,965,397)	-	-
Short-term loans to a related party - (685,000,000) 285,000,0	Factoring receivables	12,389,848	(1,384,223)	-	-
	Loan receivables	(1,212,001,004)	(1,821,202,486)	(1,080,457,293)	(390,163,230)
	Short-term loans to a related party	-	-	(685,000,000)	285,000,000
Long-term loans to a related party (1,500,000,00	Long-term loans to a related party	-	-	-	(1,500,000,000)
Assets foreclosed 439,203,526 309,882,106 438,268,947 306,098,9	Assets foreclosed	439,203,526	309,882,106	438,268,947	306,098,928
Other current assets (17,291,113) (229,676,796) (8,733,905) (97,470,07)	Other current assets	(17,291,113)	(229,676,796)	(8,733,905)	(97,470,011)
Other non-current assets 86,768,576 59,427,183 32,875,117 74,763,63	Other non-current assets	86,768,576	59,427,183	32,875,117	74,763,629
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities	Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities				
Amounts due to related parties - (177,251) 4,230,949 736,9	Amounts due to related parties	-	(177,251)	4,230,949	736,918
Deposits relating to collateral of customers 245,493,500 -	Deposits relating to collateral of customers	245,493,500	655,523,756	-	-
Other current liabilities 100,034,437 114,464,939 94,403,353 (53,564,06)	Other current liabilities	100,034,437	114,464,939	94,403,353	(53,564,061)
Other non-current liabilities - 186,916 - 186,9	Other non-current liabilities	-	186,916	-	186,916



Cash flow statement (continued)

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries For the year ended 31 December 2022

				(Unit: Baht)
	Conso	lidated	Sepa	arate
	financial s			tatements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cash used in operating activities	(13,031,982,911)	(11,595,981,705)	(12,161,678,597)	(10,349,184,249)
Cash paid for long-term employee benefits	(2,806,418)	(10,054,197)	(2,044,630)	(9,941,637)
Compensation for loss on assets foreclosed	21,020,071	12,415,768	20,288,144	12,116,703
Cash received from bad debts recovery	165,839,247	81,703,146	142,570,956	73,222,294
Cash received from interest	4,601,290,756	3,631,798,008	3,703,771,145	2,925,641,854
Cash paid for finance costs	(1,548,092,105)	(959,063,616)	(1,435,164,933)	(889,659,860)
Cash paid for corporate income tax	(456,159,489)	(287,726,041)	(316,777,364)	(213,927,704)
Net cash used in operating activities	(10,250,890,849)	(9,126,908,637)	(10,049,035,279)	(8,451,732,599)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Acquisitions of equipment and vehicles	(57,173,391)	(14,124,923)	(19,170,394)	(8,646,933)
Acquisitions of intangible assets	(7,340,587)	(36,100)	(7,172,587)	(36,100)
Proceeds from disposals of equipment and vehicles	1,426,467	1,718,130	1,150,467	1,718,130
Dividend received	119,925	187,200	346,465,895	185,878,302
Decrease in other non-current financial assets	-	2,009,927	-	-
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	(62,967,586)	(10,245,766)	321,273,381	178,913,399
Cash flows from financing activities				
Decrease in short-term loans from banks	(3,280,000,000)	(250,000,000)	(3,180,000,000)	(160,000,000)
Decrease in short-term loans from ralated parties	(500,000,000)	(500,000,000)	-	(500,000,000)
Increase (decrease) in other short-term loans	5,835,000,000	(4,155,000,000)	5,835,000,000	(4,155,000,000)
Increase (decrease) in short-term debentures	(500,000,000)	500,000,000	(500,000,000)	500,000,000
Proceeds from long-term loans from banks	12,554,400,000	8,493,000,000	10,884,400,000	8,493,000,000
Proceeds from long-term loans from a related party	-	2,000,000,000	-	1,000,000,000
Repayments of long-term loans from banks	(5,010,000,000)	(2,270,000,000)	(5,010,000,000)	(2,270,000,000)
Repayments of long-term loans from a related party	(2,850,000,000)	(1,350,000,000)	(2,350,000,000)	(1,350,000,000)
Proceeds from long-term debentures issuance	8,395,000,000	6,723,000,000	8,395,000,000	6,723,000,000
Repayments of long-term debentures	(3,563,500,000)	(2,335,000,000)	(3,563,500,000)	(2,335,000,000)
Payments of lease liabilities	(35,688,038)	(33,812,279)	(27,620,243)	(26,198,408)
Proceeds from share capital increase	-	2,989,142,869	-	2,989,142,869
Dividend paid	(601,455,276)	(597,790,266)	(601,455,276)	(597,790,266)
Net cash from financing activities	10,443,756,686	9,213,540,324	9,881,824,481	8,311,154,195
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	129,898,251	76,385,921	154,062,583	38,334,995
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	471,303,503	394,917,582	265,860,568	227,525,573
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	601,201,754	471,303,503	419,923,151	265,860,568
Supplemental cash flows information				
Non-cash items consist of				
Increase in right-of-use assets and lease liabilities	15,701,444	56,770,703	13,645,026	43,592,750

Notes to consolidated financial statements

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. General information

1.1 General information of the Company

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. Its major shareholders are Chailease Finance Company Limited and Chailease International (Malaysia) Company Limited, which have the same group of shareholders, and its ultimate parent company is Chailease Holding Company Limited. The Company is principally engaged in the auto hire purchase services and its registered address is 175 Sathorn City Tower, 24th Floor, South Sathorn Road, Tungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok.

1.2 Coronavirus disease 2019 Pandemic

The Coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic is adversely impacting most businesses and industries. This situation may bring uncertainties and have an impact on the environment in which the group operates. The Group's management has continuously monitored ongoing developments and assessed the financial impact in respect of the valuation of assets, provisions and contingent liabilities, and has used estimates and judgement in respect of various issues as the situation has evolved.

In response to the current outbreak, in September 2021, the Bank of Thailand introduced remedial measures, e.g. financial assistance provided to debtors affected by COVID-19 (sustainable debt resolution). The Group provides a payment timeline extension of assistance to debtors for 9.08 percent of loan receivables (the Company only: 9.41 percent).

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards enunciated under the Accounting Profession Act B.E. 2547 and their presentation has been made in compliance with the stipulations of the Notification of the Department of Business Development, issued under the Accounting Act B.E. 2543.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The financial statements in English language have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except where otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies.



2.2 Basis of consolidation

 a) The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Limited ("the Company") and the following subsidiary companies (collectively as "the Group").

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country of incorporation	Percen shareh	Ŭ
			2022 (Percent)	2021 (Percent)
Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease	Hire purchase, leasing,	Thailand	99.99	99.99
Public Company Limited SK Insurance Broker	factoring and loan	Thailand	99.99	99.99
Company Limited				

- b) The Company is deemed to have control over investees or subsidiaries if it has rights, or is exposed, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and it has the ability to direct the activities that affect the amount of its returns.
- c) Subsidiaries are fully consolidated, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- d) The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.
- e) Material balances and transactions between the Group have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements. The Group had the same directors and shareholders both before and after the Company acquired a subsidiary, and the Company therefore recorded the difference between the attributable net asset value of a subsidiary and the acquisition cost of Baht 4.19 million in shareholders' equity.
- 2.3 The separate financial statements present investments in subsidiaries under the cost method.

3. New financial reporting standards

3.1 Financial reporting standards that became effective in the current year

During the year, the Group has adopted the revised financial reporting standards and interpretations which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2022. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

However, the Group has adopted the temporary exemptions from applying specific hedge accounting requirements in accordance with TFRS 9, Financial Instruments and TFRS 7, Disclosure of Financial Instruments, which apply to all hedging relationships directly affected by interest rate benchmark reform. Consequently, the Group can continue to apply hedge accounting for those hedging relationships in the period when there is uncertainty about the timing or the amount of interest rate benchmark-based cash flows of the hedged item or of the hedging instrument.

The adoption of these temporary exemptions does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

3.2 Financial reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2023

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of revised financial reporting standards, which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2023. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The management of the Group believes that adoption of these amendments will not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

4. Significant accounting policies

4.1 Revenue and expense recognition

a) Interest income from loan receivables

The Group recognises interest income from hire purchase, financial leases, factoring and loan agreements on an accrual basis throughout the term of the contract, using the effective interest rate method, with the calculation based on the gross book value of the receivables.

Costs and income directly attributable to the initial recognition of the loan receivables are amortised using the effective interest rate method and presented as adjustments on interest income throughout the term of the agreement, to reflect the effective rate of return.

When the receivables are later credit-impaired, the Group continues to recognise interest income using the effective interest rate, based on the net book value (gross book value net of allowance for expected credit losses) of the receivables. When the debtor is no longer credit-impaired, the Group changes to calculate interest income based on the gross book value.

b) Service income

Most of service income are recognised at a point in time upon completion of the service.

c) Penalty income

Penalty income is recognised on a cash basis.

d) Dividends

Dividends are recognised when the right to receive the dividends is established.

e) Finance cost

Interest expense from financial liabilities at amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis.



f) Other income and expenses

Other income and expenses are recognised on an accrual basis.

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and at banks, and all highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of 3 months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

4.3 Assets foreclosed

These represent assets repossessed from hire purchase and financial lease receivables and are stated at the lower of cost (which mostly comprises the net outstanding balance) and estimated net realisable value. Allowance is made for the decline in value of the repossessed assets.

4.4 Land, building and equipment/Depreciation

Land is stated at cost. Building and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for impairment loss on assets (if any). Depreciation of building and equipment is calculated by reference to their costs on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings	20	years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 and 8	years
Vehicles	5	years

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss.

No depreciation is provided for land and assets under installation.

An item of land, building and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of an asset is included in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

4.5 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. Following initial recognition, the intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and allowance for impairment loss on assets (if any).

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised on the straight-line basis over the economic useful life and tested for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method of such intangible assets are reviewed at least at each financial year end. The amortisation expense is charged to profit or loss.

The finite useful lives of intangible assets, computer software is 10 years.

The amortisation is charged to profit or loss.

4.6 Related party transactions

Related parties comprise individuals or enterprises that control, or are controlled by, the Company, whether directly or indirectly, or which are under common control with the Company.

They also include associates, and individuals or enterprises which directly or indirectly own a voting interest in the Company that gives them significant influence over the Company, key management personnel, directors and officers with authority in the planning and direction of the Company's operations.

4.7 Leases

At inception of contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group as a lessor

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to a lessee is classified as finance leases. As at the commencement date, amounts due from lessees under hire purchases and financial leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

Initial costs directly attributable to a hire purchase contract, such as commissions, are included in the measurement of the net investment in the lease and reflected in the calculation of the implicit interest rate.

The Group as a lessee

The Group applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for shortterm leases and leases of low-value assets. At the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use), the Group recognises right-of-use assets representing the right to use underlying assets and lease liabilities based on lease payments.

Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation, any accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities initially recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date of the lease less any lease incentives received.

Depreciation of right-of-use assets are calculated by reference to their costs, on the straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives and the lease term.

Buildings	3	years
Vehicles	5	years

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss.

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees. Moreover, the lease payments include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.



The Group discounted the present value of the lease payments by the interest rate implicit in the lease or the Group's incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

A lease that has a lease term less than or equal to 12 months from commencement date or a lease of low-value assets is recognised as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

4.8 Foreign currencies

The consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Baht, which is also the Company's functional currency. Items of each entity included in the consolidated financial statements are measured using the functional currency of that entity.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the end of reporting period.

Gains and losses on exchange are included in determining income.

4.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group performs impairment reviews in respect of the property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and other intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised when the recoverable amount of an asset, which is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, is less than the carrying amount. In determining value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by a valuation model that, based on information available, reflects the amount that the Group could obtain from the disposal of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting the costs of disposal.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

4.10 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund are recognised as expenses when incurred.

Post-employment benefits and other long-term employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Group and its employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the Group's contributions is recognised as expenses when incurred.

Defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefits

The Group has obligations in respect of the severance payments it must make to employees upon retirement under labor law. The Group treats these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan. In addition, the Group provides other long-term employee benefit plan, namely long service award.

The obligation under the defined benefit plan and other long-term employee benefit plan is determined by a professionally qualified independent actuary based on actuarial techniques, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from post-employment benefits are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from other long-term employee benefits are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment and the date that the Group recognises restructuring-related costs.

4.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

4.12 Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of corporate income tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current income tax is provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the end of each reporting period, using the tax rates enacted at the end of the reporting period.

The Group recognises deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences while it recognises deferred tax assets for all deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward can be utilised.

At each reporting date, the Group reviews and reduces the carrying amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Group records deferred tax directly to shareholders' equity if the tax relates to items that are recorded directly to shareholders' equity.



4.13 Financial instruments

The Group initially measures financial assets at its fair value plus, in the case of financial assets that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. However, trade receivables, that do not contain a significant financing component, are measured at the transaction price as disclosed in the accounting policy relating to revenue recognition.

Classification and measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as to be subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial assets at initial recognition is driven by the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if the financial asset is held in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at FVOCI

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to irrevocably classify its equity investments which are not held for trading as equity instruments designated at FVOCI. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss.

Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss, except when the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, the gains are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Equity instruments designated at FVOCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets measured at FVTPL are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value including interest income recognised in profit or loss.

Dividends on listed equity investments are recognised as other income in profit or loss.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

At initial recognition the Group's financial liabilities are recognised at fair value net of transaction costs and classified as liabilities to be subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. In determining amortised cost, the Group takes into account any discounts or premiums on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

Provisions on financial guarantee contracts are initially recognised in the financial statements at fair value, which is equal to the fee received. The provision under each guarantee contract is subsequently measured at the higher of the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation, and the allowance for expected credit losses.

The guarantee fee income is recognised as other income in profit or loss by amortising the initial fair value or fee received on a straight-line basis over the life of the guarantee.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets

Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or have been transferred and either the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or the Group has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at FVTPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses for hire purchase receivables, financial lease receivables and loan receivables using a general approach. The Group considers changes in credit risk and groups its receivables into 3 stages as described below.

- Stage 1: Receivables with no significant increase in credit risk (Performing) The Group recognises expected credit losses in an amount equal to the expected credit losses in the next 12 months. For receivables under loan agreements with remaining periods of less than 12 months, recognition is based on the probability of default over the remaining period.
- Stage 2: Receivables with a significant increase in credit risk (Under-performing) The Group recognises expected credit losses in an amount equal to the expected credit losses over the lifetime of the receivable.
- Stage 3: Receivables that are credit-impaired (Non-performing) The Group recognises expected credit losses in an amount equal to the expected credit losses over the lifetime of the receivable.



The Group considers a significant increase in credit risk to have occurred when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due and considers a financial asset in credit-impaired when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to have a significant increase in credit risk and to be in default using other internal or external information.

If the credit quality of a receivable improves in a subsequent period and the assessment is that it is no longer a receivable whose credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition, as assessed in a previous period, the Group will change the basis for recognising expected credit losses from the lifetime expected credit losses to the 12-month expected credit losses, or the remaining period if that is less than 12 months.

In order to estimate expected credit losses, the Group considers historically collected loss data, adjusted on the basis of current observable data. In addition, the Group applies forward-looking macroeconomic information that is supportable and reasonable and appropriately exercises judgement. At least once a year the Group also considers whether to adjust forward-looking information and the weighting of the probability of each scenario used in determining the expected credit losses. Most of the information used by the Group is announced by the Bank of Thailand or other government agencies and adjusted to reflect the Group's internal perspective. The Group calculates expected credit losses based on three probability-weighted scenarios, which are a base scenario, best-case scenario and worst-case scenario. For the base scenario, the Group applies an unbiased market perspective that incorporates forecasts of macroeconomic factors.

For factoring, floor-plan loan and other receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime expected credit losses at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix of ageing that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Impairment of financial guarantee contracts

The Group estimates the expected credit losses of financial guarantee contracts based on the present value of the payments expected to be made to the holder of the contract if a default occurs, discounted using a risk-adjusted interest rate relevant to the exposure. The calculation is made using a probability-weighting. The expected credit losses related to financial guarantee contracts are recognised under provisions.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.14 Derivatives and hedge accounting

Derivatives

The Group uses derivatives, such as interest rate swaps and cross-currency interest rate swap contracts, to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. The subsequent changes including interest income are recognised in profit or loss unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument under cash flow hedge. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Derivatives are presented as non-current assets or non-current liabilities if the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12 months and it is not due to be realised or settled within 12 months. Other derivatives are presented as current assets or current liabilities.

Hedge accounting

For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedges are classified as:

- Fair value hedges when hedging the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognised asset or liability or an unrecognised firm commitment
- Cash flow hedges when hedging the exposure to a variability in cash flows that is either attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction or the foreign currency risk in an unrecognised firm commitment
- Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation

At the inception of a hedging relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedging relationship to which it wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge.

The documentation, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the Group will assess whether the hedging relationship meets the hedge effectiveness requirements, including analysis of the sources of hedge ineffectiveness and how the hedge ratio is determined.

A hedging relationship qualifies for hedge accounting if it meets all of the following hedge effectiveness requirements:

- There is 'an economic relationship' between the hedged item and the hedging instrument.
- The effect of credit risk is not the dominant factor in the value changes that result from that economic relationship.
- The hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the Group actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the Group actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.



Hedges that meet all of the qualifying criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for, as described below:

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in other comprehensive income in the cash flow hedge reserve, while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The cash flow hedge reserve is adjusted to the lower (in absolute amounts) of the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument and the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item.

The way cash flow hedge reserve accumulated in other comprehensive income are subsequently accounted for, depends on the nature of the underlying hedged transaction. If the hedged transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial item, the reserve accumulated in equity is removed from the separate component of equity and included in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the hedged asset or liability. This is not a reclassification adjustment and is not recognised in other comprehensive income for the period. For any other cash flow hedges, the reserve accumulated in other comprehensive income is subsequently reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period which the hedged cash flows affect profit or loss.

If cash flow hedge accounting is discontinued, the cash flow hedge reserve accumulated in other comprehensive income must remain in equity if the hedged future cash flows are still expected to occur. Otherwise, the reserve will be immediately reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. After discontinuation, once the hedged cash flow occurs, the way the reserve remaining in equity is accounted for depends on the nature of the underlying transaction as described above.

The Group designates only the financial instrument excluding the foreign currency basis spread as a hedging instrument. The change in fair value of the foreign currency basis spread of financial instrument that relates to the hedged item is separately accounted for as a cost of hedging which is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity under cost of hedging reserve.

If the hedged item is transaction-related, the cost of hedging reserve accumulated in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss. If the hedged item is time-period related, then the reserve accumulated in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss on systematic and rational basis. The reclassified amounts are recognised in profit or loss in the same line as the hedged item. If the hedged item is a non-financial item, then the reserve is removed directly from equity and included in the initial carrying amount of the recognised non-financial item. Furthermore, if the Group expects that some or all of the loss accumulated in cost of hedging reserve will not be recovered in the future, that amount is immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

4.15 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Group applies a quoted market price in an active market to measure its assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards. Except in case of no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market price is not available, the Group measures fair value using valuation technique that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximises the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on categorise of input to be used in fair value measurement as follows.

Level 1 - Use of quoted market prices in an observable active market for such assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly

Level 3 - Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows

At the end of each reporting period, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels within the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

5. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards at times requires management to make subjective judgements and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgements and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures and actual results could differ. Significant judgements and estimates are as follows.

Allowance for expected credit losses

Judgement is used in estimating the allowance for expected credit losses of debtors who are having problems making principal and/or interest payments, with management taking into consideration analysis of debtor status performed on an individual and a group basis, the probability of default, estimated losses arising from the default, historical collection experience, collateral value, statistical data and economic factors. These are used in determining assumptions and forward-looking scenarios, as well as probability weighted outcomes. In addition, the management sets aside an additional allowance for expected credit losses to account for the uncertainties around future events that have not yet been reflected in the model (Management overlay), based on the assessment and judgement of the management.

Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of financial instruments recognised in the statement of financial position that are not actively traded and for which quoted market prices are not readily available, the management exercise judgement, using a variety of valuation techniques and models. The input to these models is taken from observable markets, and includes consideration of credit risk, liquidity, correlation and longer-term volatility of financial instruments. Change in assumptions about these factors could affect the fair value recognised in the statement of financial position and disclosures of fair value hierarchy.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences and losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of estimate future taxable profits.

Post-employment benefits under defined benefit plan and other long-term employee benefit plan

The obligation under the defined benefit plan and other long-term benefit plan is determined based on actuarial techniques. Such determination is made based on various assumptions, including discount rate, salary increase rate, mortality rate and staff turnover rate.



6. Related party transactions

The relationships between the Company and its related parties are summarised below.

Name	Relationship
Chailease Holding Company Limited	Ultimate parent company
Chailease Finance Company Limited	The Company's major shareholder
Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited	Subsidiary
SK Insurance Broker Company Limited	Subsidiary
Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited	The Company's shareholder
Bangkok Insurance Public Company Limited	The Company's shareholder
Chailease International Finance Services Company Limited	Share common director with the Company
Anywhere 2 Go Company Limited	Share common director with the Company
Chailease International Financial Services (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Related party of ultimate parent company
Chailease Specialty Finance Company Limited	Related party of ultimate parent company
CITC Enterprise (Thai) Limited	Related party of ultimate parent company
Sathorn City Tower Property Fund	Related party of the Company's shareholder

During the years, the Group had significant business transactions with related parties. Such transactions, which are summarised below, arose in the ordinary course of business and were concluded on commercial terms and bases agreed upon between the Company and those related parties.

	Conso financial s		Sepa financial s		Transfer pricing policy
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Subsidiaries					
(Eliminated from the consolidated					
financial statements)					
Marketing fee income	-	-	339.92	224.39	As stipulated in the agreement
Management fee income	-	-	13.66	12.84	Cost plus margin of 5%
Financial guarantee fee income	-	-	-	0.19	0.50% per annum
Interest income	-	-	140.65	125.94	Close to interest rates of other
					loans with similar conditions
Dividend income	-	-	346.35	185.69	As declared
Related companies					
Interest income	1.49	0.38	0.20	0.03	As stipulated in the agreement
Financial guarantee fee income	1.03	0.89	-	-	As stipulated in the agreement
Rental and service fees	33.98	33.28	25.38	24.84	Close to rental rates of other
					buildings in close area
Insurance premium	2.80	2.83	2.05	2.21	Close to general insurance premium
Interest expense	179.23	191.58	93.33	125.38	Close to interest rates of other loans
					with similar conditions
Financial guarantee fee	-	0.12	-	-	As stipulated in the agreement
Major shareholder					
Internal audit fee	1.00	1.00	0.50	0.50	Close to actual cost

(Unit: Million Baht)

Directors and management's benefits

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had employee benefit expenses of its directors and management as below.

	(Unit: Thousand Ba				
	Consolidated financial statements				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Short-term employee benefits	58,756	61,878	49,782	47,644	
Post-employment and other long-term employee benefits	2,362	2,491	2,016	1,976	
Total	61,118	64,369	51,798	49,620	

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had outstanding balances of significant assets and liabilities with the related parties as follows.

			(Unit: T	housand Baht)
	Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial s	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Subsidiaries				
(Eliminated from the consolidated financial statements)				
Short-term loans to a related party	-	-	2,775,000	2,090,000
Long-term loan to a related party	-	-	3,000,000	3,000,000
Other current assets				
Accrued marketing fee income	-	-	29,000	22,042
Other receivables	-	-	-	239
Amounts due to related parties				
Insurance premium payables	-	-	7,665	3,434
Related companies				
Cash and cash equivalents	513,081	405,222	335,751	203,010
Bank deposits with restrictions	146,046	147,895	-	-
Financial lease and loan receivables	9,240	9,842	-	-
Other current assets				
Accrued interest income	24	39	-	-
Prepaid insurance premium	1,442	1,492	992	1,042
Short-term loans from a related party	-	500,000	-	-
Long-term loans from a related party	3,600,000	6,450,000	1,300,000	3,650,000
Amounts due to related parties				
Accrued interest expense	314	738	112	321
Other current liabilities				
Unearned financial guarantee fee income	43	377	-	-



The movements of short-term loans to a related party during the current year are as follows.

Movement	Separate financial statements
Balance as at 31 December 2021	2,090,000
Increase during the year	4,640,000
Decrease during the year	(3,955,000)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	2,775,000

The movements of short-term loans from a related party during the current year are as follows.

	(Unit: Thousand Bal		
Movement	Consolidated financial statements		
Balance as at 31 December 2021	500,000		
Increase during the year	800,000		
Decrease during the year	(1,300,000)		
Balance as at 31 December 2022	-		

The movements of long-term loans from a related party during the current year are as follows.

Movement	Consolidated financial statements	Separate financial statements
Balance as at 31 December 2021	6,450,000	3,650,000
Decrease during the year	(2,850,000)	(2,350,000)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	3,600,000	1,300,000
Less: Portion due within one year	(800,000)	(300,000)
Long-term loans - portion due over one year	2,800,000	1,000,000

Short-term and long-term loans to a related party, short-term and long-term loans from a related party are denominated in Thai Baht and unsecured.

7. Cash and cash equivalents

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial s	
	2022	2022 2021		2021
Cash	1,443	2,506	1,413	2,456
Bank deposits	599,759	468,798	418,510	263,405
Total	601,202	471,304	419,923	265,861

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's bank deposits in savings accounts are carrying interests between 0.15% and 0.35% per annum (2021: between 0.08% and 0.15% per annum) the Company only: between 0.15% and 0.35% per annum (2021: between 0.08% and 0.15% per annum).

8. Bank deposits with restrictions

The balance represents deposits at bank of insurance premiums that a subsidiary received from policyholders. A subsidiary has to submit these premiums to the insurers, and the brokerage contracts stipulates that it cannot use or derive benefit or deduct any expenses from them.

9. Hire purchase receivables

9.1 The balance of hire purchase receivables classified by contractual due date

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements				
	2022				
	Current portion Long-term portion Total				
Hire purchase receivables	22,158,329	47,430,996	69,589,325		
Less: Unearned interest income	(3,661,618)	(5,290,105)	(8,951,723)		
Net investment in the hire purchase contract	18,496,711	42,140,891	60,637,602		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(435,506)	(967,122)	(1,402,628)		
Hire purchase receivables - net	18,061,205	41,173,769	59,234,974		

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements				
	2021				
	Current portion Long-term portion Total				
Hire purchase receivables	18,896,314	38,113,997	57,010,311		
Less: Unearned interest income	(3,025,789)	(4,096,462)	(7,122,251)		
Net investment in the hire purchase contract	15,870,525	34,017,535	49,888,060		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(325,633)	(724,719)	(1,050,352)		
Hire purchase receivables - net	15,544,892	33,292,816	48,837,708		

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements				
	2022				
	Current portion Long-term portion Total				
Hire purchase receivables	18,142,893	42,078,273	60,221,166		
Less: Unearned interest income	(3,171,749)	(4,874,348)	(8,046,097)		
Net investment in the hire purchase contract	14,971,144	37,203,925	52,175,069		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(331,737)	(821,810)	(1,153,547)		
Hire purchase receivables - net	14,639,407	36,382,115	51,021,522		



	Separate financial statements				
	2021				
	Current portion Long-term portion Total				
Hire purchase receivables	15,488,802	33,774,887	49,263,689		
Less: Unearned interest income	(2,615,303)	(3,762,242)	(6,377,545)		
Net investment in the hire purchase contract	12,873,499	30,012,645	42,886,144		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(246,687)	(619,226)	(865,913)		
Hire purchase receivables - net	12,626,812	29,393,419	42,020,231		

9.2 The balances of hire purchase receivables classified by the stage of credit risk

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements					
	202	22	20	2021		
	Balance of receivables net of unearned interest income	Allowance for expected credit losses	Balance of receivables net of unearned interest income	Allowance for expected credit losses		
Receivables with no significant						
increase in credit risk	54,402,945	517,836	46,356,090	464,839		
Receivables with a significant						
increase in credit risk	4,346,662	444,826	2,284,567	261,917		
Receivables that are credit-impaired	1,887,995	439,966	1,247,403	323,596		
Total	60,637,602	1,402,628	49,888,060	1,050,352		

	Separate financial statements				
	202	22	2021		
	of unearned credit		Balance of receivables net of unearned interest income	Allowance for expected credit losses	
Receivables with no significant					
increase in credit risk	46,401,864	461,434	39,587,103	406,395	
Receivables with a significant					
increase in credit risk	4,196,643	412,226	2,219,997	244,230	
Receivables that are credit-impaired	1,576,562	279,887	1,079,044	215,288	
Total	52,175,069	1,153,547	42,886,144	865,913	

9.3 Undiscounted lease payments receivable under hire purchase contacts

Consolidated Separate financial statements financial statements 2022 2021 2022 2021 Within one year 22,158,329 18,142,893 18,896,314 15,488,802 46.108.285 37.273.995 40.770.149 After one year but not more than five years 32.934.885 More than five years 1,322,711 840,002 1,308,124 840,002 Total 69,589,325 57,010,311 60,221,166 49,263,689 Less: Unearned interest income (8,951,723) (7,122,251) (8,046,097)(6,377,545) Net investment in the hire purchase contract 60,637,602 49,888,060 52,175,069 42,886,144 Less: Allowance for expected credit losses (1,402,628)(1,050,352)(1, 153, 547)(865, 913)Net 59,234,974 51,021,522 48,837,708 42,020,231

- 9.4 As at 31 December 2022, the Company had assigned collection rights over hire purchase receivables with outstanding balances (before net of unearned interest income) of Baht 15,624.11 million (2021: Baht 14,438.85 million), in order to secure certain credit facilities granted by commercial banks as discussed in Note 21 and 22 to financial statements.
- 9.5 Most of hire purchase agreements of the Group have terms of 12 to 60 months and require settlement in equal installments.

10. Financial lease receivables

10.1 The balance of financial lease receivables classified by contractual due date

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022			
	Current portion Long-term portion Tota			
Financial lease receivables	535,929	846,081	1,382,010	
Less: Unearned interest income	(63,862)	(62,732)	(126,594)	
Net investment in the financial lease contract	472,067	783,349	1,255,416	
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(7,588)	(12,591)	(20,179)	
Financial lease receivables - net	464,479	770,758	1,235,237	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	(onta modeand ban			
	Consolidated financial statements			
	2021			
	Current portion	Long-term portion	Total	
Financial lease receivables	476,368	760,830	1,237,198	
Less: Unearned interest income	(61,135)	(61,910)	(123,045)	
Net investment in the financial lease contract	415,233	698,920	1,114,153	
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(12,024)	(20,238)	(32,262)	
Financial lease receivables - net	403,209	678,682	1,081,891	

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10.2 The balances of financial lease receivables classified by the stage of credit risk

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022		2021	
	Balance of receivables net of unearned interest income	Allowance for expected credit losses	Balance of receivables net of unearned interest income	Allowance for expected credit losses
Receivables with no significant				
increase in credit risk	1,221,683	5,722	1,080,705	5,529
Receivables with a significant				
increase in credit risk	8,636	2,226	1,893	317
Receivables that are credit-impaired	25,097	12,231	31,555	26,416
Total	1,255,416	20,179	1,114,153	32,262

10.3 Undiscounted lease payments receivable under financial lease contracts

	(Unit: Thousand Baht	
	Consolidated fina	incial statements
	2022	2021
Within one year	535,929	476,368
After one year but not more than five years	846,081	760,830
Total	1,382,010	1,237,198
Less: Unearned interest income	(126,594)	(123,045)
Net investment in the financial lease contract	1,255,416	1,114,153
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(20,179)	(32,262)
Net	1,235,237	1,081,891

10.4 Most of financial lease agreements of a subsidiary have terms of 36 to 60 months and require settlement in equal installments.

11. Factoring receivables

11.1 As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the balances of factoring receivables are as follows.

	(Unit: Thousand Bah	
	Consolidated financial stateme	
	2022	2021
Factoring receivables	20,792	170,663
Less: Factoring payables	(4,498)	(50,086)
Add: Interest receivables	193	6,260
	16,487	126,837
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(99)	(61,977)
Factoring receivables - net	16,388	64,860

11.2 The balances of factoring receivables classified by the stage of credit risk

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022		2021	
	Balance of receivables and interest receivables	Allowance for expected credit losses	Balance of receivables and interest receivables	Allowance for expected credit losses
Receivables with no significant increase in credit risk	16,388	-	34,185	_
Receivables with a significant				
increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-
Receivables that are credit-impaired	99	99	92,652	61,977
Total	16,487	99	126,837	61,977

12. Loan receivables

12.1 The balances of loan receivables classified by contractual due date

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements				
	2022				
	Current portion Long-term portion Total				
Loan receivables	2,980,018	2,676,018	5,656,036		
Less: Deferred financing fee	(18,498)	(9,025)	(27,523)		
Add: Interest receivables	67,369	-	67,369		
	3,028,889	2,666,993	5,695,882		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(203,364)	(134,938)	(338,302)		
Loan receivables - net	2,825,525	2,532,055	5,357,580		

	Consolidated financial statements			
	2021			
	Current portion Long-term portion Total			
Loan receivables	2,786,642	1,799,563	4,586,205	
Less: Deferred financing fee	(22,128)	(5,006)	(27,134)	
Add: Interest receivables	40,665	-	40,665	
	2,805,179	1,794,557	4,599,736	
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(116,261)	(71,630)	(187,891)	
Loan receivables - net	2,688,918	1,722,927	4,411,845	



	Separate financial statements				
	2022				
	Current portion Long-term portion Total				
Loan receivables	891,703	1,431,623	2,323,326		
Less: Deferred financing fee	(2,710)	(4,163)	(6,873)		
Add: Interest receivables	22,123	-	22,123		
	911,116	1,427,460	2,338,576		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(21,021)	(26,283)	(47,304)		
Loan receivables - net	890,095	1,401,177	2,291,272		

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements				
	2021				
	Current portion Long-term portion Total				
Loan receivables	626,238	669,549	1,295,787		
Less: Deferred financing fee	(1,584)	(1,298)	(2,882)		
Add: Interest receivables	18,349	-	18,349		
	643,003	668,251	1,311,254		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(18,728)	(20,615)	(39,343)		
Loan receivables - net	624,275	647,636	1,271,911		

12.2 The balances of loan receivables classified by the stage of credit risk

	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022		2021	
	Balance of receivables net of deferred financial fee	Allowance for expected credit losses	Balance of receivables net of deferred financial fee	Allowance for expected credit losses
Receivables with no significant				
increase in credit risk	5,025,857	41,993	4,378,128	56,742
Receivables with a significant				
increase in credit risk	236,150	52,463	85,252	38,363
Receivables that are credit-impaired	433,875	243,846	136,356	92,786
Total	5,695,882	338,302	4,599,736	187,891

	Separate financial statements							
	202	22	2021					
	Balance of receivables net of deferred financial fee	Allowance for expected credit losses	Balance of receivables net of deferred financial fee	Allowance for expected credit losses				
Receivables with no significant								
increase in credit risk	2,263,214	18,123	1,247,748	11,709				
Receivables with a significant								
increase in credit risk	39,341	6,984	21,333	4,934				
Receivables that are credit-impaired	36,021	22,197	42,173	22,700				
Total	2,338,576	47,304	1,311,254	39,343				

13. Allowance for expected credit losses

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Consolidat	ed financial	statements	
	Receivables with an insignificant increase in credit risk	а	Credit- impaired receivables	Management overlay	Total
Loan receivables ⁽¹⁾					
Balance as at 1 January 2021	277,386	211,790	1,140,259	88,096	1,717,531
Changes due to transfers of loan					
classification	(264,832)	72,731	192,101	-	-
Changes due to revaluation	299,919	(14,960)	280,825	189,531	755,315
Write-off	-	-	(668,063)	-	(668,063)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	312,473	269,561	945,122	277,627	1,804,783
Changes due to transfers of loan					
classification	(574,675)	178,682	395,993	-	-
Changes due to revaluation	609,754	48,747	549,060	(10,539)	1,197,022
Write-off	-	-	(1,200,954)	(28,697)	(1,229,651)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	347,552	496,990	689,221	238,391	1,772,154

⁽¹⁾ Consist of hire purchase, financial lease, factoring and loan receivables including court case receivables which are presented under other non-current assets.



		Separate financial statements							
	Receivables with an insignificant increase in credit risk	Receivables a significant increase in credit risk	Credit- impaired receivables	Management overlay	Total				
Loan receivables ⁽²⁾									
Balance as at 1 January 2021	189,398	192,933	836,322	88,096	1,306,749				
Changes due to transfers of loan									
classification	(185,381)	67,997	117,384	-	-				
Changes due to revaluation	211,200	(31,253)	217,155	144,200	541,302				
Write-off	-	-	(563,045)	-	(563,045)				
Balance as at 31 December 2021	215,217	229,677	607,816	232,296	1,285,006				
Changes due to transfers of loan									
classification	(358,397)	169,116	189,281	-	-				
Changes due to revaluation	404,737	17,986	373,583	(8,291)	788,015				
Write-off	-	-	(860,263)	(2,066)	(862,329)				
Balance as at 31 December 2022	261,557	416,779	310,417	221,939	1,210,692				

⁽²⁾ Consist of hire purchase and loan receivables including court case receivables which are presented under other non-current assets.

For the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the management decided to record additional expected credit losses due to additions of management overlay after careful consideration of various factors and effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, which has resulted in an economic slowdown and could affect the credit quality of receivables in the future, as well as measures to provide debt relief in a way that does not reflect the actual credit quality.

14. Other financial assets

	Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial s	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Equity instruments at FVTPL				
Quoted equity investments	12,402	8,249	12,402	8,249
Equity instruments at FVOCI				
Unquoted equity investments	2,720	3,846	2,510	3,636
Total other financial assets - net	15,122	12,095	14,912	11,885
Current	12,402	8,249	12,402	8,249
Non-current	2,720	2,720 3,846		3,636
	15,122	12,095	14,912	11,885

15. Assets foreclosed

15.1 As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, assets foreclosed are as follows.

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate ts financial statem	
	2022 2021		2022	2021
Repossessed assets	719,997	186,259	710,634	182,470
Less: Allowance for impairment	(163,443)	(64,191)	(159,080)	(61,368)
Assets foreclosed - net	556,554	122,068	551,554	121,102

15.2 A reconciliation of the cost of assets foreclosed for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 is presented below.

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statement	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
nning of year	186,259	157,665	182,470	139,042
	1,123,011	483,764	1,115,012	478,611
	(589,273)	(455,170)	(586,848)	(435,183)
f year	719,997	186,259	710,634	182,470

16. Investments in subsidiaries

Details of investments in subsidiaries as presented in separate financial statements are as follows.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

					Separate financial statements			
	Percentage of Paid-up capital shareholding		•		Co	ost	Dividend ו during th	
Subsidiaries	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	(Thousand Baht)	(Thousand Baht)	(Percent)	(Percent)				
Bangkok Grand Pacific								
Lease Public								
Company Limited	1,096,250	1,096,250	99.99	99.99	1,387,497	1,387,497	220,346	119,491
SK Insurance Broker								
Company Limited	10,000	10,000	99.99	99.99	9,999	9,999	126,000	66,200
Total					1,397,496	1,397,496	346,346	185,691



17. Land, building and equipment

	Consolidated financial statements						
		Assets					
			fixtures and		under		
	Land	Building	equipment	Vehicles	installation	Total	
Cost							
As at 1 January 2021	16,771	129,510	193,203	74,517	-	414,001	
Additions	-	-	7,231	6,894	-	14,125	
Disposals and write-off	-	-	(130)	(6,737)	-	(6,867)	
As at 31 December 2021	16,771	129,510	200,304	74,674	-	421,259	
Additions	-	-	37,786	6,200	13,187	57,173	
Disposals and write-off	-	-	(7,360)	(4,418)	-	(11,778)	
As at 31 December 2022	16,771	129,510	230,730	76,456	13,187	466,654	
Accumulated depreciation							
As at 1 January 2021	-	33,252	151,751	58,545	-	243,548	
Depreciation for the year	-	6,243	13,538	6,893	-	26,674	
Depreciation on disposals and							
write-off	-	-	(120)	(6,521)	-	(6,641)	
As at 31 December 2021	-	39,495	165,169	58,917	-	263,581	
Depreciation for the year	-	6,243	14,507	7,347	-	28,097	
Depreciation on disposals and							
write-off	-	-	(7,356)	(4,418)	-	(11,774)	
As at 31 December 2022	-	45,738	172,320	61,846	-	279,904	
Net book value							
As at 31 December 2021	16,771	90,015	35,135	15,757	-	157,678	
As at 31 December 2022	16,771	83,772	58,410	14,610	13,187	186,750	

	Separate financial statements							
			Assets					
			fixtures and		under			
	Land	Building	equipment	Vehicles	installation	Total		
Cost								
As at 1 January 2021	16,771	129,510	167,542	61,100	-	374,923		
Additions	-	-	5,727	2,920	-	8,647		
Disposals and write-off	-	-	(130)	(6,737)	-	(6,867)		
As at 31 December 2021	16,771	129,510	173,139	57,283	-	376,703		
Additions	-	-	11,542	6,200	1,428	19,170		
Disposals and write-off	-	-	(5,941)	(2,902)	-	(8,843)		
As at 31 December 2022	16,771	129,510	178,740	60,581	1,428	387,030		
Accumulated depreciation								
As at 1 January 2021	-	33,252	129,152	47,093	-	209,497		
Depreciation for the year	-	6,243	12,336	5,993	-	24,572		
Depreciation on disposals and								
write-off	-	-	(120)	(6,521)	-	(6,641)		
As at 31 December 2021	-	39,495	141,368	46,565	-	227,428		
Depreciation for the year	-	6,243	12,526	6,057	-	24,826		
Depreciation on disposals and								
write-off	-	-	(5,936)	(2,902)	-	(8,838)		
As at 31 December 2022	-	45,738	147,958	49,720	-	243,416		
Net book value								
As at 31 December 2021	16,771	90,015	31,771	10,718	-	149,275		
As at 31 December 2022	16,771	83,772	30,782	10,861	1,428	143,614		

As at 31 December 2022, certain building, equipment and vehicle items of the Group have been fully depreciated but are still in use. The gross carrying amount (before deducting accumulated depreciation) of those assets amounted to Baht 177.91 million (2021: Baht 173.15 million) (the Company only: Baht 148.93 million (2021: Baht 143.63 million)).



18. Leases

The Group has entered into operating leases for use in its operation. The lease terms are between 3 to 5 years.

18.1 Right-of-use assets

Movement of right-of-use assets for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidate	d financial	statements	Separate financial statements			
	Buildings	Vehicles	Total	Buildings	Vehicles	Total	
As at 1 January 2021	34,786	7,469	42,255	25,240	7,469	32,709	
Additions	50,457	6,346	56,803	38,610	4,983	43,593	
Adjustments	(33)	-	(33)	-	-	-	
Depreciation for the year	(31,928)	(2,560)	(34,488)	(24,292)	(2,359)	(26,651)	
As at 31 December 2021	53,282	11,255	64,537	39,558	10,093	49,651	
Additions	15,043	659	15,702	13,646	-	13,646	
Depreciation for the year	(32,237)	(3,284)	(35,521)	(24,572)	(2,908)	(27,480)	
As at 31 December 2022	36,088	8,630	44,718	28,632	7,185	35,817	

18.2 Lease liabilities

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Lease payments	47,485	68,976	37,882	52,950
Less: Deferred interest expenses	(1,411)	(2,916)	(1,078)	(2,171)
Total	46,074	66,060	36,804	50,779
Less: Portion due within one year	(34,025)	(33,216)	(27,268)	(25,479)
Lease liabilities - portion due over one year	12,049	32,844	9,536	25,300

Movement of the lease liabilities account during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are summarised below.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Beginning balances	66,060	43,102	50,779	33,385
Additions	15,702	56,803	13,646	43,592
Interest expenses	1,887	2,172	1,372	1,572
Lease payments	(37,575)	(35,984)	(28,993)	(27,770)
Adjustments	-	(33)	-	-
Ending balances	46,074	66,060	36,804	50,779

A maturity analysis of lease payments is disclosed in Note 37.2 to financial statements under the liquidity risk.

18.3 Expenses relating to leases that are recognised in profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	35,521	34,488	27,480	26,651
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,887	2,172	1,372	1,572
Expenses relating to short-term leases	1,839	1,789	1,620	1,661

The Group had total cash outflows for leases for the year ended 31 December 2022 of Baht 39.41 million (2021: Baht 37.92 million) (the Company only: Baht 30.61 million (2021: Baht 29.43 million)), including the cash outflow related to short-term lease.

19. Intangible assets

19.1 The net book value of intangible assets, computer software as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows.

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated financial statements	Separate financial statements		
As at 31 December 2022				
Cost	60,126	49,335		
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(44,257)	(34,663)		
Net book value	15,869	14,672		
As at 31 December 2021				
Cost	52,785	42,163		
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(41,823)	(32,577)		
Net book value	10,962	9,586		

19.2 A reconciliation of the net book value of intangible assets for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 is as follows.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net book value at beginning of year	10,962	13,268	9,586	11,405
Acquisitions	7,341	36	7,172	36
Amortisation	(2,434)	(2,342)	(2,086)	(1,855)
Net book value at end of year	15,869	10,962	14,672	9,586



20. Other non-current assets

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had hire purchase receivables, financial lease receivables, factoring receivables and loan receivables totaling Baht 10.94 million (2021: Baht 472.30 million) (the Company only: hire purchase receivables and loan receivables totaling of Baht 9.84 million (2021: Baht 379.75 million)). For balances totaling Baht 10.94 million (2021: Baht 449.81 million), courts issued judgements in favor of the Group, which are in the process of pursuing collection. These receivables are presented under other non-current assets in the statement of financial position. The Company has provided full allowance for the balances.

21. Short-term loans from banks and other short-term loans

As at 31 December 2022, short-term loans from banks are secured by the assignment of collection rights over hire purchase receivables of the Company, as discussed in Note 9.4 to financial statements (2021: short-term loans from banks of the Group amounting to Baht 2,980 million (the Company only: Baht 2,880 million) were clean loans, while other loans were secured by the assignment of collection rights over hire purchase receivables of the Company, as discussed in Note 9.4 to financial statements.).

The Company's other short-term loans are clean loans in form of bills of exchange.

22. Long-term loans from banks

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated **Separate** Movement financial statements financial statements 2022 2021 2022 2021 Beginning balances 17,519,290 10,930,000 17,519,290 10,930,000 Increase during the year 12,554,400 8,493,000 10,884,400 8,493,000 (5,010,000)(2,270,000)Decrease during the year (5,010,000)(2,270,000)Unrealised loss on exchange rate 277,680 366.290 277,680 366,290 Ending balances 25,341,370 17,519,290 23,671,370 17,519,290 Less: Deferred financing fees (26, 140)(17, 463)(26, 140)(17, 463)Long-term loans - net 25,315,230 17,501,827 23,645,230 17,501,827 Less: Portion due within one year (5,649,183)(5,009,670)(5,649,183)(5,009,670)Long-term loans - portion due over one year 19,666,047 17,996,047 12,492,157 12,492,157

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Due for repayment	Consolidated financial statements			arate tatements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Within 2022	-	5,010,000	-	5,010,000
Within 2023	5,650,000	5,150,000	5,650,000	5,150,000
Within 2024	12,546,970	7,359,290	11,546,970	7,359,290
Within 2025	7,144,400	-	6,474,400	-
Total	25,341,370	17,519,290	23,671,370	17,519,290

Interest rates on the Group's long-term loans from banks are fixed and floating rates, with ranging from 2.23% to 3.45% per annum (2021: 1.97% to 3.30% per annum) (the Company only: 2.23% to 3.45% per annum (2021: 1.97% to 3.30% per annum)).

The Group entered into an interest rate swap and cross-currency interest rate swap contracts to hedge against foreign exchange rate and interest rate risks associated with certain long-term loans.

The long-term loans are partially secured by the assignment of collection rights over hire purchase receivables of the Company, as discussed in Note 9.4 to financial statements. The loan agreements contain certain covenants and restrictions, pertaining to matters such as maintenance of the shareholding of the shareholders, debts to equity ratio and interest coverage ratio.

23. Debentures

The Company's debentures which are unsecured, issued with a registered certificate and unsubordinated are summarised below.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

					(0	loubaria Darity
	Lon	g-term debei	ntures			
Year of issuance	Year of issuance Interest rate (% p.a.) Terms (years)					ed/Separate statements
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
2019	-	3.15 - 3.20	-	3	-	2,070,000
2020	2.88 - 3.75	2.88 - 3.75	3	2 - 3	1,702,500	2,840,000
2021	2.50 - 2.90	2.20 - 2.90	2 - 3	1 - 3	6,367,000	6,723,000
2022	2.00 - 4.00	-	1 - 5	-	8,395,000	-
Total long-term debentures, at fac	ce value				16,464,500	11,633,000
Less: Unamortised costs relating to the issuance of the debentures			(257,274)	(58,524)		
Long-term debentures - net			16,207,226	11,574,476		
Less: Long-term debentures - portion due within one year			(4,748,712)	(3,556,025)		
Long-term debentures - portion d	lue over one	year			11,458,514	8,018,451

As at 31 December 2021, the Company had short-term debentures of Baht 500.00 million with a term of 12 months carring interest at a rate of 2.31% per annum.

In accordance with the rights and obligations of the debenture issuer, the Company has to comply with certain covenants and restrictions including maintenance of a debt to equity ratio in the consolidated financial statements at the end of each fiscal year throughout the term of the debentures, and restrictions on dividend payment.



24. Provision for long-term employee benefits

24.1 Provision for long-term employee benefits, which is compensations on employees' retirement and long service awards, was as follows.

		(Unit:	Thousand Baht)
	Consolidat	ed financial sta	tements
	Provision for retirement benefits	Provision for retirement benefits	Total
Balance as at 1 January 2021	171,106	8,288	179,394
Included in profit or loss:			
Current service cost	15,230	959	16,189
Interest cost	2,782	136	2,918
Included in other comprehensive income:			
Actuarial gain arising from			
Demographic assumption changes	-	-	-
Financial assumption changes	(9,250)	-	(9,250)
Experience adjustments	_	-	-
Total	(9,250)	-	(9,250)
Benefit paid during the year	(9,416)	(638)	(10,054)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	170,452	8,745	179,197
Included in profit or loss:			
Past service cost	-	597	597
Current service cost	13,273	1,032	14,305
Interest cost	2,505	143	2,648
Included in other comprehensive income:			
Actuarial (gain) loss arising from			
Demographic assumption changes	-	-	-
Financial assumption changes	3,720	-	3,720
Experience adjustments	(10,775)	-	(10,775)
Total	(7,055)	-	(7,055)
Benefit paid during the year	(2,019)	(787)	(2,806)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	177,156	9,730	186,886

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements			
	Provision for retirement benefits	Provision for retirement benefits	Total	
Balance as at 1 January 2021	139,108	6,367	145,475	
Included in profit or loss:				
Current service cost	11,923	722	12,645	
Interest cost	2,238	104	2,342	
Included in other comprehensive income:				
Actuarial gain arising from				
Demographic assumption changes	_	-	-	
Financial assumption changes	(6,787)	-	(6,787)	
Experience adjustments	-	-	-	
Total	(6,787)	-	(6,787)	
Benefit paid during the year	(9,416)	(525)	(9,941)	
Balance as at 31 December 2021	137,066	6,668	143,734	
Included in profit or loss:				
Past service cost	-	512	512	
Current service cost	10,024	780	10,804	
Interest cost	1,925	109	2,034	
Included in other comprehensive income:				
Actuarial (gain) loss arising from				
Demographic assumption changes	_	-	-	
Financial assumption changes	2,746	-	2,746	
Experience adjustments	(6,837)	-	(6,837)	
Total	(4,091)	-	(4,091)	
Benefit paid during the year	(1,474)	(570)	(2,044)	
Balance as at 31 December 2022	143,450	7,499	150,949	

24.2 As at 31 December 2022, the Group expects to pay Baht 9.09 million of long-term employee benefits during the next year (2021: Baht 35.12 million) (the Company only: Baht 8.93 million (2021: Baht 33.16 million)).

24.3 As at 31 December 2022, the weighted average duration of the liabilities for long-term employee benefit is 6 years (2021: 16 years) (the Company only: 6 years (2021: 16 years)).



24.4 Principal actuarial assumptions at the valuation date were as follows.

		ed/Separate statements		
	2022 2021			
	(% per annum)	(% per annum)		
Discount rate	2.20	2.57		
Salary increase rate	5.00	5.00		
Staff turnover rate (depending on age)	2.00 - 16.00	2.00 - 16.00		
Gold price inflation rate	5.00	5.00		

24.5 The result of sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions that affect the increase (decrease) in the present value of the long-term employee benefit obligation as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are summarised below.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Provision for retirement benefits				
	Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial s		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Discount rate					
Increase by 1%	(9,663)	(10,632)	(7,141)	(7,802)	
Decrease by 1%	11,014	12,118	8,107	8,856	
Salary increase rate					
Increase by 1%	10,593	11,594	7,797	8,473	
Decrease by 1%	(9,506)	(10,411)	(7,025)	(7,639)	
Staff turnover rate					
Increase by 10% of base in each age	(3,328)	(3,651)	(2,420)	(2,644)	
Decrease by 10% of base in each age	3,517	3,862	2,552	2,792	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Provision for retirement benefits				
	Consolidated financial statements		esperato		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Discount rate					
Increase by 1%	(754)	(696)	(571)	(523)	
Decrease by 1%	863	798	653	600	
Staff turnover rate					
Increase by 10% of base in each age	(396)	(367)	(298)	(276)	
Decrease by 10% of base in each age	424	396	319	297	

25. Financial guarantee contracts

The Group entered into financial guarantee contracts in order to guarantee loans of a company, which committed the Group to make payments on the company's behalf in the event of default on loan payments.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had the outstanding exposure of financial guarantee contracts being not recognised in the financial statements amounting to Baht 7.32 million (2021: Baht 22.50 million).

26. Share capital and premium on ordinary shares

On 20 April 2021, the Annual General Meeting of the Company's shareholders passed the following resolutions approving.

- The reduction of the Company's registered capital by Baht 0.02 million, from Baht 1,759.50 million to Baht 1,759.48 million by cancelling the 4,360 unsubscribed shares with a par value of Baht 5 per share The Company registered the reduction of its registered capital with the Ministry of Commerce on 3 May 2021.
- An increase of the Company's registered capital from Baht 1,759.48 million to Baht 2,639.22 million through the issuance of 175.95 million new ordinary shares with a par value of Baht 5 per share at a price of Baht 17 each, which were called and fully paid up

Premium on ordinary shares was recognised separately from share capital in shareholders' equity in the statement of financial position.

The Company registered the increase of its paid-up capital with the Ministry of Commerce on 2 June 2021.

27. Statutory reserve

Pursuant to section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535, the Company is required to set aside a statutory reserve at least 5 percent of their net profit after deducting accumulated deficit brought forward (if any), until the reserve reaches 10 percent of the registered capital. The statutory reserve is not available for dividend distribution. At present, the statutory reserve has fully been set aside.

28. Expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosed

Expected credit losses and impairment loss on assets foreclosed for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows.

	(Unit: Thousand Bah			
	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Expected credit losses				
Loan receivables	1,031,183	673,612	645,444	468,080
Other receivables	(633)	4,378	(458)	2,412
Impairment loss on assets foreclosed	228,302	135,374	226,003	131,531
Others	6,029	3,353	8,075	1,823
Total	1,264,881	816,717	879,064	603,846



29. Financial cost

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Conorate

		financial statements		tatements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Interest expenses on borrowings	1,436,526	1,028,236	1,323,923	959,484
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	1,887	2,172	1,372	1,572
Interest paid (received) from derivatives defined				
as instruments used for cash flow hedges	(102,803)	8,719	(102,803)	8,719
Total	1,335,610	1,039,127	1,222,492	969,775

Consolidated

30. Expenses by nature

Significant expenses by nature are as follows.

			(Unit: T	housand Baht)
	Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial s	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Salary, wages and other employee benefits	800,619	739,804	614,558	564,299
Depreciation and amortisation	66,052	63,504	54,393	53,078
Rental and service expenses	14,536	13,643	11,358	10,660
Stamp duty	36,314	33,961	35,779	33,347

31. Income tax expenses

31.1 Income tax expenses for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated Separate financial statements financial statements 2022 2021 2022 2021 Current income tax Current income tax charge 474.737 383.330 328.040 277.056 Adjustment of a prior year's income tax under new rules for write-offs of bad debts (50,299) (38,085) Deferred tax Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences (90,425) (26, 520)(31,655) (17, 892)Income tax expenses reported in profit or loss 384,312 306,511 296,385 221,079

31.2 The amounts of income tax relating to each component of other comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021

			(Unit: T	housand Baht)
	Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial s	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Deferred tax on				
Loss on changes in value of equity				
instruments at FVOCI	(225)	(569)	(225)	(569)
Actuarial gain	1,411	1,849	818	1,357
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedges	21,618	(2,109)	21,618	(2,109)
Net change in cost of hedging	(648)	(828)	(648)	(828)
Total	22,156	(1,657)	21,563	(2,149)

31.3 A reconciliation between accounting profit and income tax expenses

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	(onit: mododna bi			
	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Accounting profit before tax	1,896,452	1,509,316	1,806,768	1,265,670
Applicable tax rate	20%	20%	20%	20%
Accounting profit before tax multiplied by				
applicable tax rate	379,290	301,863	361,354	253,134
Effects of:				
Additional expense deductions allowed	(502)	(1,478)	(418)	(99)
Tax exempt on dividend income	(24)	(37)	(69,293)	(37,176)
Non-deductible expenses and others	5,548	6,163	4,742	5,220
Total	5,022	4,648	(64,969)	(32,055)
Income tax expenses reported in profit or loss	384,312	306,511	296,385	221,079

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31.4 The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities

	(Unit: Thousa				
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate ts financial stateme		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Deferred tax assets					
Allowance for expected credit losses	356,053	363,019	243,294	258,511	
Allowance for impairment in value of					
assets foreclosed	32,689	12,839	31,816	12,274	
Provision for long-term employee benefits	37,324	35,764	30,190	28,747	
Accrued penalty income	13,491	10,498	10,541	7,768	
Write-offs of debts	224,558	73,862	157,502	66,725	
Derivatives	-	2,937	-	2,937	
Others	8,467	10,894	3,599	5,091	
Total	672,582	509,813	476,942	382,053	
Deferred tax liabilities					
Revenue recognition under finance leases	(50,521)	(40,818)	-	-	
Deferred commission to dealers	(91,300)	(66,168)	(91,300)	(66,168)	
Unrealised gain from revaluation of equity					
investments	(1,004)	(399)	(1,004)	(399)	
Deferred discounts	(55,845)	(12,113)	(55,845)	(12,113)	
Derivatives	(18,033)	-	(18,033)	-	
Others	(9,620)	(12,325)	(9,620)	(12,325)	
Total	(226,323)	(131,823)	(175,802)	(91,005)	
Deferred tax assets - net	446,259	377,990	301,140	291,048	

31.5 The reconciliation of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021

			(Unit: T	housand Baht)
	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Beginning balance	377,990	349,813	291,048	271,007
Deferred tax income recognised in profit or loss	90,425	26,520	31,655	17,892
Deferred tax income (expense) recognised				
in other comprehensive income	(22,156)	1,657	(21,563)	2,149
Ending balance	446,259	377,990	301,140	291,048

32. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the year (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statement	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Profit for the year (Thousand Baht)	1,512,140	1,202,804	1,510,384	1,044,591
Weighted average number of ordinary shares				
(Thousand shares)	527,843	458,428	527,843	458,428
Basic earnings per share (Baht)	2.86	2.62	2.86	2.28

33. Segment information

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on its services and has 5 reportable operating segments as follows.

- The hire purchase segment provides auto and machine hire purchase services, for consumers and commercial customers.
- 2) The leasing segment principally provides auto and machine leasing services for commercial customers.
- The loan segment principally provides lending services to hire purchase customers, entrepreneur and automotive dealers.
- 4) The factoring segment provides factoring services to commercial customers in various industries.
- 5) The insurance broker segment provides insurance broker service, principally for to the Group's hire purchase and finance lease customers.

Segment results, segment assets and segment liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

Segment assets consist principally of loan receivables. Segment liabilities consist principally of interestbearing loans and borrowings.

The chief operating decision maker monitors the operating results of the business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and assessing performance. Segment performance is measured based on operating profit or loss and on a basis consistent with that used to measure operating profit or loss in the financial statements.



The following tables present revenues and profit for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, and total assets and total liabilities information regarding the Group's operating segments.

						(01112.1	nousand bant)
	Hire				Insurance	Items not	
For the year ended 31 December 2022	purchase	Leasing	Loan	Factoring	broker	allocated	Consolidated
Interest income from loan receivables	4,168,892	79,722	611,809	2,375	-	-	4,862,798
Service income	44,780	578	5,791	373	586,580	-	638,102
Other income	102,669	467	172	-	7,095	12,295	122,698
Employee expenses	(693,641)	(15,641)	(68,204)	(33)	(23,100)	-	(800,619)
Operating expenses	(52,533)	(3,241)	(22,378)	(96)	(13,549)	(168,187)	(259,984)
Segment profit	3,570,167	61,885	527,190	2,619	557,026	(155,892)	4,562,995
Depreciation and amortisation							(66,052)
Expected credit losses and impairment							
loss on assets foreclosed							(1,264,881)
Interest expense							(1,335,610)
Income tax expenses							(384,312)
Profit for the year							1,512,140
Segment total assets							
As at 31 December 2022	60,699,218	1,271,592	5,389,477	16,424	334,308	1,437,552	69,148,571
Segment total liabilities							
As at 31 December 2022	50,977,452	960,861	5,745,878	16,574	201,790	991,495	58,894,050

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

For the year ended 31 December 2021	Hire purchase	Leasing	Loan	Factoring	Insurance broker	ltems not allocated	Consolidated
Interest income from loan receivables	3,288,023	63,581	453,452	2,883	-	-	3,807,939
Service income	37,796	658	2,283	504	468,323	-	509,564
Other income	85,635	192	75	-	637	10,337	96,876
Employee expenses	(644,469)	(32,183)	(45,513)	(31)	(17,608)	-	(739,804)
Operating expenses	(73,191)	(9,621)	(10,885)	(116)	(8,968)	(143,132)	(245,913)
Segment profit	2,693,794	22,627	399,412	3,240	442,384	(132,795)	3,428,662
Depreciation and amortisation							(63,504)
Expected credit losses and impairment							
loss on assets foreclosed							(816,716)
Interest expense							(1,039,127)
Income tax expenses							(306,511)
Profit for the year							1,202,804
Segment total assets							
As at 31 December 2021	49,509,007	1,113,067	4,422,888	64,870	305,368	1,253,485	56,668,685
Segment total liabilities							
As at 31 December 2021	40,846,937	833,889	4,518,926	95,329	191,986	926,407	47,413,474

The Group is operated in Thailand only. As a result, all of the revenues and assets as reflected in these financial statements pertain to the aforementioned geographical reportable.

For the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group has no major customer with revenue of 10 percent or more of the Group's revenues.

34. Provident fund

The Group and its employees have jointly established a provident fund in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. Both employees and the Group contributed to the fund monthly at the rate of 5 percent of basic salary. The fund, which is managed by CIMB-Principal Asset Management Limited, will be paid to employees upon termination in accordance with the fund rules. The contributions for the year 2022 amounting to approximately Baht 15.21 million were recognised as expenses (2021: Baht 14.85 million) (the Company only: Baht 11.72 million (2021: Baht 11.40 million)).

35. Dividend paid

Dividends	Approved by	Dividend per share	Total dividends
		(Baht)	(Thousand Baht)
Dividends for 2022			
Dividends for 2021	Annual General Meeting of the		
	shareholders on 21 April 2022	1.14	601,455
Dividends for 2021			
Dividends for 2020	Annual General Meeting of the		
	shareholders on 20 April 2021	1.70	597,790

36. Commitments

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had capital commitments of Baht 102.83 million relating to the purchases of equipment and computer software (2021: Baht 7.02 million) (the Company only: Baht 2.14 million (2021: Baht 6.60 million).

37. Financial instruments

37.1 Derivatives and hedge accounting

	(Unit: Thousand Ba					
	Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial s			
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Derivative assets						
Cross-currency interest rate swap contracts	731,249	361,683	731,249	361,683		
Interest rate swap contracts	2,888	-	2,888	-		
Derivative liabilities						
Interest rate swap contracts	-	10,079	-	10,079		



Derivatives designated as hedging instruments

Cash flow hedges

Foreign currency risk and interest rate risk

The Group uses hedging instruments to hedge cash flows as follows:

- Interest rate swaps as hedging instruments to hedge cash flows on variable rate loans. The Group receives a variable rate THOR of interest and pays interest at a fixed-rate. These are defined as a hedge of interest rate risk.
- Cross-currency interest rate swaps as hedging instruments to hedge cash flows on variable rate loans in foreign currency. These are defined as a combined hedge of currency risk and interest rate risk.

There is an economic relationship between the hedged items and the hedging instruments as the terms of the interest rate swap and cross-currency interest rate swap contracts match those of the conditions of loans (i.e., notional amount, maturity and expected payment date). To test the hedge effectiveness, the Group uses the hypothetical derivative method and compares the changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments against the changes in fair value of the hedged items attributable to the hedged risks.

Details of derivatives held by the Group as hedging instruments as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 classified based on the maturity date are as follows.

	Less than 1 year		1 - 5 years		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Interest rate swap contracts						
Notional amount (Thousand Baht)	-	-	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
Average fixed rate (%)	-	-	2.23	2.23	2.23	2.23
Cross-currency interest rate swap contracts						
Notional amount (Thousand Baht)	-	-	6,997,400	2,993,000	6,997,400	2,993,000
Average fixed rate (%)	-	-	2.27 - 2.57	2.27	2.27 - 2.57	2.27
Average exchange rate (Baht/US dollar)	-	-	29.93 - 33.37	29.93	29.93 - 33.37	29.93

37.2 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments principally comprise cash and cash equivalents, loan receivables, investments, short-term loan, long-term loans and debentures. The financial risks associated with these financial instruments and how they are managed is described below.

Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk primarily with respect to loan receivables. The Group manages the risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures. In addition, it does not have high concentrations of credit risk since it has a large customer base diversified across many industries.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for financial assets recognised on the statements of financial position is equal to their gross carrying value before allowance for expected credit losses. For financial guarantee contracts, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the maximum amount that the Group would have to pay if the guarantees are called. For undrawn credit limits that are irrevocable over the life of the respective facilities, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the full amount of the committed facilities. The maximum exposure is the gross value before both the effect of mitigation through use of collateral arrangements and other credit enhancements.

All loan receivables are categorised into 'not yet due or past due not over 30 days', 'past due 31 - 90 days' and 'past due over 90 days'.

Distribution of loan receivables by credit quality as at 31 December 2022 and 2021

(Unit: Million Baht)

				,			
	Consolidated financial statements						
		2	2022				
	12-month expected credit losses	Lifetime expected credit losses - not credit impaired	Lifetime expected credit losses - credit impaired	Total			
Not yet due or past due not							
over 30 days	60,429.67	237.21	-	60,666.88			
Past due 31 - 90 days	-	4,591.44	-	4,591.44			
Past due over 90 days	-	-	2,358.01	2,358.01			
Gross carrying amount	60,429.67	4,828.65	2,358.01	67,616.33			
Less: Allowance for expected credit							
losses	(563.35)	(501.72)	(707.08)	(1,772.15)			
Net carrying amount	59,866.32	4,326.93	1,650.93	65,844.18			

	Consolidated financial statements					
		2	021			
	12-month expected credit losses	Lifetime expected credit losses - not credit impaired	Lifetime expected credit losses - credit impaired	Total		
Not yet due or past due not						
over 30 days	51,664.27	184.84	-	51,849.11		
Past due 31 - 90 days	-	2,371.71	-	2,371.71		
Past due over 90 days	-	-	1,980.27	1,980.27		
Gross carrying amount	51,664.27	2,556.55	1,980.27	56,201.09		
Less: Allowance for expected credit						
losses	(526.36)	(301.35)	(977.08)	(1,804.79)		
Net carrying amount	51,137.91	2,255.20	1,003.19	54,396.30		



	Separate financial statements						
		2	2022				
	12-month expected credit losses	Lifetime expected credit losses - not credit impaired	Lifetime expected credit losses - credit impaired	Total			
Not yet due or past due not							
over 30 days	48,444.26	5,995.82	-	54,440.08			
Past due 31 - 90 days	-	4,235.98	-	4,235.98			
Past due over 90 days	-	-	1,622.42	1,622.42			
Gross carrying amount	48,444.26	10,231.80	1,622.42	60,298.48			
Less: Allowance for expected credit							
losses	(477.36)	(421.41)	(311.92)	(1,210.69)			
Net carrying amount	47,966.90	9,810.39	1,310.50	59,087.79			

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Separate financial statements 2021						
	12-month expected credit losses	Lifetime expected credit losses - not credit impaired	Lifetime expected credit losses - credit impaired	Total			
Not yet due or past due not							
over 30 days	40,684.19	5,240.66	-	45,924.85			
Past due 31 - 90 days	-	2,241.33	-	2,241.33			
Past due over 90 days	-	-	1,500.97	1,500.97			
Gross carrying amount	40,684.19	7,481.99	1,500.97	49,667.15			
Less: Allowance for expected credit							
losses	(417.35)	(249.92)	(617.74)	(1,285.01)			
Net carrying amount	40,266.84	7,232.07	883.23	48,382.14			

Explanations of the 12-month expected credit losses, lifetime expected credit losses - not credit impaired, and lifetime expected credit losses - credit impaired are included in Notes 4.13 to the financial statements under Impairment of financial assets.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates and securities prices may have an effect on the financial positions of the Group.

Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to the foreign currency risk relates primarily to borrowings that are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group seeks to reduce this risk by entering into cross-currency interest swap contracts. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the balances of financial liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are summarised below.

Currency	Financial liabilities		Average ex	change rate
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	(Million)	(Million)	(Baht per 1 foreign currency unit)	(Baht per 1 foreign currency unit)
US dollar	220.00	100.00	34.73	33.59

When a derivative is entered into for the purpose of being a hedge, the Group negotiates the terms of the derivative to match the terms of the hedged exposure. For hedges of forecast transactions, the derivative covers the period of exposure from the point the cash flows of the transactions are forecasted up to the point of settlement of the resulting payable that is denominated in the foreign currency.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to its cash at banks, loans to customers, bank overdrafts, loans and debentures.

The Group manages interest rate risk by appropriate structuring of its proportionate holdings in assets and liabilities that have the different interest rate repricing periods that is in line with the market rate, in order to achieve an appropriate return within an acceptable risk level. To manage this, the Group enters into cross-currency interest swaps, in which it agrees to exchange, at specified intervals, between variable and fixed rate interest amounts calculated by reference to an agreed-upon notional principal amount.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, significant financial assets and liabilities classified by type of interest rates are summarised in the table below, with those financial assets and liabilities that carry fixed interest rates further classified based on the maturity date, or the repricing date if this occurs before the maturity date.

	· · · · · · · · · /								
		Consolidated financial statements							
		2022							
	Fix	ed interest ra	tes						
	Within		More than	Floating	Non-interest				
	1 year	1 - 5 years	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total			
Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	166.23	434.97	601.20			
Bank deposits with restrictions	-	-	-	-	146.05	146.05			
Hire purchase receivables	18,496.72	40,864.18	1,276.70	-	-	60,637.60			
Financial lease receivables	472.07	783.35	-	-	-	1,255.42			
Factoring receivables	-	-	-	16.29	-	16.29			
Loan receivables	2,823.33	2,637.07	29.92	138.19	-	5,628.51			
Derivative assets	-	-	-	734.14	-	734.14			
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	15.12	15.12			
	21,792.12	44,284.60	1,306.62	1,054.85	596.14	69,034.33			



	Consolidated financial statements							
		2022						
	Fix	ed interest rat	tes					
	Within		More than	Floating	Non-interest			
	1 year	1 - 5 years	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total		
Financial liabilities								
Short-term loans from banks	500.00	-	-	-	-	500.00		
Other short-term loans	10,500.34	-	-	-	-	10,500.34		
Long-term loans from a related party	800.00	2,800.00	-	-	-	3,600.00		
Long-term loans from banks	5,649.18	6,267.13	-	13,398.92	-	25,315.23		
Debentures	4,748.71	11,458.51	-	-	-	16,207.22		
Deposits relating to collateral								
of customers	4.70	3.00	-	-	1,299.39	1,307.09		
	22,202.93	20,528.64	-	13,398.92	1,299.39	57,429.88		

	Consolidated financial statements							
			20	21				
	Fix	ed interest rat	ies					
	Within		More than	Floating	Non-interest			
	1 year	1 - 5 years	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total		
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	1.00	-	-	134.13	336.17	471.30		
Bank deposits with restrictions	-	-	-	-	147.90	147.90		
Hire purchase receivables	15,870.53	33,204.01	813.52	-	-	49,888.06		
Financial lease receivables	415.23	698.92	-	-	-	1,114.15		
Factoring receivables	-	-	-	120.58	-	120.58		
Loan receivables	2,689.79	1,794.56	-	74.72	-	4,559.07		
Derivative assets	-	-	-	361.68	-	361.68		
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	12.10	12.10		
	18,976.55	35,697.49	813.52	691.11	496.17	56,674.84		
Financial liabilities								
Short-term loans from banks	2,300.00	-	-	1,480.00	-	3,780.00		
Short-term loans from a related								
party	500.00	-	-	-	-	500.00		
Other short-term loans	4,686.95	-	-	-	-	4,686.95		
Long-term loans from a related party	2,850.00	3,600.00	-	-	-	6,450.00		
Long-term loans from banks	4,409.67	8,645.71	-	4,446.45	-	17,501.83		
Debentures	4,056.01	8,018.45	-	-	-	12,074.46		
Derivative liabilities	-	-	-	10.08	-	10.08		
Deposits relating to collateral								
of customers	7.89	5.00	-	-	1,055.95	1,068.84		
	18,810.52	20,269.16	-	5,936.53	1,055.95	46,072.16		

	Separate financial statements						
			20	22			
	Fix	ed interest rat	es				
	Within		More than	Floating	Non-interest		
	1 year	1 - 5 years	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	160.62	259.30	419.92	
Hire purchase receivables	14,971.15	35,941.25	1,262.67	-	-	52,175.07	
Loan receivables	750.80	1,427.46	-	138.19	-	2,316.45	
Loans to a related party	-	3,000.00	-	2,775.00	-	5,775.00	
Derivative assets	-	-	-	734.14	-	734.14	
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	14.91	14.91	
	15,721.95	40,368.71	1,262.67	3,807.95	274.21	61,435.49	
Financial liabilities							
Short-term loans from banks	500.00	-	-	-	-	500.00	
Other short-term loans	10,500.34	-	-	-	-	10,500.34	
Long-term loans from a related party	300.00	1,000.00	-	-	-	1,300.00	
Long-term loans from banks	5,649.18	4,967.13	-	13,028.92	-	23,645.23	
Debentures	4,748.71	11,458.51	-	-	-	16,207.22	
	21,698.23	17,425.64	-	13,028.92	-	52,152.79	

		Sej	Separate financial statements							
			20	21						
-	Fix	ed interest rat	tes							
	Within		More than	Floating	Non-interest					
-	1 year	1 - 5 years	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total				
Financial assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	93.62	172.24	265.86				
Hire purchase receivables	12,873.50	29,199.12	813.52	-	-	42,886.14				
Loan receivables	549.93	668.25	-	74.72	-	1,292.90				
Loans to a related party	-	3,000.00	-	2,090.00	-	5,090.00				
Derivative assets	-	-	-	361.68	-	361.68				
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	11.88	11.88				
	13,423.43	32,867.37	813.52	2,620.02	184.12	49,908.46				
Financial liabilities										
Short-term loans from banks	2,200.00	-	-	1,480.00	-	3,680.00				
Other short-term loans	4,686.95	-	-	-	-	4,686.95				
Long-term loans from a related party	2,350.00	1,300.00	-	-	-	3,650.00				
Long-term loans from banks	4,409.67	8,645.71	-	4,446.45	-	17,501.83				
Debentures	4,056.01	8,018.45	-	-	-	12,074.46				
Derivative liabilities		-	-	10.08	-	10.08				
_	17,702.63	17,964.16	-	5,936.53	-	41,603.32				



Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises in the general funding of the Group's activities and in the management of positions. It includes both the risk of being unable to source assets with appropriate maturities and costs and the risk of being unable to liquidate assets at a reasonable price and in an appropriate time frame.

The Group has access to a diverse funding base, with funds being raised using a broad range of instruments including capital and loans. This enhances funding flexibility, limits dependence on any one source of funds and generally lowers the costs of funds. The Group strives to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of liabilities with a range of maturities. The Group continually assesses liquidity risk by identifying and monitoring changes in funding required to meet business goals and targets set in terms of the Group's overall strategy.

In addition, the Group holds a portfolio of liquid assets as part of its liquidity risk management strategy.

As at 31 December 2022, the credit facilities of the Group which have not yet been drawn down amounted to Baht 11,931 million (2021: Baht 12,075 million).

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 based on contractual undiscounted cash outflows (inflows).

	Consolidated financial statements					
			20	22		
	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total	Carrying amount
Non-derivatives						
Short-term loans from banks	-	500.10	-	-	500.10	500.00
Other short-term loans	-	10,535.00	-	-	10,535.00	10,500.34
Long-term loans from a related party	-	901.90	2,876.24	-	3,778.14	3,600.00
Long-term loans from banks	-	6,558.12	20,374.89	-	26,933.01	25,315.23
Debentures	-	5,099.89	11,943.75	-	17,043.64	16,207.22
Deposits relating to collateral of						
customers	24.97	524.05	756.11	2.20	1,307.33	1,307.09
Lease liabilities	-	35.09	12.39	-	47.48	46.07
Total non-derivatives	24.97	24,154.15	35,963.38	2.20	60,144.70	57,475.95
Derivatives						
Derivative assets	-	(221.49)	(862.55)	-	(1,084.04)	734.14
Total derivatives	-	(221.49)	(862.55)	-	(1,084.04)	734.14

	Consolidated financial statements					
			20	21		
	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total	Carrying amount
Non-derivatives			-			
Short-term loans from banks	1,480.19	2,301.01	-	-	3,781.20	3,780.00
Short-term loans from a related party	-	500.30	-	-	500.30	500.00
Other short-term loans	-	4,700.00	-	-	4,700.00	4,686.95
Long-term loans from a related party	-	3,027.84	3,778.14	-	6,805.98	6,450.00
Long-term loans from banks	-	5,399.61	12,856.83	-	18,256.44	17,501.83
Debentures	-	4,348.73	8,353.65	-	12,702.38	12,074.46
Deposits relating to collateral of						
customers	2.32	252.28	813.77	0.73	1,069.10	1,068.84
Lease liabilities	-	34.99	33.97	-	68.96	66.06
Total non-derivatives	1,482.51	20,564.76	25,836.36	0.73	47,884.36	46,128.14
Derivatives						
Derivative assets	-	6.51	(355.84)	-	(349.33)	361.68
Derivative liabilities	-	5.57	11.63	-	17.20	10.08
Total derivatives	-	12.08	(344.21)	-	(332.13)	371.76

	Separate financial statements						
			20	22			
	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total	Carrying amount	
Non-derivatives							
Short-term loans from banks	-	500.10	-	-	500.10	500.00	
Other short-term loans	-	10,535.00	-	-	10,535.00	10,500.34	
Short-term loans from a related party	-	338.38	1,024.66	-	1,363.04	1,300.00	
Long-term loans from banks	-	6,504.85	18,654.32	-	25,159.17	23,645.23	
Debentures	-	5,099.89	11,943.75	-	17,043.64	16,207.22	
Lease liabilities	-	28.09	9.79	-	37.88	36.80	
Total non-derivatives	-	23,006.31	31,632.52	-	54,638.83	52,189.59	
Derivatives							
Derivative assets	-	(221.49)	(862.55)	-	(1,084.04)	734.14	
Total derivatives	-	(221.49)	(862.55)	-	(1,084.04)	734.14	



	Separate financial statements						
			20	21			
	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total	Carrying amount	
Non-derivatives							
Short-term loans from banks	1,480.19	2,200.89	-	-	3,681.08	3,680.00	
Other short-term loans	-	4,700.00	-	-	4,700.00	4,686.95	
Long-term loans from a related party	-	2,443.36	1,363.04	-	3,806.40	3,650.00	
Long-term loans from banks	-	5,399.61	12,856.83	-	18,256.44	17,501.83	
Debentures	-	4,348.73	8,353.65	-	12,702.38	12,074.46	
Lease liabilities	-	26.78	26.17	-	52.95	50.78	
Total non-derivatives	1,480.19	19,119.37	22,599.69	-	43,199.25	41,644.02	
Derivatives							
Derivative assets	-	6.51	(355.84)	-	(349.33)	361.68	
Derivative liabilities	-	5.57	11.63	-	17.20	10.08	
Total derivatives	-	12.08	(344.21)	-	(332.13)	371.76	

37.3 Fair values of financial instruments

Fair values estimation

The methods and assumptions used by the Group in estimating the fair value of financial instruments are as follows.

- a) For financial assets and liabilities which have short-term maturity, including cash and cash equivalents, factoring receivables and short-term loan receivables, bank overdrafts and shortterm loans, their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position approximate their fair value.
- b) For equity securities, their fair value is generally derived from quoted market prices, or based on generally accepted pricing models when no market price is available.
- c) For fixed rate hire purchase, financial lease and loan receivables and fixed rate debentures and long-term loans, their fair value is estimated by discounting expected future cash flow by the current market interest rate of the loans with similar terms and conditions.
- d) For debentures and long-term loans carrying interest approximate to the market rate, their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position approximate their fair value.
- e) The fair value of derivatives has been determined using a discounted future cash flow model and a valuation model technique. Most of the inputs used for the valuation are observable in the relevant market, such as spot rates of foreign currencies, yield curves of the respective currencies, interest rate yield curves and commodity price yield curves. The Group considers to counterparty credit risk when determining the fair value of derivatives.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had the assets and liabilities that were measured and disclosed at fair value using different levels of inputs as follows.

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements					
			2022			
	Carrying		Fair \	value		
	amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets measured at fair value						
Quoted equity investments	12.40	12.40	-	-	12.40	
Unquoted equity investments	2.72	-	-	2.72	2.72	
Cross-currency interest rate swap contacts	731.25	-	731.25	-	731.25	
Interest rate swap contracts	2.89	-	2.89	-	2.89	
Assets for which fair value are disclosed						
Hire purchase receivables	59,234.97	-	59,498.16	-	59,498.16	
Financial lease receivables	1,235.24	-	1,229.56	-	1,229.56	
Loan receivables	5,357.58	-	5,335.20	-	5,335.20	
Liabilities for which fair value are disclosed						
Long-term loans from a related party	3,600.00	-	3,587.89	-	3,587.89	
Long-term loans from banks	25,315.23	-	25,360.14	-	25,360.14	
Long-term debentures	16,207.22	-	16,301.96	-	16,301.96	

	Consolidated financial statements						
	2021						
	Carrying Fair value						
	amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Assets measured at fair value							
Quoted equity investments	8.25	8.25	-	-	8.25		
Unquoted equity investments	3.85	-	-	3.85	3.85		
Cross-currency interest rate swap contacts	361.68	-	361.68	-	361.68		
Assets for which fair value are disclosed							
Hire purchase receivables	48,837.71	-	49,232.91	-	49,232.91		
Financial lease receivables	1,081.89	-	1,080.16	-	1,080.16		
Loan receivables	4,411.85	-	4,392.52	-	4,392.52		
Liabilities measured at fair value							
Interest rate swap contracts	10.08	-	10.08	-	10.08		
Liabilities for which fair value are disclosed							
Long-term loans from a related party	6,450.00	-	6,502.44	-	6,502.44		
Long-term loans from banks	17,501.83	-	17,483.73	-	17,483.73		
Long-term debentures	11,574.48	-	11,551.66	-	11,551.66		



	Separate financial statements				
		2022			
	Carrying	Carrying Fair value			
	amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value					
Quoted equity investments	12.40	12.40	-	-	12.40
Unquoted equity investments	2.51	-	-	2.51	2.51
Cross-currency interest rate swap contacts	731.25	-	731.25	-	731.25
Interest rate swap contracts	2.89	-	2.89	-	2.89
Assets for which fair value are disclosed					
Hire purchase receivables	51,021.52	-	51,292.30	-	51,292.30
Financial lease receivables	2,291.27	-	2,288.85	-	2,288.85
Liabilities for which fair value are disclosed					
Long-term loans from a related party	1,300.00	-	1,318.67	-	1,318.67
Long-term loans from banks	23,645.23	-	23,712.22	-	23,712.22
Long-term debentures	16,207.22	-	16,301.96	-	16,301.96

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Separate financial statements				
	2021				
	Carrying	Carrying Fair value			
	amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value					
Quoted equity investments	8.25	8.25	-	-	8.25
Unquoted equity investments	3.64	-	-	3.64	3.64
Cross-currency interest rate swap contacts	361.68	-	361.68	-	361.68
Assets for which fair value are disclosed					
Hire purchase receivables	42,020.23	-	42,403.71	-	42,403.71
Financial lease receivables	1,271.91	-	1,277.03	-	1,277.03
Liabilities measured at fair value					
Interest rate swap contracts	10.08	-	10.08	-	10.08
Liabilities for which fair value are disclosed					
Long-term loans from a related party	3,650.00	-	3,746.83	-	3,746.83
Long-term loans from banks	17,501.83	-	17,483.73	-	17,483.73
Long-term debentures	11,574.48	-	11,551.66	-	11,551.66

During the current year, there were no transfers within the fair value hierarchy.

Reconciliation of recurring fair value measurement of assets categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Unquoted equity investments			
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Beginning balance	3.85	6.69	3.64	6.48
Loss recognised in other comprehensive income	(1.13)	(2.84)	(1.13)	(2.84)
Ending balance	2.72	3.85	2.51	3.64

Key assumptions used in the valuation

Financial instruments	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable in puts
Unquoted equity instrument	Reference price from net asset value	Not applicable

38. Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it has an appropriate financial structure and preserves the ability to continue its business as a going concern.

The Group manages its capital position with reference to their debt-to-equity ratio in order to comply with a condition in long-term loan agreements with financial institutions and issuance of debentures, which require the Group to maintain a debt-to-equity ratio of not more than 10:1.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's debt-to-equity ratio was 5.74:1.00 (2021: 5.12:1.00) and the Company's was 5.42:1.00 (2021: 4.82:1.00).

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

39. Events after the reporting period

On 15 February 2023, the meeting of the Company's Board of Directors passed a resolution to propose that the Annual General Meeting of shareholders to be held in April 2023 to adopt a resolution to pay a dividend of Baht 1.44 per share, or a total of Baht 760.09 million to the shareholders in respect of the 2022 profit. The dividend will be paid and recorded after approval is granted by the Annual General Meeting of the Company's shareholders.

40. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 15 February 2023.

Attachments



Attachment 1

Details of directors, managements, the person assigned to take direct responsibility for accounting oversight, and the Company's secretary

Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting	Chairman of the Board of Directors/
	Chairman of the Executive Board of Directors
	(The director who authorized to sign)
	Appointed as director on July 31, 2018
Age	70 years
Education	Master of Business Administration, University of Southern California, USA
	Bachelor of Business Administration, National Taiwan University
Experience	
2018 - Present	Chairman of the Board of Directors / Chairman of the Executive Board of
	Directors, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2018 - Present	Chairman of the Board of Directors / Chairman of the Executive Board of
	Directors, Bangkok GrandPacific Lease Public Company Limited
2018 - 2019	Chief Executive Officer, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2018 - 2019	Chief Executive Officer, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
2016 - Present	Chairman, Chailease Auto Rental Co., Ltd.
2016 - Present	Chairman, Apex Credit Solutions Inc.
2009 - 2016	Chief Audit Officer, Chailease Holding Co., Ltd
2005 - 2008	Senior Executive Vice President, Chailease Consumer Finance Co., Ltd.
Director program	- Personal Information Protection Act 2012,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Reinforcing CG blueprint and sophisticating CSR vision statement 2014,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Corporate Governance and Planning / Managing Shareholders Meeting
	2015, Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Enterprise Fraud Risk Deduction and Prevention 2016,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Introduction and Impact of CFC, PEM and CRS 2017,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Common Financial Scandals, Fraud Cases and Mechanisms in
	Prevention 2018, Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Obligations & Liabilities of Directors in M&A Deals 2018,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Anti-Money Laundering regulations and the role of Leasing industry 2019
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Al Changing the Landscape of Corporate Governance 2019,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association

Details of directors, managements



Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting (Continued)	
	 Compliance with Personal Data Protection Act, Trade Secret Act, and Anti-Corruption Law 2020, Taiwan Corporate Governance Association Best Practices and the Development Trend of Corporate Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility 2020, Taiwan Corporate Governance Association Anti-Money Laundering regulations and the role of Leasing industry 2022
Year of Directorship	5 Year
Position in others listed Company	-
Position in Non-Listed Company	 Chairman of the Board of Directors / Chairman of the Executive Board of Directors/ Managing Director, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited Chairman, Chailease Auto Rental Co., Ltd. Chairman, Apex Credit Solutions Inc.
Nature of relationships between	
director/management	
Changes of shares held as at	
December 31, 2022, compared with	
those of 2021	None

Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang	Director/ Managing Director
	(The director who authorized to sign)
	Appointed as director on April 19, 2019
Age	60 years
Education	Master of Business Administration, Chung Yuan Christian University, Taiwan
Experience	
2019 - Present	Director/ Managing Director, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2020 - Present	Director / Managing Director, SK Insurance Broker Company Limited
2019 - Present	Managing Director,
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
2019 - Present	Director, Anywhere 2 Go Company Limited
2015 - Present	Director, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
2015 - 2019	Managing Director, Chailease Berjaya Credit Sdn. Bhd (Malaysia)
2012 - 2015	Executive Vice President, Chailease Finance Co., Ltd
2006 - 2012	Managing Director, Chailease International Leasing Co., Ltd (Vietnam)
2000 - 2006	Deputy Managing Director, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2000 - 2006	Deputy Managing Director,
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
Director program	Director Certification Program No. 48/2004,
	Thai Institute of Directors Association
Year of Directorship	4 years
Position in others listed Company	None
Position in Non-Listed Company	1. Director/ Managing Director,
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
	2. Director/ Managing Director, SK Insurance Broker Company Limited
	3. Director, Anywhere 2 Go Company Limited
Nature of relationships between	None
director/management	
Changes of shares held as at	Remain unchanged (Outstanding at 240,453 shares or equivalent to 0.05%
December 31, 2022, compared with	of the total shares)
those of 2021	

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Mr. Chen, Fong-Long	Director
	(The director who authorized to sign)
	Appointed as director on May 3, 1999
Age	67 years
Education	Master of Science in Management, Massachusetts Institute of Technology
	(MIT), U.S.A.
	Bachelor of Management Science, National Cheng Kung University Taiwan
	R.O.C.
Experience	
2019 - Present	Director, Chailease Commercial Factoring Corporation
2019 - Present	Chairman, Chung Chen Energy Integration Co., Ltd.
2018 - Present	Director, Chailease International Company (Hong Kong) Limited
2016 - Present	Chairman, Innovation Energy Integration Co., Ltd.
2015 - Present	Director, Chailease International Company (UK) Limited
2015 - Present	Director, CL Capital Management Company Limited
2015 - Present	Director, CLJ Investment Partners Company Limited
2015 - Present	Chairman, Chailease Energy Integration Co., Ltd.
2014 - Present	Chairman, Chailease Finance (B.V.I.) Co., Ltd.
2014 - Present	Director, My Leasing (B.V.I.) Corp.
2014 - Present	Director, Chailease International Financial Services Co., Ltd.
2013 - Present	Director, Chailease International (B.V.I.) Corp.
2013 - Present	Director, Golden Bridge (B.V.I.) Corp.
2013 - Present	Director, My Leasing (Mauritius) Corp.
2013 - Present	Chairman, Chailease Cloud Service Co., Ltd.
2012 - Present	Chairman, Jirong Real Estate Co., Ltd.
2012 - Present	Chairman, Chailease Finance International Corp.
2011 - Present	Chairman, Fina Finance and Trading Co., Ltd.
2011 - Present	Chairman, Chailease Specialty Finance Co., Ltd.
2011 - Present	Chairman and President, Chailease Holding Co., Ltd.
2008 - Present	Chairman, Chailease International Corp.
2007 - Present	Chairman, Chailease Finance Co., Ltd.
2007 - Present	Director, Grand Pacific Holdings Corp.
2007 - Present	Chairman, Chailease International Finance Co. Ltd.
1999 - Present	Director, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
1999 - Present	Director, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
Director program	- Personal Information Protection Act 2012,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Reinforcing CG blueprint and sophisticating CSR vision statement 2014,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Corporate Governance and Planning/Managing Shareholders Meeting
	2015, Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Enterprise Fraud Risk Deduction and Prevention 2016,

Taiwan Corporate Governance Association

Mr. Chen, Fong-Long (Contin	ued)
	Interdiction and Insert of OEO, DEM and OEO, 2017
	- Introduction and Impact of CFC, PEM and CRS 2017,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Common Financial Scandals, Fraud Cases and Mechanisms
	in Prevention 2018, Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Obligations & Liabilities of Directors in M&A Deals 2018,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	 Anti-Money Laundering regulations and the role of Leasing industry 2019 Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- AI Changing the Landscape of Corporate Governance 2019,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Compliance with Personal Data Protection Act, Trade Secret Act,
	and Anti-Corruption Law 2020, Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
	- Best Practices and the Development Trend of Corporate Governance
	and Corporate Social Responsibility 2020,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
Year of Directorship	24 years
Position in others listed Company	None
Position in Non-Listed Company	1. Director, Bangkok GrandPacific Lease Public Company Limited
	2. Director, Chailease Commercial Factoring Corporation
	3. Chairman, Chung Chen Energy Integration Co., Ltd.
	4. Director, Chailease International Company (Hong Kong) Limited
	5. Chairman, Innovation Energy Integration Co., Ltd.
	6. Director, Chailease International Company (UK) Limited
	7. Director, CL Capital Management Company Limited
	8. Director, CLJ Investment Partners Company Limited
	9. Chairman, Chailease Energy Integration Co., Ltd.
	10. Chairman, Chailease Finance (B.V.I.) Co., Ltd.
	11. Director, My Leasing (B.V.I.) Corp.
	12. Director, Chailease International Financial Services Co., Ltd.
	13. Director, Chailease International (B.V.I.) Corp.
	14. Director, Golden Bridge (B.V.I.) Corp.
	15. Director, My Leasing (Mauritius) Corp.
	16. Chairman, Chailease Cloud Service Co., Ltd.
	17. Chairman, Jirong Real Estate Co., Ltd.
	18. Chairman, Chailease Finance International Corp.
	19. Chairman, Fina Finance and Trading Co., Ltd.
	20. Chairman, Chailease Specialty Finance Co., Ltd.
	21. Chairman and President, Chailease Holding Co., Ltd.
	22. Chairman, Chailease International Corp.

- 23. Chairman, Chailease Finance Co., Ltd.
- 24. Director, Grand Pacific Holdings Corp.



Mr. Chen, Fong-Long (Continued)

	25. Chairman, Chailease International Finance Co. Ltd.
Nature of relationships between	None
director/management	
Changes of shares held as at	Remain unchanged (Outstanding at 236,028 share or equivalent to 0.07%
December 31, 2022, compared with	of the total shares)
those of 2021	

Mr. Liao, Ying-Chih	Director
	(The director who authorized to sign)
	Appointed as director on February 26, 2008
Age	59 years
Education	Ph.D. Candidate, Harvard University, U.S.A.
	Master of Law, Harvard Law School
	Bachelor of Law, National Taiwan University
Experience	
2016 - Present	Director, Chailease Engine Lease Finance Corp.
2015 - Present	Director, Chailease International Company (UK) Limited.
2015 - Present	Director, CL Capital Management Company Limited.
2015 - Present	Director, CLJ Investment Partners Company Limited.
2015 - Present	Director, Chailease Berjaya Credit Sdn. Bhd.
2012 - Present	Chief Strategy Officer, Chailease Holding Co., Ltd.
2011 - Present	Director, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
Director program	Compliance with Personal Data Protection Act, Trade Secret Act,
	and Anti-Corruption Law 2020, Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
Year of Directorship	15 years
Position in others listed Company	None
Position in Non-Listed Company	1. Director, Chailease Engine Lease Finance Corp.
	2. Director, Chailease International Company (UK) Limited.
	3. Director, CL Capital Management Company Limited.
	4. Director, CLJ Investment Partners Company Limited.
	5. Director, Chailease Berjaya Credit Sdn. Bhd.
	6. Chief Strategy Officer, Chailease Holding Co., Ltd.
Nature of relationships between	None
director/management	
Changes of shares held as at	None
December 31, 2022, compared with	
those of 2021	



Mr. Chen, Jui-Hsin	Director
	(The director who authorized to sign)
	Appointed as director on November 9, 2020
Age	50 years
Education	Master of Science in Business Administration,
	Bournemouth University, England
	Bachelor of Arts in Economics, National Taipei University
Experience	
2021 - Present	President, Chailease Resources Technology Co., Ltd.
2020 - Present	Director, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2020 - Present	Director, Bangkok GrandPacific Lease Public Company Limited
2020 - Present	Director, Chailease Capital (Thailand) Co., Ltd.
2020 - Present	Chief Operating Officer, JLK Holding Company Limited
2019 - Present	Senior Executive Vice President, Chailease Finance Co., Ltd.
2016 - 2019	Executive Vice President, Chailease Energy Co., Ltd.
2015 - 2016	Senior Vice President, Chailease Finance Co., Ltd.
Director program/ other training	Obligations and Responsibilities of Companies,
	Directors and Supervisors under the Securities and Exchange Act 2020,
	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association
Year of Directorship	2
Position in others listed Company	-
Position in Non-Listed Company	Chailease Capital (Thailand) Co., Ltd.
Nature of relationships between	None
director/management	
Changes of shares held as at	None
December 31, 2022, compared with	
those of 2021	

Mr. Wang, Chia-Hung	Director
	(The director who authorized to sign)
	Appointed as director on January 19, 2022
Age	45 years
Education	Master in Finance, National Chiao Tung University (Taiwan)
	Bachelor of Arts in Economics, National Taiwan University
Experience	
2022 - Present	Director, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2022 - Present	Director, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
2022 - Present	Director, SK Insurance Broker Company Limited
2021 - Present	Senior Vice President, Marketing Department,
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2019 - 2020	First Vice President, Planning Department,
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2015 - 2018	First Vice President, Credit Analysis Department,
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
Director program	Director Accreditation Program No. 199/2022,
	Thai Institute of Directors Association
Year of Directorship	1 years
Position in others listed Company	None
Position in Non-Listed Company	1. Director, SK Insurance Broker Company Limited
	2. Director/ Acting General Manager,
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
Nature of relationships between	None
director/management	
Changes of shares held as at	None
December 31, 2022, compared with	
those of 2021	



Mr. Tientavee Saraton	Director
	Appointed as director on June 18, 1987
Age	74 years
Education	Master of Science in Management,
	Arthur D. Little Management Education Institute, U.S.A.
	Bachelor of Economics, Thammasat University (Second Class Honors)
Experience	
1987 - Present	Director, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
1999 - Present	Director, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
1992 - 2015	Executive Director, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
1999 - 2015	Executive Director, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
2005 - 2009	Vice Chairman, Thai Hire Purchase Association
2006 - 2008	Deputy Managing Director, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
1987 - 2006	General Manager, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
Director program	Director Accreditation Program No. 22/2004,
	Thai Institute of Directors Association
	Director Certification Program No. 48/2004,
	Thai Institute of Directors Association
Year of Directorship	35 years
Position in others listed Company	None
Position in Non-Listed Company	Director, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
Nature of relationships between	None
director/management	
Changes of shares held as at	None
December 31, 2022, compared with	
those of 2021	

Mrs. Patima Chavalit	Independent Director
	Appointed as director on July 29, 1993
Age	63 years
Highest Education	Bachelor of Accounting Theory, Chulalongkorn University
Experience	
2020 - Present	Advisor, Office of the President, Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited
2013 - Present	Independent Director, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2008 - 2019	Senior Vice President, Human Resource Division,
	Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited
1993 - Present	Director, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
1999 - Present	Director, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
Director program	Director Certification Program No. 48/2004,
	Thai Institute of Directors Association
Year of Directorship	29 years
Position in others listed Company	Advisor, Office of the President, Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited
Position in Non-Listed Company	Director, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
Nature of relationships between	None
director/management	
Changes of shares held as at	Remain unchanged (Outstanding at 246,942 shares or equivalent to 0.05%
December 31, 2022, compared with	of the total shares)
those of 2021	



	Appointed as director on June 18, 2004	
Age	74 years	
Education	Master of Business Administration, Central State University,	
	Oklahoma, U.S.A.	
	Bachelor's Degree in Commerce, Chulalongkorn University	
Experience		
2004 - Present	Chairman of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director,	
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited	
2000 - Present	Audit Committee Member/ Independent Director,	
	KGI Securities Public Company Limited	
2018 - Present	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director/	
	Member of Corporate Governance Committee,	
	LH Financial Group Public Company Limited	
2018 - Present	Chairman of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director/	
	Chairman of Corporate Governance Committee/	
	Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee/	
	Member of Risk Oversight Committee,	
	Land and House Bank Public Company Limited	
2015 - Nov. 2020	Chairman of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director,	
	Nusasiri Public Company Limited	
2004 - Dec. 2019	Audit Committee Member/ Independent Director,	
	Thai Film Industries Public Company Limited	
Director program	- Director Certification Program No. 3/2000,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	Audit Committee Program No. 3/2004,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	- Chief Financial Officer Certification Program No. 1/2004,	
	The Institute of Ceritfied Accountants and Auditor of Thailand	
	- Improving the Quality of Financial Reporting No.4/2006,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	- Monitoring the Quality of Financial Reporting No.5/2007,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	- Monitoring the Internal Audit Function No. 5/2008,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	- Monitoring the System of Internal Control and Risk Management	
	No. 2/2008, Thai Institute of Directors Association	

Mr. Pradit Sawattananond

- Role of the Compensation Committee No. 6/2008,

Chairman of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director

- Thai Institute of Directors Association - Advance Audit Committee Program No. 13/2013,
 - Thai Institute of Directors Association

Mr. Pradit	Sawattananond	(Continued))

	- How to Develop a Risk Management Plan (HRP) No. 4/2013,			
	Thai Institute of Directors Association			
	- Corporate Governance for Capital Market Intermediaries No. 1/2014,			
	Thai Institute of Directors Association			
Year of Directorship	18 years			
Position in others listed Company	1. Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director/			
	Member of Corporate Governance Committee,			
	LH Financial Group Public Company Limited			
	2. Audit Committee Member/ Independent Director,			
	KGI Securities Public Company Limited			
Position in Non-Listed Company	Chairman of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director/			
	Chairman of Corporate Governance Committee/			
	Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee/			
	Member of Risk Oversight Committee,			
	Land and House Bank Public Company Limited			
Nature of relationships between	Elder Brother of Mr. Anant Svattananon			
director/management				
Changes of shares held as at	Remain unchanged (Outstanding at 37,700 shares or equivalent to 0.01%			
December 31, 2022, compared with	of the total shares)			
those of 2021				

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Mr. Anant Svattananon	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director	
	Appointed as director on June 18, 2004	
Age	71 years	
Highest Education	Commerce Course, The Institute of Foreign Languages Business	
	Development & Management Course	
Experience		
2004 - Present	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director,	
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited	
1998 - Present	Executive Vice Chairman, Shanghai Kinghill Co., Ltd. Pudong P.R.O.C.	
1998 - Present	Managing Director, Star of Andaman Co., Ltd.	
Director program	Director Accreditation Program No. 38/2005,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
Year of Directorship	18 years	
Position in others listed Company	None	
Position in Non-Listed Company	1. Executive Vice Chairman, Shanghai Kinghill Co., Ltd. Pudong P.R.O.C.	
	2. Managing Director, Star of Andaman Co., Ltd.	
Nature of relationships between	Younger brother of Mr. Pradit Sawattananond	
director/management		
Changes of shares held as at	Remain unchanged (Outstanding at 116,500 shares or equivalent to 0.02	
December 31, 2022, compared with	of the total shares)	
those of 2021		

Dr. Supriya Kuandachakupt Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director

	Appointed as director on June 2, 2006
Age	69 years
Education	Doctor of Ecomomics, University of Hawaii, U.S.A.
	Master of Arts in Economics, Thammasat University
	Bachelor of Economics, University of Tasmania, Australia
Experience	
2006 - Present	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director,
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2021 - Present	Chairman of Risk Oversight Committee/
	Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee,
	Land and House Bank Public Company Limited
2017 - Present	Member of the Audit Committee/
	Independent Director/ Member of Corporate Governance Committee/
	Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee,
	LH Financial Group Public Company Limited
2017 - Present	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director/
	Member of Corporate Governance Committee,
	Land and House Bank Public Company Limited
2018 - 2021	Member of Risk Oversight Committee,
	LH Financial Group Public Company Limited
2017 - 2018	Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee,
	Land and House Bank Public Company Limited
2013 - 2018	Special Senior Fellow, Faculty of Economics, Kasetsart University
1986 - 2018	Associate Professor, Department of Economics, Faculty of Economics,
	Kasetsart University
2012 - 2013	Chairman of Board of Operation Director, Entrepreneurial Economics
	Bachelor of Administration (EEBA) International Program,
	Kasetsart University
2007 - 2013	Chairman of the Business Economics, Faculty of Economics,
	Kasetsart University
2010 - 2012	Member of Board of Directors, The Government Lottery Office
Director program	- Director Accreditation Program No. 56/2006,
	Thai Institute of Directors Association
	- Director Certification Program No. 97/2007,
	Thai Institute of Directors Association
	- Financial Statements for Directors No. 10/2010,
	Thai Institute of Directors Association
	- Diploma of Corporate Governance for Directors and Senior Executives o
	State Enterprises and Public Organizations (PDI 7),
	Public Director Institute, King Prajadhipok's Institute



Dr. Supriya Kuandachakupt (Continued)		
	- Audit Committee Effectiveness Program Year 2012,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	- How to Develop a Risk Management Plan (HRP) No. 4/2013,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	- Diploma of Administrative Justice for Senior Executives No. 5/2014,	
	College of Administrative Justice, the Administrative Court	
	- Corporate Governance for Capital Market Intermediaries No.7/2015,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	- Chartered Director Class No. 9/2015,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	- Advanced Audit Committee Program Class No. 31/2018,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	- Information Security Awareness Training 2021,	
	Land and House Bank Public Company Limited	
	- Risk Management Program for Corporate Leaders (RCL) 2022,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
Year of Directorship	16 years	
Position in others listed Company	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director/	
	Member of Corporate Governance Committee/	
	Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee,	
	LH Financial Group Public Company Limited	
Position in Non-Listed Company	Chairman of Risk Oversight Committee/	
	Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee/	
	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director/	
	Member of Corporate Governance Committee,	
	Land and House Bank Public Company Limited	
Nature of relationships between	None	
director/management		
Changes of shares held as at	None	
December 31, 2022, compared with		
those of 2021		

Mr. Kasem Akanesuwan	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director	
	Appointed as director on March 24, 2009	
Age	75 years	
Education	Master of Science in Accounting, Roosevelt University, U.S.A.	
	Bachelor in Accounting, Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok, Thailand	
Experience		
2009 - Present	Member of the Audit Committee/ Independent Director,	
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited	
2000 - 2016	Member of the Board of Directors, BNH Medical Center Co., Ltd.	
2013 - 2015	Vice President-Internal Audit and Compliance Department,	
	Bangkok Airways Public Company Limited	
1997 - 2012	Assistant Vice President-Finance Department,	
	Bangkok Airways Public Company Limited	
Director program	Director Accreditation Program No. 79/2009,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	Director Certification Program No. 127/2010,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
	How to Develop a Risk Management Plan (HRP) No. 4/2013,	
	Thai Institute of Directors Association	
Year of Directorship	14 years	
Position in others listed Company	None	
Position in Non-Listed Company	None	
Nature of relationships between	None	
director/management		
Changes of shares held as at	None	
December 31, 2022, compared with		
those of 2021		



Mr. Anurit Wongudom	General Manager		
Age	64 years		
Education	Master Degree in Management Mahidol University		
Experience			
2023 - Present	General Manager, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
2022	Acting General Manager, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
2019 - 2021	Chief Marketing Officer, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
2018 - 2019	First Senior Executive Vice President,		
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
2015 - 2017	Senior Executive Vice President,		
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
2010 - 2015	Deputy General Manager (Marketing),		
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
Director program	None		
Nature of relationships between	None		
director/management			
Changes of shares held as at	None		
December 31, 2022, compared with			
those of 2021			

Mr. Danai Lapaviwat	Chief Financial Officer/ Company Secretary/		
	Secretary to the Board of Directors		
Age	59 years		
Education	Master of Business Administration (Finance),		
	San Diego State University, U.S.A.		
Experience			
2013 - Present	Secretary to the Board of Directors,		
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited		
2012 - Present	Company Secretary, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
2004 - Present	Secretary to the Board of Directors,		
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
2003 - Present	Chief Financial Officer, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
2003 - Present	Chief Financial Officer,		
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited		
Director program	Director Certification Program No. 48/2004,		
	Thai Institute of Directors Association		
	Company Secretary Program (CSP) 50/2013,		
	Thai Institute of Directors Association		
Nature of relationships between	None		
director/management			
Changes of shares held as at	Remain unchanged (Outstanding at 237,948 share or equivalent to 0.05%		
December 31, 2022, compared with	of the total shares)		
those of 2021			

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Mr. Sarayuth Chaisawadi

Chief Information Officer/ Head of Operation

Age	59 years		
Education	Master of Business Administration, Chulalongkorn University		
Experience			
2022 - Present	Head of Operation, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
2002 - Present	Chief Information Officer, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
2002 - Present	Chief Information Officer,		
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited		
2004 - 2022	Acting Chief Administrative Officer,		
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited		
2002 - 2022	Acting Chief Administrative Officer,		
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited		
2002 - Present	Chief Information Officer/ Acting Chief Administrative Officer,		
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited		
Director program	Director Certification Program No. 48/2004,		
	Thai Institute of Directors Association		
Nature of relationships between	None		
director/management			
Changes of shares held as at	Remain unchanged (Outstanding at 126,225 shares or equivalent to 0.029		
December 31, 2022, compared with	of the total shares)		
those of 2021			

Mr. Pattrapol Kangwals

ul	Chief	Legal	Officer	

Age	62 years
Education	Master of Business Administration (International Business),
	Charles Sturt University
Experience	
2019 - Present	Chief Legal Officer, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2019 - Present	Chief Legal Officer, Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
2018 - 2019	Senior Executive Vice President,
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2015 - 2017	First Executive Vice President,
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2006 - 2015	Deputy General Manager (Credit Control),
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
Director program	None
Nature of relationships between	None
director/management	
Changes of shares held as at	None
December 31, 2022, compared with	
those of 2021	

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Mr. Kitisak Leelaharat	Chief Credit Officer*
Age	65 years
Education	Master of Business Administration, Thammasat University
Experience	
2023 - Present	Chief Marketing Officer,
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
2019 - 2022	Chief Credit Officer, Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited
2017 - 2019	Chief Marketing Officer/ Chief Operating Officer,
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
2015 - 2017	Senior Executive Vice President,
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
2006 - 2015	Deputy General Manager (Marketing),
	Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited
Director program	None
Nature of relationships between	None
director/management	
Changes of shares held as at	None
December 31, 2022, compared with	
those of 2021	

*Was appointed to be Chief Marketing Officer of the subsidiary in 2023

Ms. Jintana Vivatanavanon	Senior Vice President, Accounting Department			
Age	50 years			
Highest Education	Master of Business Administration (MBA), Management			
	Huachiew Chalermprakiet University (year 2002)			
Experience				
2018 - Present	Senior Vice President, Accounting Department,			
	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited			
2012 - 2018	Accounting Department Toyota Leasing (Thailand) Co.,Ltd			
2010 - 2012	Accounting & Finance Department,			
	Suzuki Leasing International (Thailand) Co.,Ltd			
Training	- Withholding tax and Value added tax for oversea payment 2022			
	by Dharmniti Seminar and Training			
	- Hedge accounting 2022 by NYC management Co.,Ltd			
	- Transformative Accounting 2021 by Dharmniti Seminar and Training			
	- Corporate Wealth Management 2021 by Dharmniti Seminar and Training			
	- TFRS9 : Financial instrument - Hedge accounting 2021			
	by Thai Hire-Purchase Association			
	- Updates new collection debt law 2021 by Thai Hire-Purchase Association			
	- The impact of New TFRS			
	(Thai Financial Report Standard < Analysis point of view> 2020			
	by NYC management Co.,Ltd			
	- e-Withholding tax and National e-Payment 2020			
	by NYC management Co.,Ltd			
	- TFRS9 : Financial instrument - Hedge accounting 2020			
	by EY Corporate services Limited			
	- Dividend payment 2019 by Dharmniti Seminar and Training			
	- TFRS 19 Employee Benefits 2019 by ACTUARIALBIZ (ABS)			
Nature of relationships between	None			
director/management				
Changes of shares held as at	None			
December 31, 2022, compared with				
those of 2021				

The person assigned to take direct responsibility for accounting oversight



Shareholding of Directors and Management

Ordinary Share (Shares)					
Name	As at Year Ended 2022 As at Year Ended 2021				
	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect	Change
Directors					
1. Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting	240,453	-	240,453	-	-
2. Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang	236,028	-	236,028	-	-
3. Mr. Chen, Fong-Long	-	-	-	-	-
4. Mr. Liao, Ying-Chih	-	-	-	-	-
5. Mr. Chen, Jui-Hsin	-	-	-	-	-
6. Mr. Wang, Chia-Hung	-	-	-	-	-
7. Mr. Tientavee Saratan	246,942	-	246,942	-	-
8. Mrs. Patima Chavalit	37,700	-	37,700	-	-
9. Mr. Pradit Sawattananond	116,500	-	116,500	-	-
10. Mr. Anant Svattananon	-	-	-	-	-
11. Dr. Supriya Kuandachakupt	-	-	-	-	-
12. Mr. Kasem Akanesuwan	240,453	-	240,453	-	-
Management					
1. Dr. Amnuay Viravan	27,800	-	1,074,952	-	-1,047,152
2. Mr. Anurit Wongudom	-	-	-	-	-
3. Mr. Danai Lapaviwat	237,948	-	237,948	-	-
4. Mr. Sarayuth Chaisawadi	126,225	-	126,225	-	-
5. Mr. Pattrapol Kangwalsakul	-	-	-	-	-
6. Mr. Kitisak Leelaharat	-	-	-	-	-

Information of Directors and executives in the Company, subsidiaries and related companies as of December 31, 2022

			The Sub	sidiaries		Related C	ompanies	
	Name of Directors and Managements	The Company	BGPL	SKIB	CHAILEASE FINANCE CO., LTD.	CHAILEASE INTERNATIONAL COMPANY (MALAYSIA) LIMITED	Chailease	Chailease Holding Co., Ltd.
1.	Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting	X ///	X ///	-	-	-	-	-
2.	Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang	// /	// /	/	-	-	-	-
3.	Mr. Chen, Fong-Long	/	/	-	Х	-	-	Х
4.	Mr. Liao, Ying-Chih	/	/	-	-	-	-	1
5.	Mr. Chen, Jui-Hsin	/	/	-	I	-	/	-
6.	Mr. Wang, Chia-Hung	// /	// /	/	-	-	-	-
7.	Mr. Tientavee Saraton	/	/	-	-	-	-	-
8.	Mrs. Patima Chavalit	/	/	-	-	-	-	-
9.	Mr. Pradit Sawattananond	/	-	-	-	-	-	-
10.	Mr. Anant Svattananon	/	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.	Dr. Supriya Kuandachakupt	/	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.	Mr. Kasem Akanesuwan	/	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.	Dr. Amnuay Viravan	IV	IV	-	-	-	-	-
14.	Mr. Anurit Wongudom	I.	-	-	-	-	-	-
15.	Mr. Danai Lapaviwat	I	I	-	-	-	-	-
16.	Mr. Sarayuth Chaisawadi	I	I	-	-	-	-	-
17.	Mr. Pattrapol Kangwalsakul	I	I	-	-	-	-	-
18.	Mr. Kitisak Leelaharat	I	I	-	-	-	-	-

Remark : IV : Honorary Chairman X : Chairman of the Board of Directors

/// : Chairman of the Executive Board of Directors

// : Executive Directors / : Director I : Management

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The duties and responsibilities of the Company's secretary :

1. Preparing and keeping the following documents:

- 1) A register of directors
- 2) A notice calling director meeting, a minute of the board of directors and an annual report of the company
- 3) A notice calling shareholder meeting and a minute of shareholders' meeting;
- 2. Keeping a report on interest filed by a director or an executive;
- 3. Performing any other acts as specified in the notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board.

The detail of the Company's Secretary is follow part of shareholding and management and shareholding structure and clause of board of directors and managements' profiles.

Attachment 2

Details of the directors of subsidiaries

Details of the directors of subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022

Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited

			Chairman		
		Honorary	of the Executive	Executive	
	Name	Chairman	Board of Directors	Directors	Directors
1.	Mr. Yang, Tze-Ting		х		х
2.	Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang			х	х
3.	Mr. Chen, Fong-Long				х
4.	Mr. Chen, Jui-Hsin				х
5.	Mr. Wang, Chia-Hung			х	х
6.	Mr. Tientavee Saraton				х
7.	Mrs. Patima Chavalit				х
8.	Dr. Amnuay Viravan	х			

SK Insurance Broker Company Limited

	Name	Directors
1.	Mr. Tang, Lai-Wang	Х
2.	Mr. Wang, Chia-Hung	х
3.	Mr. Anurit Wongudomm	Х



Attachment 3

Details of the Heads of the Internal Audit and Compliance Units

Details of the Heads of the Internal Audit and Compliance Units as of December 31, 2021 are as follow;

1. Heads of the Internal Audit

1) The persons assigned to be the Head of the Internal Audit

Name : Mr. Kaweewat Chouthong

Position : Vice President, Internal Audit Department

2) Education

- Master's degree in Finance and Banking Faculty of Business Administration Ramkhamhaeng University
- Bachelor's degree in Finance and Banking Faculty of Business Administration Ramkhamhaeng University

3) Experience

Period	Position	Company
2016 - Present	Vice President,	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company
	Internal Audit Department	Limited
2012 - 2016	Manager, Internal Audit Department	Suzuki House Co., Ltd.
2004 - 2555	Senior Section Manager,	Sin Industry Public Company Limited
	Internal Audit Department	

Training

- Risk Based Audit by the Association of Internal Auditors of Thailand
- Better Understanding: Governance, Control and Risk Management by the Association of Internal Auditors of Thailand
- IT Audit, by the Federation of Accounting Professions
- Analysis of hire purchase business loans organized by the Thai Hire Purchase Association
- Enterprise Risk Management by the Association of Internal Auditors of Thailand
- Annual Seminar from the Association of Internal Auditors of Thailand

2. Head of compliance unit

1) The persons assigned to be the Head of the Compliance Unit

Name : Mr. Chinnatat Hiranyakhap

Position : First Vice President

2) <u>Education</u>

- Master's degree in Business Economic, Wichita State University, USA.
- Bachelor's degree in Marketing, Bangkok University

3) Experience

Period	Position	Comapny
2022 - Present	First Vice President, Compliance Department	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public
		Company Limited
2010 - Present	First Vice President, Planning Department	Asia Sermkij Leasing Public
		Company Limited

Training

- The law on the OCPB Announcement 2022 and the correct practices of hire-purchase and leasing business by the Thai Hire-Purchase Association
- PDPA for debt collection business (for executives) by the Thai Hire-Purchase Association
- Company Preparation Project to develop into online hire purchase loans by the Thai Hire Purchase Association
- Anti-money laundering and anti-terrorist financing courses



Attachment 4

Assets used in business undertaking

As of December 31, 2021, the Company and its subsidiaries had land, plant and equipment as follows:

	Book value	Ownership	
	(THB million)	type	Obligation
- Land with 2 blocks of 4-storey commercial building.	0.43	Owner	None
Number 6,8 Sukhumvit Road, Tha Pradu, Mueang, Rayong			
- Land with 2 blocks of 4-storey commercial building.	6.78	Owner	None
Number 199/193-4, Moo 3, Nadi, Mueang Samut Sakhon,			
Samut Sakhon			
- Land with 3 blocks of a 3 and a half storey commercial buildings.	2.20	Owner	None
Number 9/7-9, Moo 5, Ban Khlong, Mueang Phitsanulok,			
Phitsanulok			
- Land with 2 blocks of 3 and a half storey commercial buildings.	8.57	Owner	None
Number 12/9-10, Moo 2, Nadi, Mueang Udon Thani, Udon Thani.			
- Land with 2 blocks of 3-storey commercial buildings.	6.66	Owner	None
Number 478/4-5, Moo 5, Rim Kok, Mueang Chiang Rai, Chiang Rai			
- Land with a 3-storey commercial building.	3.49	Owner	None
Number 108/7 Highway-Lampang-Ngao Road, Phrabat,			
Mueang Lampang, Lampang			
- Land with 2 blocks of 3-storey commercial buildings.	5.82	Owner	None
Number 161/7-8, Moo 5, Old Town, Mueang Khon Kaen, Khon Kaen			
- Land with 2 blocks of 3-storey commercial buildings.	5.18	Owner	None
Number 1444/23-24 Village Moo 13, Johor,			
Mueang Nakhon Ratchasima, Nakhon Ratchasima			
- Land with a 3-storey commercial building.	3.13	Owner	None
Number 111/4 Phithaksantirat Rd. Sibunruang, Mueang Mukdahan,			
Mukdahan			
- Land with a 2-storey commercial buildings.	2.59	Owner	None
Number 354/78 Suwannasorn Rd., Sa Kaeo, Mueang Sa Kaeo,			
Sa Kaeo			
- Land with 2 blocks of 3 and a half storey commercial buildings.	9.56	Owner	None
Number 941/18-19 Chayangkun Road, Nai Mueang,			
Mueang Ubon Ratchathani, Ubon Ratchathani			
- Land with 2 blocks of 3-storey commercial buildings.	7.15	Owner	None
Number 65/30-31, Moo 9, Pak Phraek, Mueang Kanchanaburi,			
Kanchanaburi			
- Land with 2 blocks of 4-storey commercial building.	8.00	Owner	None
Number 105/10-11, Moo 9, Wat Sai, Mueang Nakhon Sawan,			
Nakhon Sawan			

		Book value	Ownership	
		(THB million)	type	Obligation
	- Land with 3.5-storey commercial building.	11.92	Owner	None
	Number 161/60, Moo 4, Nong Pa Khrang, Mueang Chiang Mai,			
	Chiang Mai.			
	- Land with 2 blocks of 3-storey commercial building.	7.34	Owner	None
	Number 88/41-42, Moo 5, Kanchanawithi Road, Bang Kung,			
	Mueang Surat Thani, Surat Thani			
	- Land with 3-storey commercial building.	5.39	Owner	None
	Number 379/15, Moo 3, Nong Kham, Si Racha, Chonburi			
	- Land with 3-storey commercial building.	6.33	Owner	None
	Number 299/14 Moo 2, Sanambin-Lopburiramet Road,			
	Khuan Lang, Hat Yai, Songkhla			
2.	Vehicles	14.61	Owner	None
3.	3. Furnishings and office supplies		Owner	None
4.	Intangible assets	15.87	Owner	None
5.	Assets under installation	1.43	Owner	None
	Total	202.62		

Source : Consolidated financial statements of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited for the Year 2022 audited by certified public accountant.

In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries have entered into important contracts in business operations as follows:

 Lease Agreement, office decoration and service agreement for the Company's office located on the 24th floor of Sathorn City Tower, 175 South Sathorn Road, Thungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok.

Contract party : Sathorn City Tower Asset Management Fund by Bualuang Asset Management Company Limited (lessor) and the Company (lessee)

Space	:	1,568 Square meter
Period	:	From May 1, 2021 - April 30, 2024
Rental fee	:	May 1, 2021 - April 30, 2022 : 1,176,000.00 THB/month
		May 1, 2022 - April 30, 2023 : 1,191,680.00 THB/month
		May 1, 2023 - April 30, 2024 : 1,207,360.00 THB/month



 Lease Agreement, office decoration and service agreement for the Company's office located on the 25th floor of Sathorn City Tower, 175 South Sathorn Road, Thungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok

Contract party : Sathorn City Tower Asset Management Fund by Bualuang Asset Management Company Limited (lessor) and the Company (lessee)

Space : 1,218.94 Square meter

Period : November 1, 2022 - October 31, 2023

Rental fee : November 1, 2022 - October 31, 2023 : 975,152 THB/month

3) Lease Agreement, office decoration and service agreement for the Company's office located on the 9th floor of Panjapoom Tower 1, No. 127 South Sathorn Road, Thungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok.

Contract party:Panjamit Holding Company Limited (lessor) and Company (lessee)Space:570 Square meterPeriod:November 1, 2022 - October 31, 2023Rental fee:Fix 290,700.00 THB/month

- Lease Agreement, office decoration and service agreement for the Subsidiary's office located on the 10/1th floor of Sathorn City Tower, 175 South Sathorn Road, Thungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok
 - Contract party : Sathorn City Tower Asset Management Fund by Bualuang Asset Management Company Limited (lessor) and the Subsidiary (Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited) (lessee)

Space	:	488.71 Square meter
Period	:	May 1, 2021 - January 31, 2024
Rental fee	:	May 1, 2021 - April 30, 2022 : 366,532.50 THB/month
		May 1, 2022 - April 30, 2023 : 371,419.60 THB/month
		May 1, 2023 - April 30, 2024 : 376,306.70 THB/month

5) Lease Agreement, office decoration and service agreement for the Subsidiary's office located on the 10th floor of Sathorn City Tower, 175 South Sathorn Road, Thungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok

Contract party : Sathorn City Tower Asset Management Fund by Bualuang Asset Management Company Limited (lessor) and the Subsidiary (Bangkok Grand Pacific Lease Public Company Limited) (lessee)

Space	:	305.27 Square meter
Period	:	June 1, 2020 - October 31, 2023
Rental fee	:	June 1, 2020 - May 31, 2021 : 224,373.45 THB/month
		June 1, 2021 - May 31, 2022 : 228,952.50 THB/month
		June 1, 2022 - May 31, 2023 : 233,531.55 THB/month
		June 1, 2023 - October 31, 2023 : 244,216.00 THB/month

6) Lease Agreement, office decoration and service agreement for the Subsidiary's office located on the 25th floor of Sathorn City Tower, 175 South Sathorn Road, Thungmahamek, Sathorn, Bangkok

Contract party	:	Sathorn City Tower Asset Management Fund by Bualuang Asset Management
		Company Limited (lessor) and the Subsidiary (SK Insurance Broker Company
		Limited) (lessee)
Space	:	151.30 Square meter
Period	:	November 1, 2022 - October 31, 2023

Rental fee : November 1, 2022 - October 31, 2023 : 121,040.00 THB/month

7) Lease Agreement, office decoration and service agreement for the Company's hub located on the 6th floor, The Mall Shopping Center Building, Bang Khae Branch, No. 518, 518/1 Petchkasem Road, Bang Khae Nuea Subdistrict, Bang Khae District, Bangkok

Contract party : Thonburi Real Estate Company Limited (lessor) and the Company (lessee)

Space	:	84 Square meter
Period	:	December 1, 2022 - November 30, 2025
Rental fee	:	December 1, 2022 - November 30, 2023 : 33,600 THB/month
		December 1, 2023 - November 30, 2024 : 35,700 THB/month
		December 1, 2024 - November 30, 2025 : 37,800 THB/month

Supervision of subsidiaries and associated companies

- The appointment, dismissal, and performance review of the Company legal representative, who is appointed to Subsidiaries due to stake holding, shall be approved by the Company. The Company representative includes company promoter, authorized representative, director, supervisor and others.
- 2) To protect the Company's rights and interests, the company representative appointed by Company shall exercise authorities, fulfill duties, and observe the Company's instruction under the relevant laws and ordinances, articles of Incorporation, contract, ect.
- Subsidiaries shall pursue approval from the Company for matters regulated by the rule of "Subsidiaries' matters reserved for Holding Company".
- 4) Subsidiaries shall hold business review meeting (the Meeting) regularly and invite persons designated by the Company to attend the meeting. Minutes of the Meeting shall be submitted to Corporate Secretary for the Company's review.
- 5) Subsidiaries shall accept regular audits from the Company. The Company can also appoint an auditor to conduct extra audits on Subsidiaries at any time, whenever necessary.
- 6) Cohere with the rule of "Guideline of Managing Subsidiaries Performance Reports", Subsidiaries shall submit relevant reports and statements to the Company regularly or upon request.
- 7) The policies and procedures of Subsidiaries shall comply with the rule of "Guideline of Company Policies and Procedures Management" stipulated by the Company and shall be maintained and updated regularly.
- 8) When the continuity of business or the investment reason of Subsidiaries is vanished, the company-dissolving proposal or stake-selling project shall be submitted to Corporate Planning Department and subject to the approval of Board of Directors.



Attachment 5

Corporate Governance Policy and Code of Conduct

Anti-Corruption Policy

Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited ("The Company") and its subsidiary have the guidelines on doing the business with code of conduct according to the good corporate governance, and adhere to the social responsibility and all stakeholders. The Company has prepared an anti-corruption policy to define the responsibilities, practical guidelines, preventions and anti-corruption leading to the development of the sustainable organization. It has disclosed information to the public on the anti-corruption measures via the company's website www.ask.co.th and its e-Policy, which is the internal communication system of the Company.

Objectives

- 1. To show the intention and determination of the Company in all forms of anti-corruption.
- 2. To designate the guidelines for directors, management, including employees to acknowledge and practice in anti-corruption.

Scope

This policy is applicable with all the employees, which covers from directors, management and employees, regardless of the regular or temporary employees (collectively called "Employees") of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited and its subsidiary.

Definitions

"Corruption" means the abuse of authority to give, demand or receive the undue benefit for the interest of self, family or acquaintance except it is the case that is allowed by the law, rule, notice, regulation, custom and tradition or business practice so can be made. "Political Contributions" mean giving assets, rights or other benefits in any forms as help, support or other interests to a political party, politician or person related to politics, including giving to political activity, regardless of directly or indirectly.

Duties and Responsibilities

- Board of Directors has a duty and responsibility to determine the policy and oversee the establishment of the anti-corruption system with suitability and efficiency to ensure that the management prioritizes the Company's anti-corruption and promotes anti-corruption practice to become an organizational culture on the good corporate governance.
- 2. Audit committee has a duty and responsibility to review the Company's internal audit and risk management system to comply with the suitable anti-corruption guidelines, including may agree to assign an authority or hire a consultant to investigate corruption independently.
- Management has a duty and responsibility to promote and support the anti-corruption policy by communicating with employees and reviewing on suitability of the system and measures to be consistent with a changing business.
- 4. Internal audit department has a duty and responsibility to examine, review the operations to ensure that the Company has the suitable and sufficient control system to prevent the corruption risk, and also report to audit committee in case of unusual situation.

- 5. Head of Department has a duty and responsibility to determine the control system as well as promoting and supporting the anti-corruption policy in the responsible department to ensure that there is an efficient practice to prevent or mitigate the corruption risk.
- 6. Employees have a duty and responsibility to comply with the anti-corruption policy. If there is a doubt or encounter with the violation of this policy, employees shall notify superiors for acknowledgement or the channel specified in this policy immediately.

Practical Guidelines

The directors, the management and all the employees of the Company and its subsidiary have to comply with the anti-corruption policy and the Company's code of conduct by not participating in all forms of corruption, regardless of directly or indirectly. The Company prioritizes the prevention of corruption and exploit of undue benefit for themselves or others as follows:

1. Giving or receiving a Gift or Entertainment

- 1.1 The employees are prohibited to demand, offer, receive, or give a gift, entertainment or other benefits in form of money or other kind from/to the business participants as a bribe except receiving or giving a gift according to festive occasions or traditional norm which may not affect the recipient's business decision-making.
- 1.2 In case that an employee has received a gift according to festive occasion or traditional norm exceeding the normal value from business participants, he/she shall report to the hierarchical superior.

2. Political Contributions, Charity Donation and Sponsorship

2.1 Political Contributions

The Company has the policy to maintain neutrality in politics by not taking any actions which show loyalty towards any particular parties as the following employee practices:

- (1) The employees should exercise their rights as good citizen in accordance with the constitution law and other relevant laws.
- (2) The employees have personal rights to attend political activity during non working hours, but shall not claim as the Company's employees or participation on behalf of the Company.
- (3) The employees are prohibited to attend any activity that may cause misunderstanding that the Company has involved or given Political Contributions or showed loyalty towards any particular parties.
- (4) The employees are prohibited to use any assets, equipment or tools of the Company for a Political Contributions.
- 2.2 Giving a Charity Donation
 - 2.2.1 Giving a charity donation shall be made on behalf of the Company to any reliable organization with the objective to benefit the society.
 - 2.2.2 Giving a charity donation must be proceeded with evidence and transparency through verification and approval procedure according to the Company's policy and legal.
 - 2.2.3 The evidence for charity donation must be kept for later audit.



2.3 Sponsorship

- 2.3.1 Giving sponsorship, regardless of money, object or asset to any activity or project to promote business or good image of the Company's and its subsidiary, shall be proceeded with transparency through verification and approval procedure according to the Company's policy and legal.
- 2.3.2 Giving sponsorship must be proceeded with evidence and stored evidence for inspection later.

3. Control of Corruption

- 3.1 The Company provides appropriate segregation of duty, in order to prevent one individual to be responsible from the beginning to the end of process with proper job assignment authorized by the hierarchy.
- 3.2 The Company provides appropriate job rotation to the employees who continue one position for long time to avoid corruption risk.
- 3.3 The Company ensures that all the employees understand the Company's code of conduct and providing with training of the anti-corruption policy and practical guidelines, including other training related to the anti-corruption, if necessary.
- 3.4 The Company prepares a whistle blowing procedure to report suspect information of corruption or action that breaches the policy with accuracy, convenience, and safe for the employees and outsiders.
- 3.5 The Company encourages employees to report corruption allegation in good faith, not for personal gain which may lead to disciplinary action.

4. Complaint and Measures on Protection of Evidence and Complainant

- 4.1 In case there is doubt or encountering an offence that may fall into the violation of this policy, the employee has to report to the superior promptly, or report via the channel according to the "whistle blowing policy."
- 4.2 The Company shall give fairness and protection to the employee who reports suspect information of corruption by using the protection measures for the complainant, or giving cooperation on the report of the corruption as specified in the policy on whistle blowing.
- 4.3 When receiving a suspected report of corruption, the Company shall immediately prevent evidence from theft, change or destruction by moving the evidence to a safe place, limiting the right to access the evidence-storing place, etc. To terminate the security guarding, the evidence shall be kept with sufficient security until the internal audit concludes the result.
- 4.4 All participants shall keep the details and the results of the investigation confidential, and be prohibited from disclosing the information to unauthorized persons.

5. Human Resources (HR)

- 5.1 The Company has designated the anti-corruption policy as part of the human resources (HR) management covering the process on recruitment, training, performance evaluation, compensation and promotion, which reflect the Company's intention towards the anti- corruption.
- 5.2 The Company has assured that there will be none of its employees be demoted, punished or given a negative result to those who refuse corruption, although it may cause the Company to lose the business opportunity.

6. Violation of the Policy

6.1 The Company shall punish the employee who violates this policy, in which the punishment shall comply with the rules on the discipline of the Company and/or the relevant law.

7. Assessment of the Risk from Corruption

- 7.1 The Company has provided the preventive and control measures for the corruption risk to comply with business ethic and good corporate governance.
- 7.2 The Company has an independent internal audit department to assess the corruption risk and report directly to the audit committee.

8. Monitoring and Reviewing of the Anti-Corruption Policy

- 8.1 The company shall review the compliance with anti-corruption policy periodically.
- 8.2 The company shall review the anti-corruption policy, practical guidelines and other policies to be consistent with the change of business, rules, regulations and legal requirements.
- 9. In case there is a doubt on the anti-corruption policy, the employees shall contact for advice from the superior or the human resources (HR)



Attachment 6



Report of the Audit Committee

AUDIT COMMITTEE'S REPORT

To Shareholders,

The Audit Committee of Asia Sermkij Leasing Public Company Limited consists of four independent and non-executive directors whose qualifications are appropriate and in compliance with the regulations stipulated by the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. In the year 2022, the attendance record of each member of the Audit Committee is as follows:

Name	Position	Attendance Record / Total Meeting	
1. Mr.Pradit Sawattananond	Chairman of the Audit Committee	4/4	
2. Mr.Anant Svattananon	Audit Committee Member	4/4	
3. Dr.Supriya Kuandachakupt	Audit Committee Member	4/4	
4. Mr.Kasem Akanesuwan	Audit Committee Member	4/4	

Whereby Vice President of Internal Audit Department serves as the Secretary of the Audit Committee.

During the year 2022, the Audit Committee held 4 meetings with the Company's management, the internal auditors and the external auditors for discussion of the related agenda, including one nonmanagement meeting with the external auditors in order to enhance good corporate governance and transparency of the Company's financial statements.

The Audit Committee completely performed duties as designated by the Board of Directors and specified in the Audit Committee Charter in accordance with the terms and the best practices for Audit Committees of the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The Audit Committee has conducted the activities on the following key topics:

1. Financial Statements

Review of the consolidated quarterly and annual financial statements with the external auditors and the related management by considering the accounting information, compliance with accounting standards and regulatory requirements and internal control in the preparation process of the financial statements. The review concluded that the financial statements were prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles and the disclosure of information was adequate, accurate, reliable, and timely.

2. Internal Control System

Review of the internal control system with the internal auditors and the external auditors to assess its sufficiency and effectiveness with the aim to prevent all possible risks. The Audit Committee reviewed the internal control assessment for the year 2022 with the Assessment Form of Sufficiency of Internal Control System prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The review concluded that there were no significant flaws from the operation and the Company's internal control system was sufficient, effective and in compliance with the SEC's requirements.



Review of the Company's operations to ensure that they were in compliance with the Securities and Exchange Acts and the Stock Exchange of Thailand's regulations and laws relating to the Company's business. The review concluded that the Company's operations were in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations.

4. Nomination of External Auditor

Consideration of the selection, nomination, and remuneration of the Company's external auditors in order to propose to the Board of Directors for approval in the Shareholders' meeting including non – audit services of the office related to the Company's external auditors. With regard to the past performance, independence, and the appropriate remuneration, the Audit Committee nominated EY Office Company Limited as the Company's external auditors for the year 2023. The Audit Committee concluded that the external auditors performed their duties professionally and independently. In addition, the external auditors have no relations with the Company and its subsidiary.

5. Connected Transactions

Review of the connected transactions or those which may cause conflict of interest, including the reasoning, transparency and completeness of the Company's disclosure of such information, to ensure that they were in compliance with the laws and regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Securities and Exchange Commission. The review concluded that they were consistent with the normal business practices, all the required regulations, reasoning and the best interest of the Company.

6. Internal Audit

Approval of the internal audit plan for the year 2023 with emphasis on a risk-based audit approach for each business function, review of the internal audit activities, resources and manpower, and suggest and follow-up the improvement of audit items from the Internal Audit Department. The management concerned was invited to explain the result of the corrective action. The Audit Committee concluded that the internal audit practices were independent, appropriate, effective and contributive to the Company's good internal control, risk management, and corporate governance.

7. Risk Management

Review and evaluation of the Company's risk management process as well as giving recommendations on the improvement of the efficiency and effectiveness of the Company's risk management system according to the Company's risk management policy.

8. Major Shareholder's Audit

Acknowledgment of the annual audit report prepared by the internal auditors of Chailease Group, the Company's major shareholder, and followed-up of their suggestions on the improvement of the significant issues on a quarterly basis.

9. Self Assessment

Conduct of the self assessment on the audit committee in accordance with the guidelines of the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The Audit Committee had the opinion that its practices were in compliance with such guidelines with the effective enhancement of the Company's good corporate governance.





Consideration and review of the Company's Self-Evaluation Tool for Countering Bribery as required by the Institute of Directors (IOD) in order to send to CAC Committee for the Re-Certification process.

In addition, the Company has obtained the Re- Certification of membership from CAC Committee for 3 years since September 30, 2020.

In conclusion, the Audit Committee performed its duties with prudence and independence, and provided straightforward comments based on transparency and good governance. The Audit Committee concluded that the Company's financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles with adequate disclosure. The connected transactions, which may cause conflict of interest, were reasonable and consistent with the normal business practices. The overall internal control, internal audit, and risk management systems were adequate and effective. Furthermore, the Company's endeavor to conduct the operations transparently and ethically in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations and the principles of good corporate governance will create the confidence to the shareholders, investors and all parties concerned.

(Mr. Pradit Sawattananond)

Chairman of the Audit Committee



Service with Passion

Modesty leads to Harmony Honesty builds Creditability



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